

# Measurement of the $\Lambda_c^+$ lifetime at Belle II

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The University of Mississippi

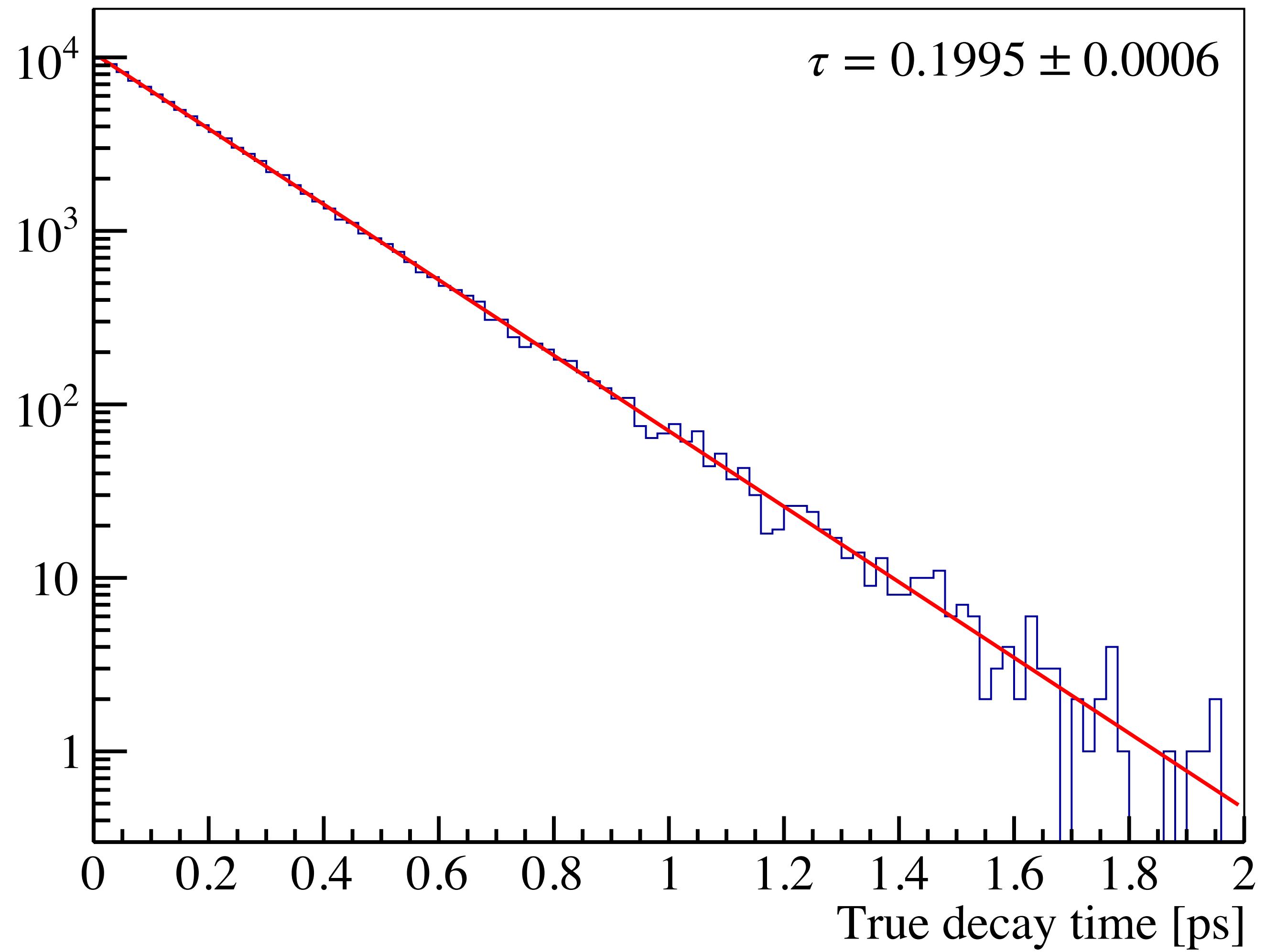


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# Fit to true flight time

- Simple fit to an exponential function
  - Consistent with expected 200 fs



# Lifetime fit

- Unbinned maximum-likelihood fit to the 2D distribution of decay time ( $t$ ) and decay-time uncertainty ( $\sigma_t$ ):

$$pdf(t, \sigma_t | \tau, \mu, f, s, s_{wide}) \propto \int_0^{\inf} e^{-t_{true}/\tau} R(t - t_{true} | \sigma_t, \mu, f, s, s_{wide}) dt_{true} pdf(\sigma_t)$$

$$R(t - t_{true} | \sigma_t, \mu, f, s, s_{wide}) = (1 - f)G(t - t_{true} | \mu, s, \sigma_t) + f G(t - t_{true} | \mu, s_{wide}, \sigma_t)$$

Proper time scaling error 
  
Common bias 

- CLEO method:

$$L(\tau_{\Lambda_c^+}, f_{bg}, \tau_{bg}, S, f_{mis}, \sigma_{mis}, f_{wide}) = \prod_i \int_0^{\infty} dt' \left[ \underbrace{p_{sig,i} E(t' | \tau_{\Lambda_c^+})}_{\text{signal fraction}} + \underbrace{(1 - p_{sig,i}) [f_{bg} E(t' | \tau_{bg}) + (1 - f_{bg}) \delta(t')]}_{\text{background fraction}} \right]$$

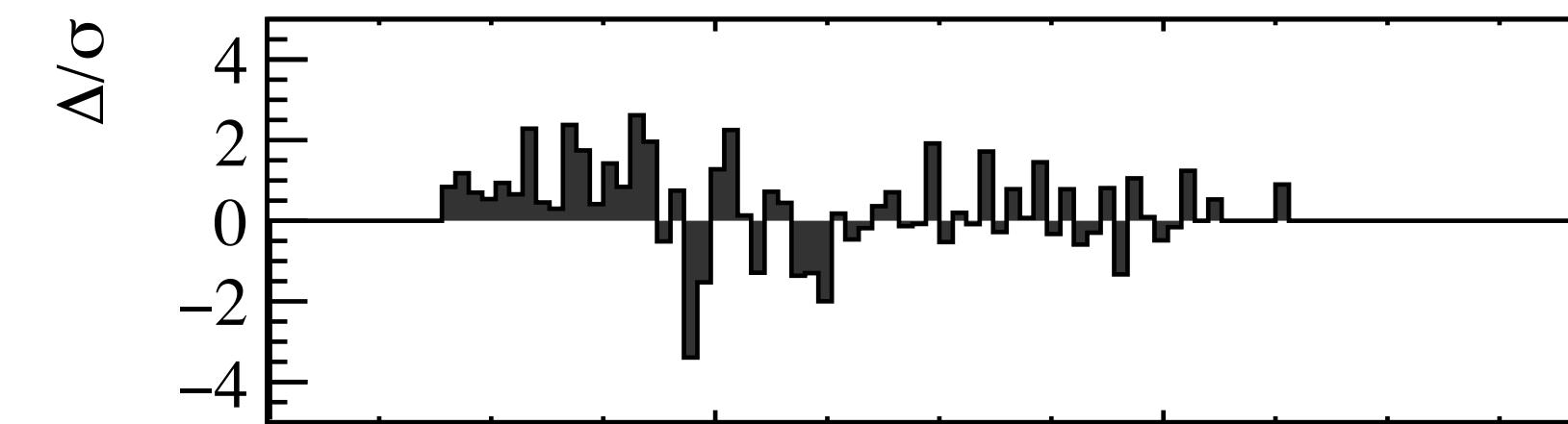
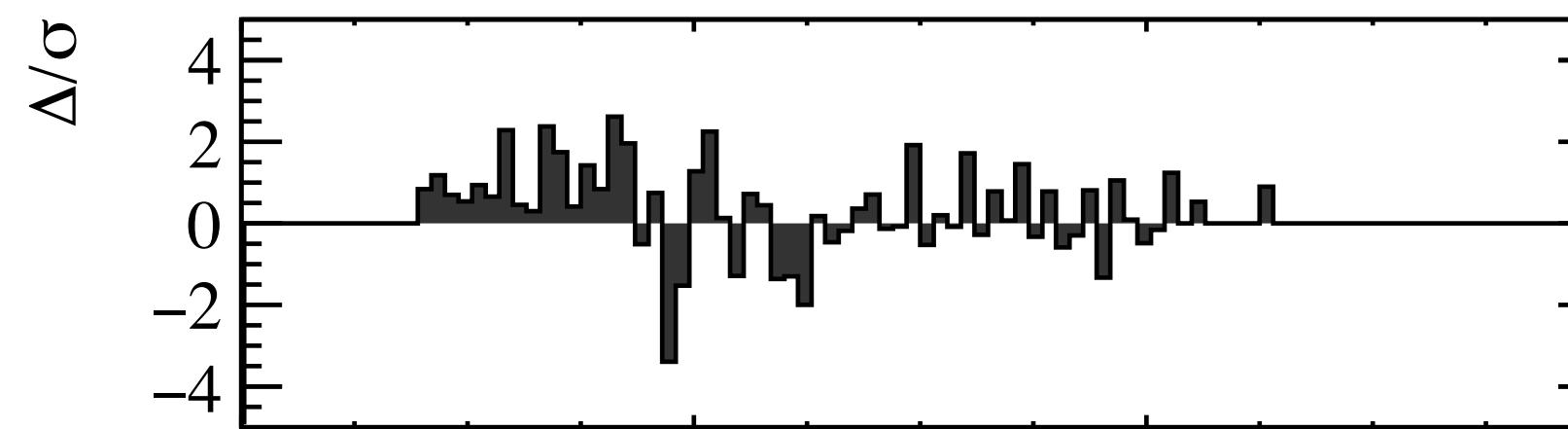
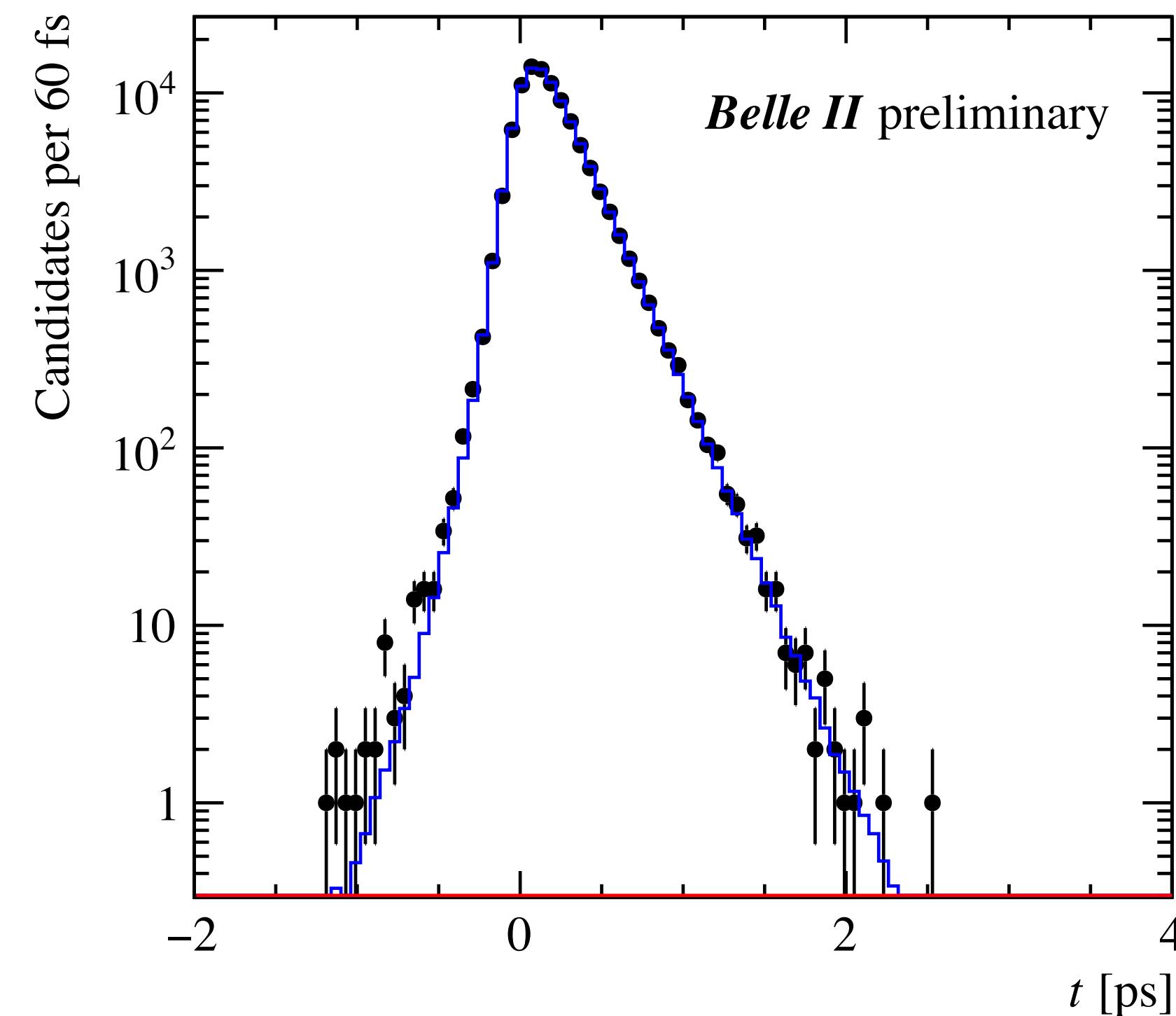
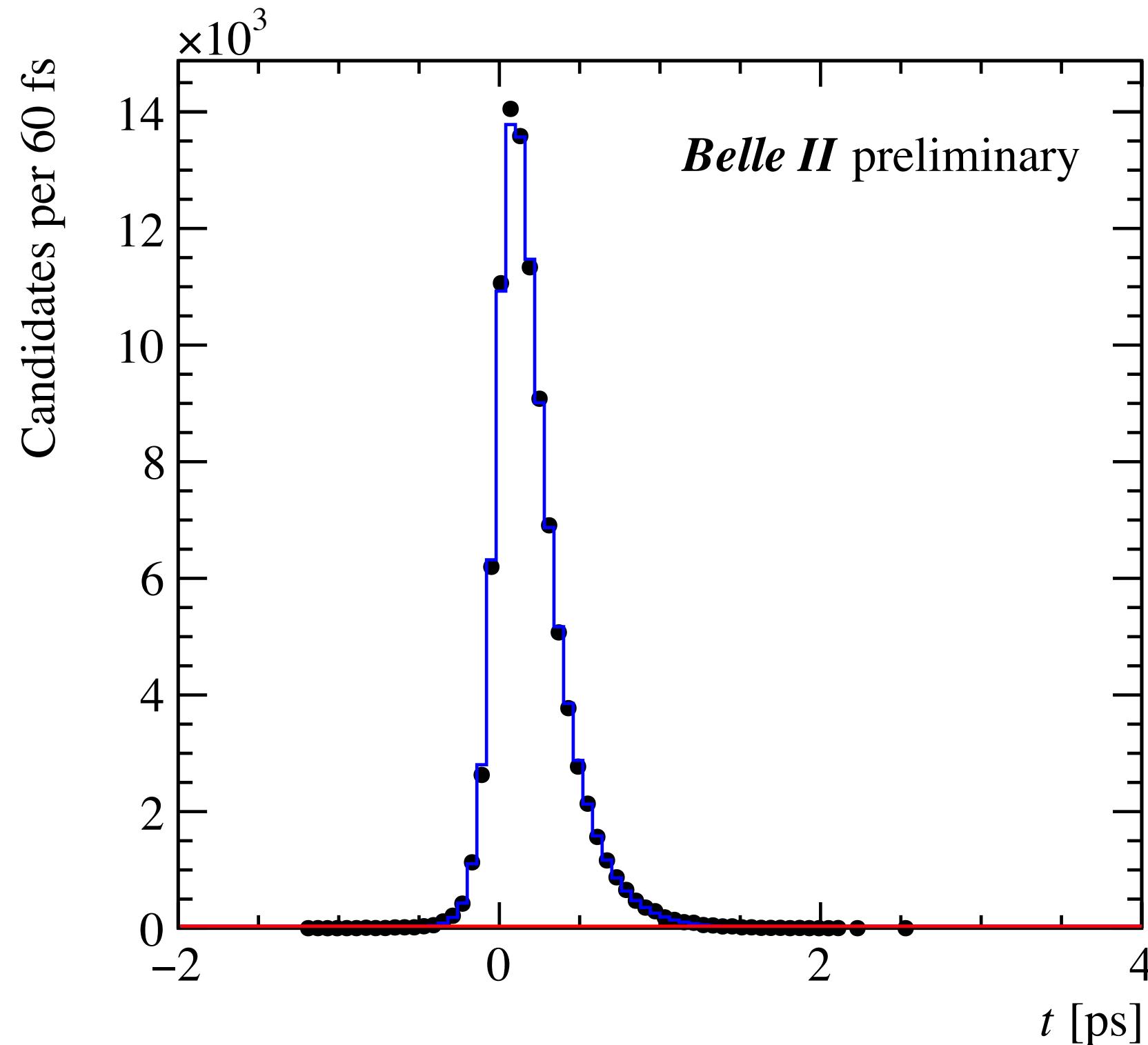
$$\times \left[ \underbrace{(1 - f_{mis} - f_{wide}) G(t_i - t' | S\sigma_{t,i})}_{\text{proper time resolution}} \right.$$

$$\left. + \underbrace{f_{mis} G(t_i - t' | \sigma_{mis}) + f_{wide} G(t_i - t' | \sigma_{wide})}_{\text{mismeasured fraction}} \right],$$

# Signal only fit

$$pdf(t, \sigma_t | \tau, \mu, f, s, s_{wide})$$

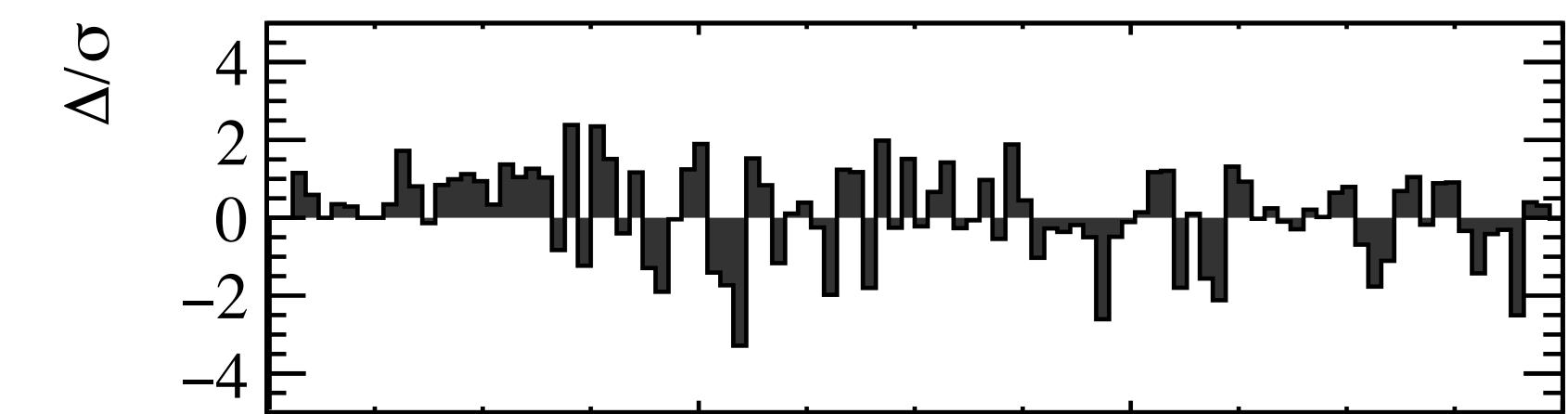
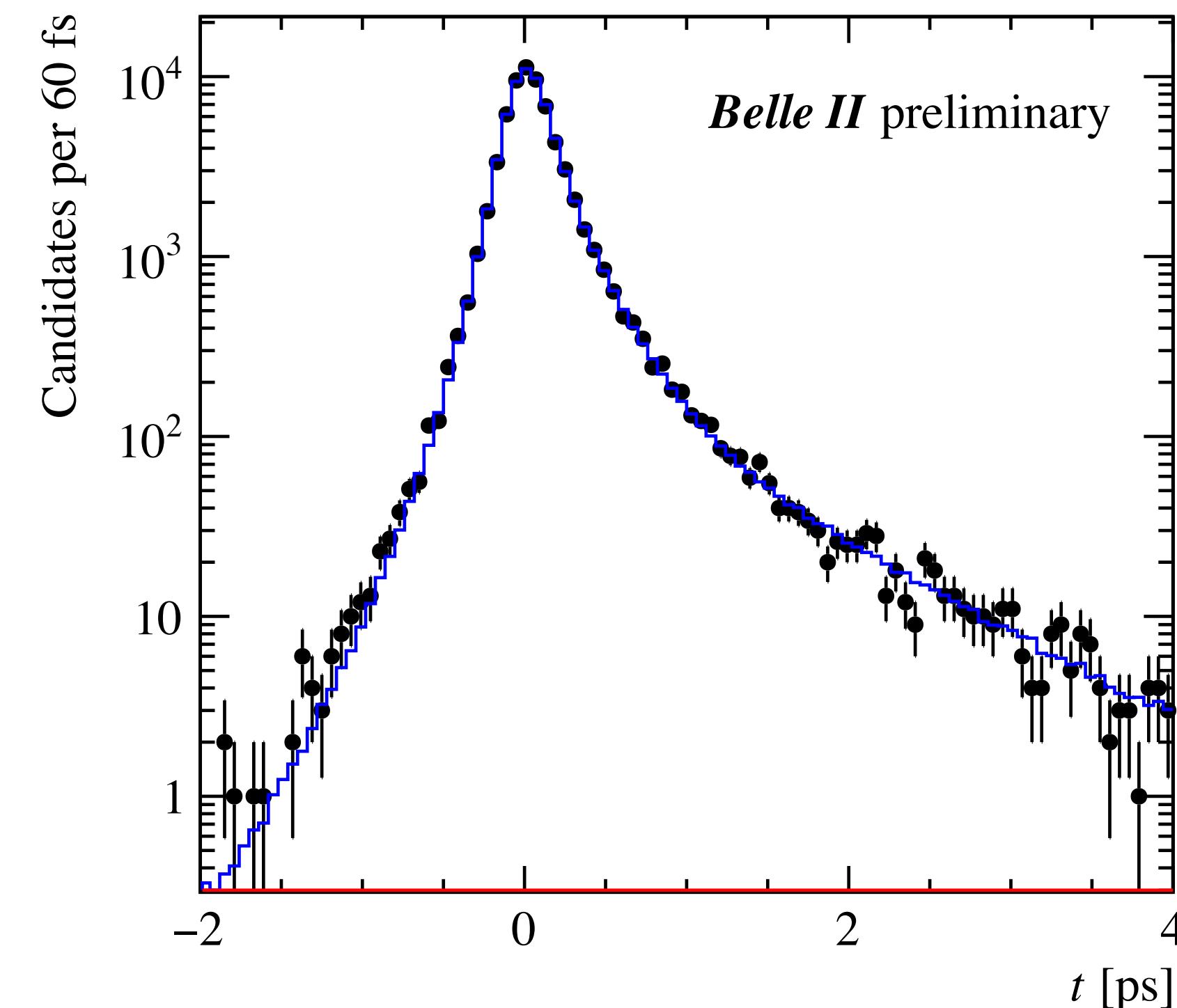
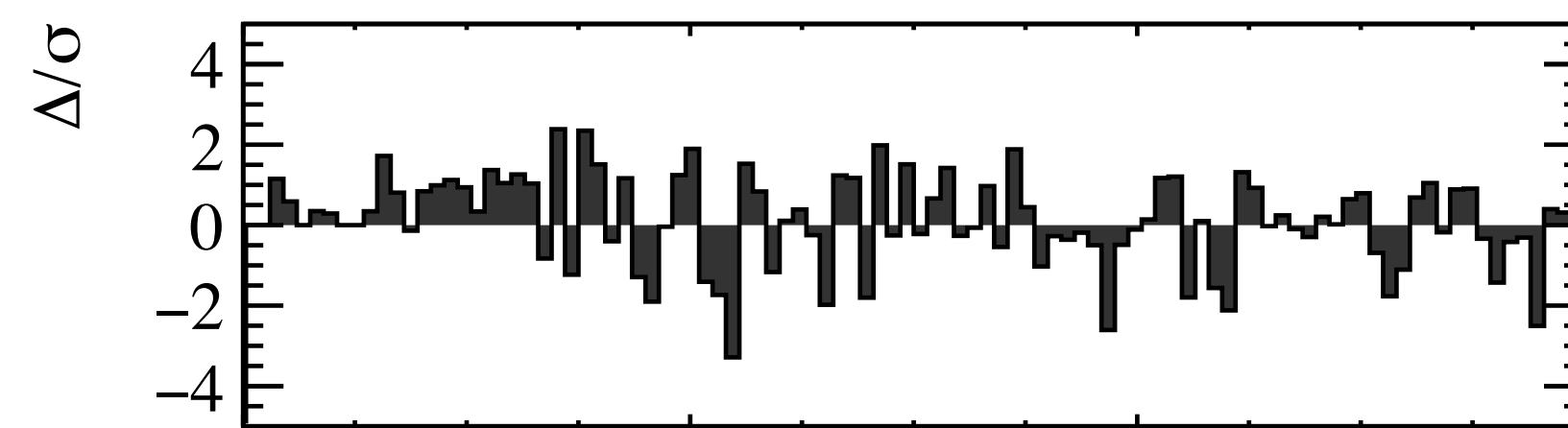
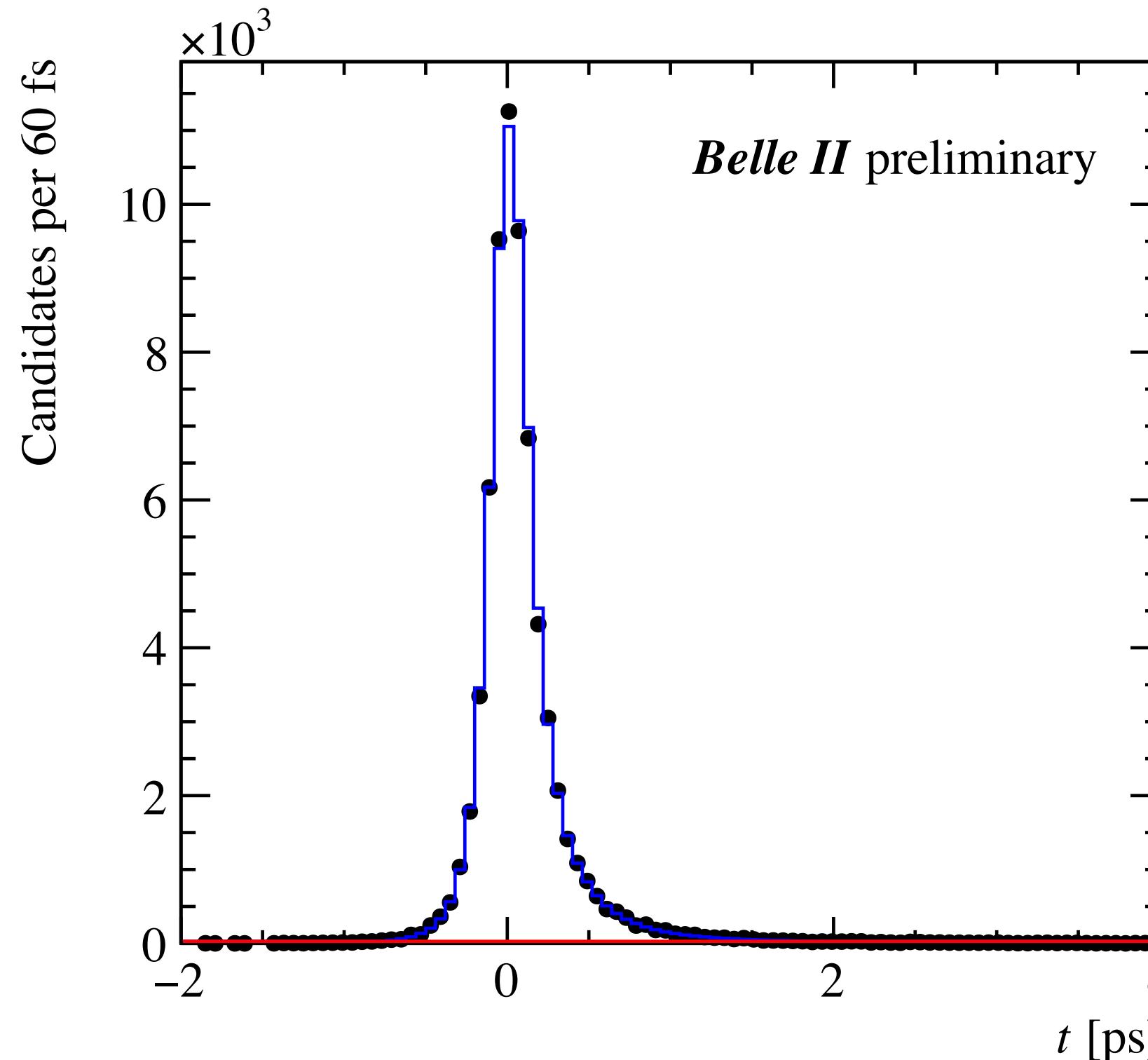
$$R(t - t_{true} | \sigma_t, \mu, f, s, s_{wide}) = (1 - f)G(t - t_{true} | \mu, s, \sigma_t) + f G(t - t_{true} | \mu, s_{wide}, \sigma_t)$$



$$\begin{aligned}\tau &= 0.1975 \pm 0.0010 \\ \mu &= 0.0012 \pm 0.0007 \\ s &= 0.976 \pm 0.031 \\ s_{wide} &= 2.634 \pm 1.859 \\ f &= 0.993 \pm 0.020\end{aligned}$$

# Lifetime fit to sidebands (background component to fit)

$$pdf(bkg) = f_\tau [f_{\tau_1} pdf(t, \sigma_t | \tau_{bkg1}, \mu, f, s, s_{wide}) - (1 - f_{\tau_1}) pdf(t, \sigma_t | \tau_{bkg2}, \mu, f, s, s_{wide})] + (1 - f_\tau) R(\sigma, \mu, f, s, s_{wide}) pdf(\sigma_t)$$



$$\tau_{bkg1} = 0.887 \pm 0.051$$

$$\tau_{bkg2} = 0.221 \pm 0.010$$

$$\mu = 0.0053 \pm 0.0010$$

$$s = 1.024 \pm 0.007$$

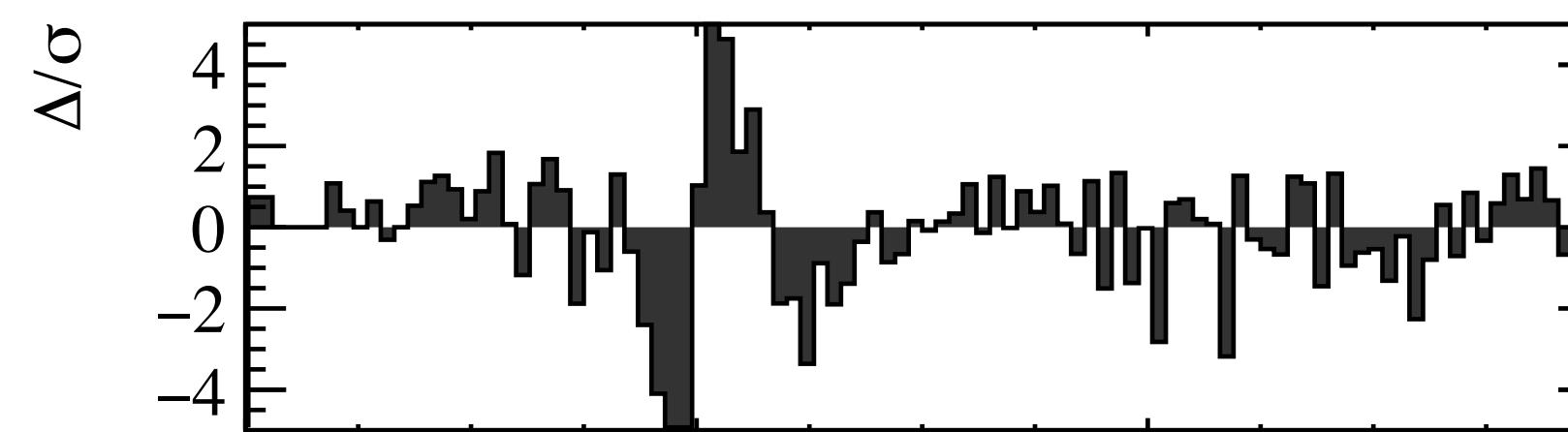
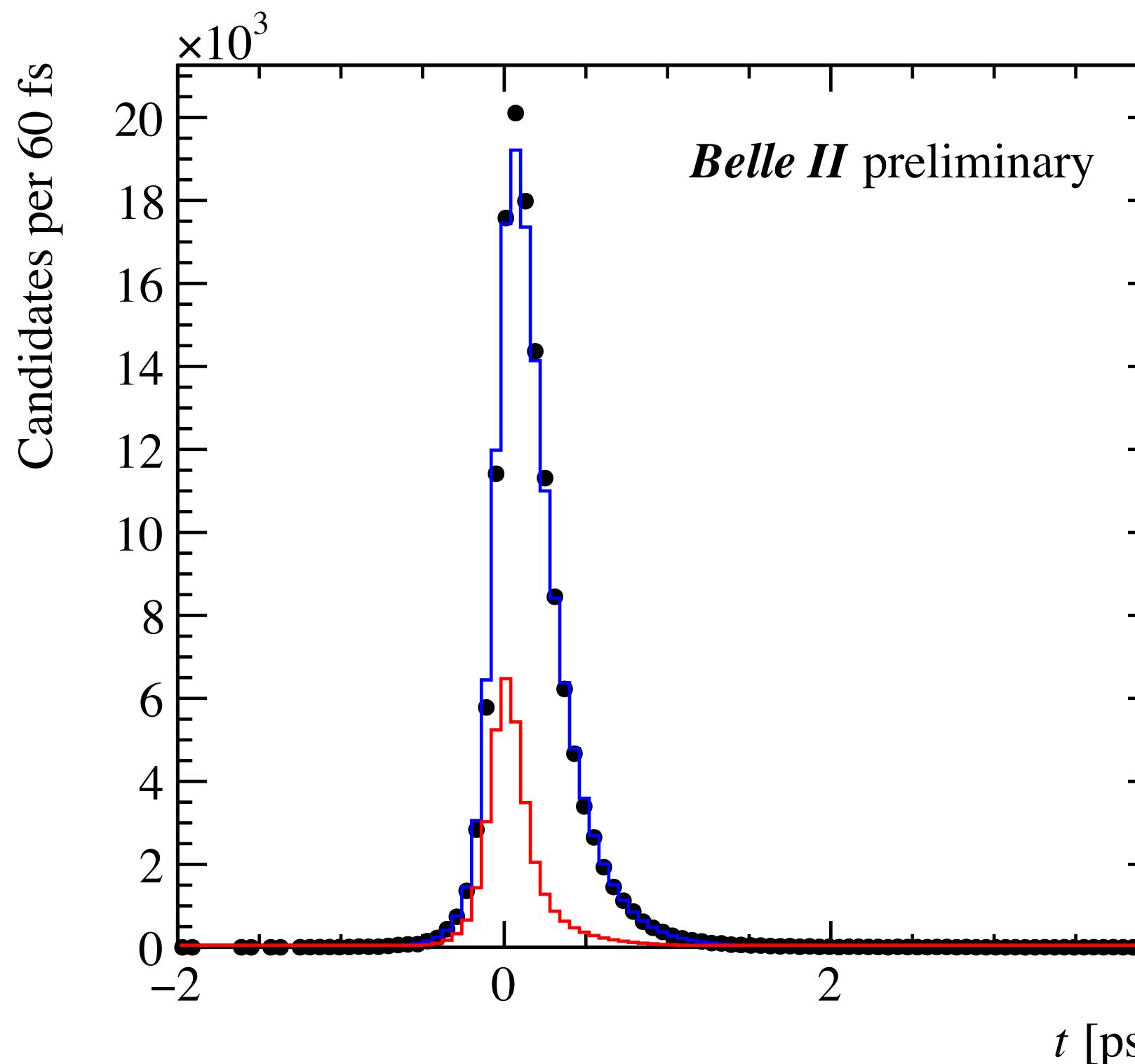
$$s_{wide} = 2.246 \pm 0.078$$

$$f_\tau = 0.258 \pm 0.008$$

$$f_{\tau_1} = 0.196 \pm 0.017$$

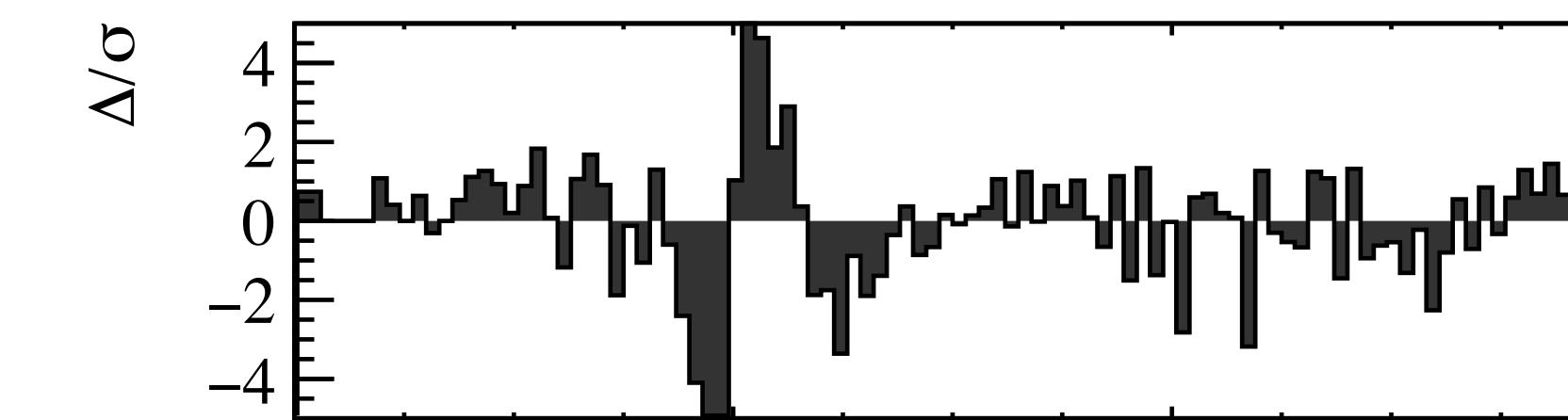
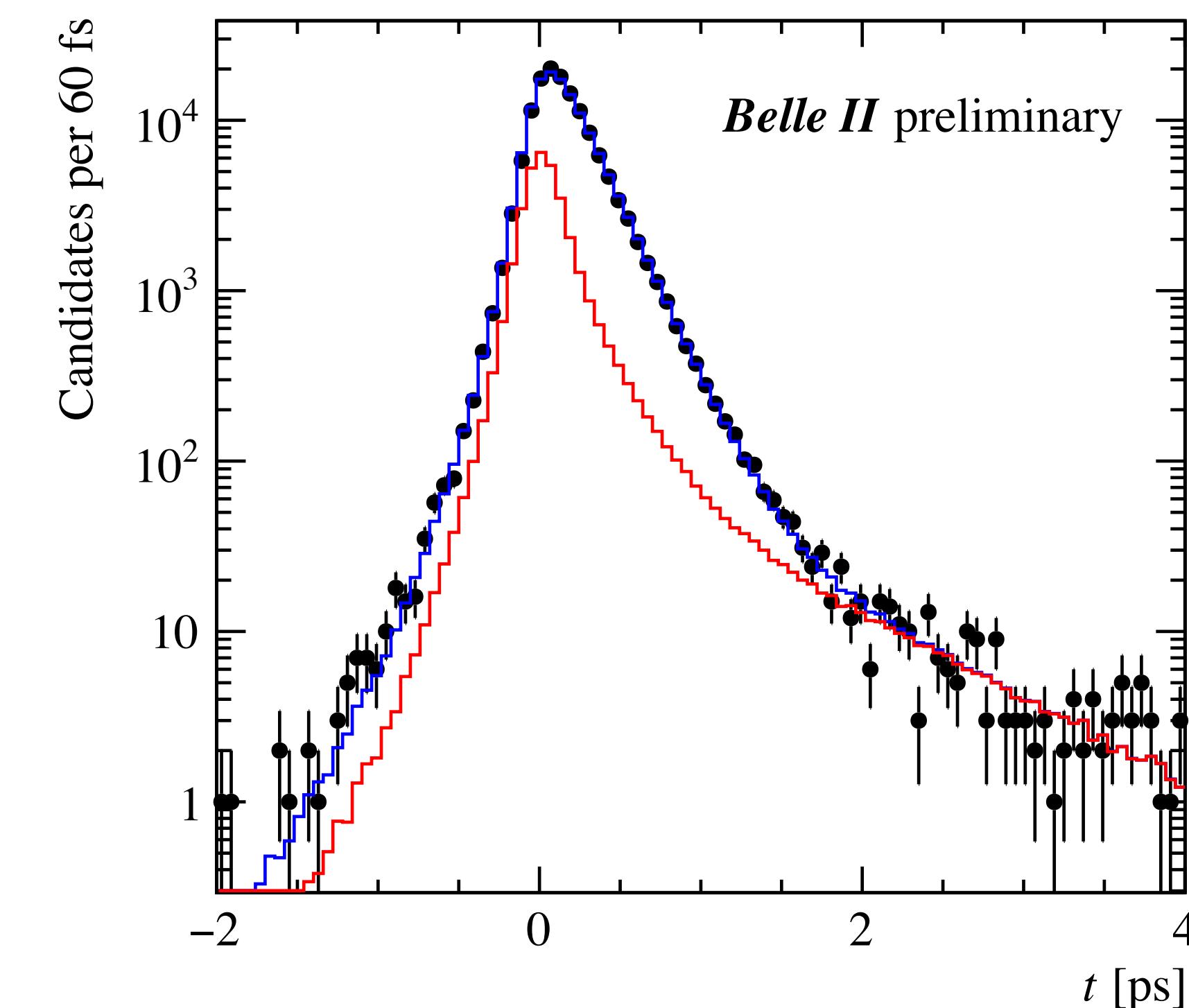
$$f = 0.934 \pm 0.007$$

# Lifetime fit



$(1 - f_{bkg}) \times pdf(t, \sigma_t | \tau, \mu, f, s, s_{wide}) + f_{bkg} \times pdf(bkg)$

Fixed from fit to sidebands



$$f_{bkg} = 0.2482 \text{ (fixed)}$$

$$\tau = 0.1948 \pm 0.0007$$

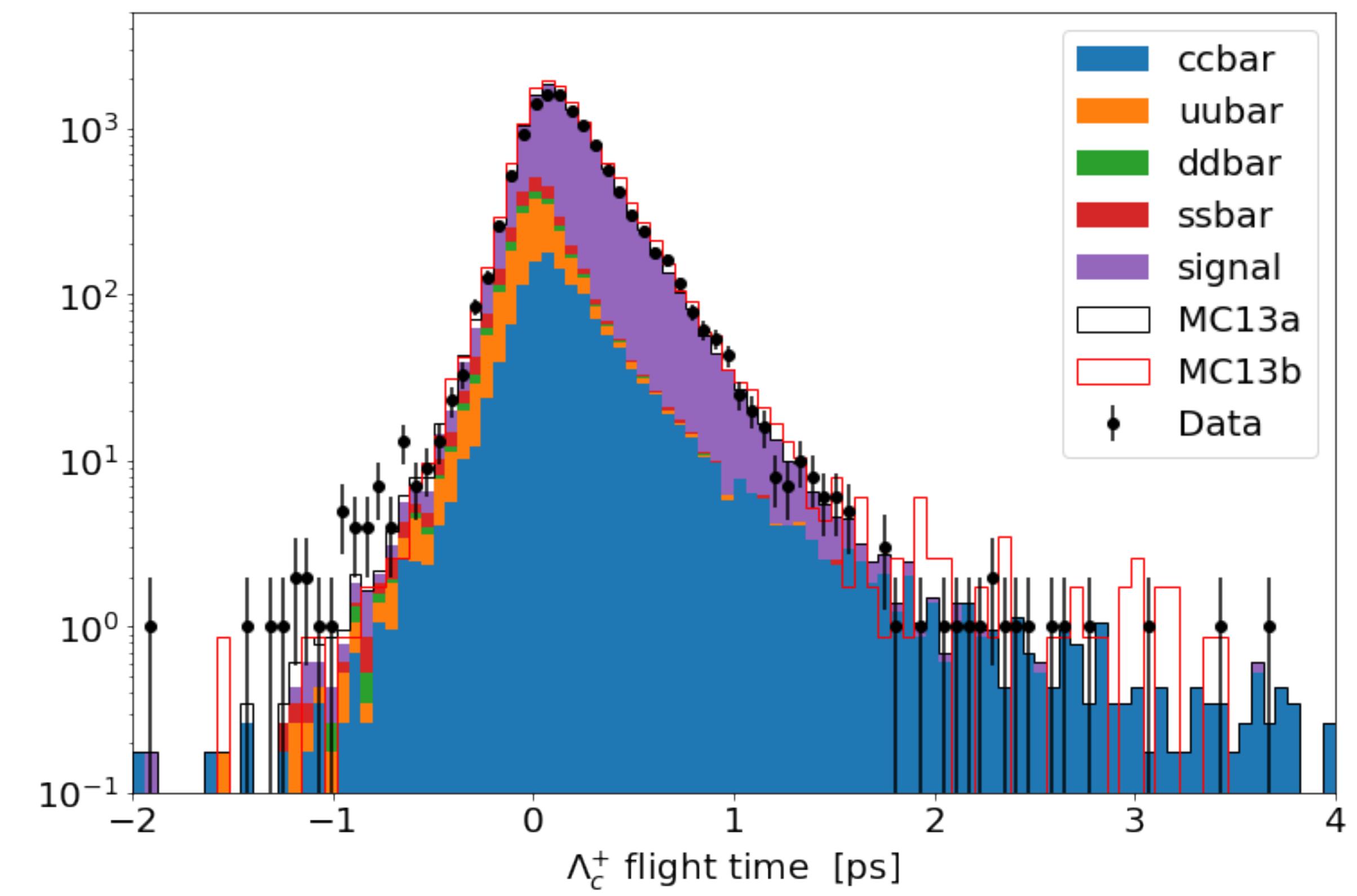
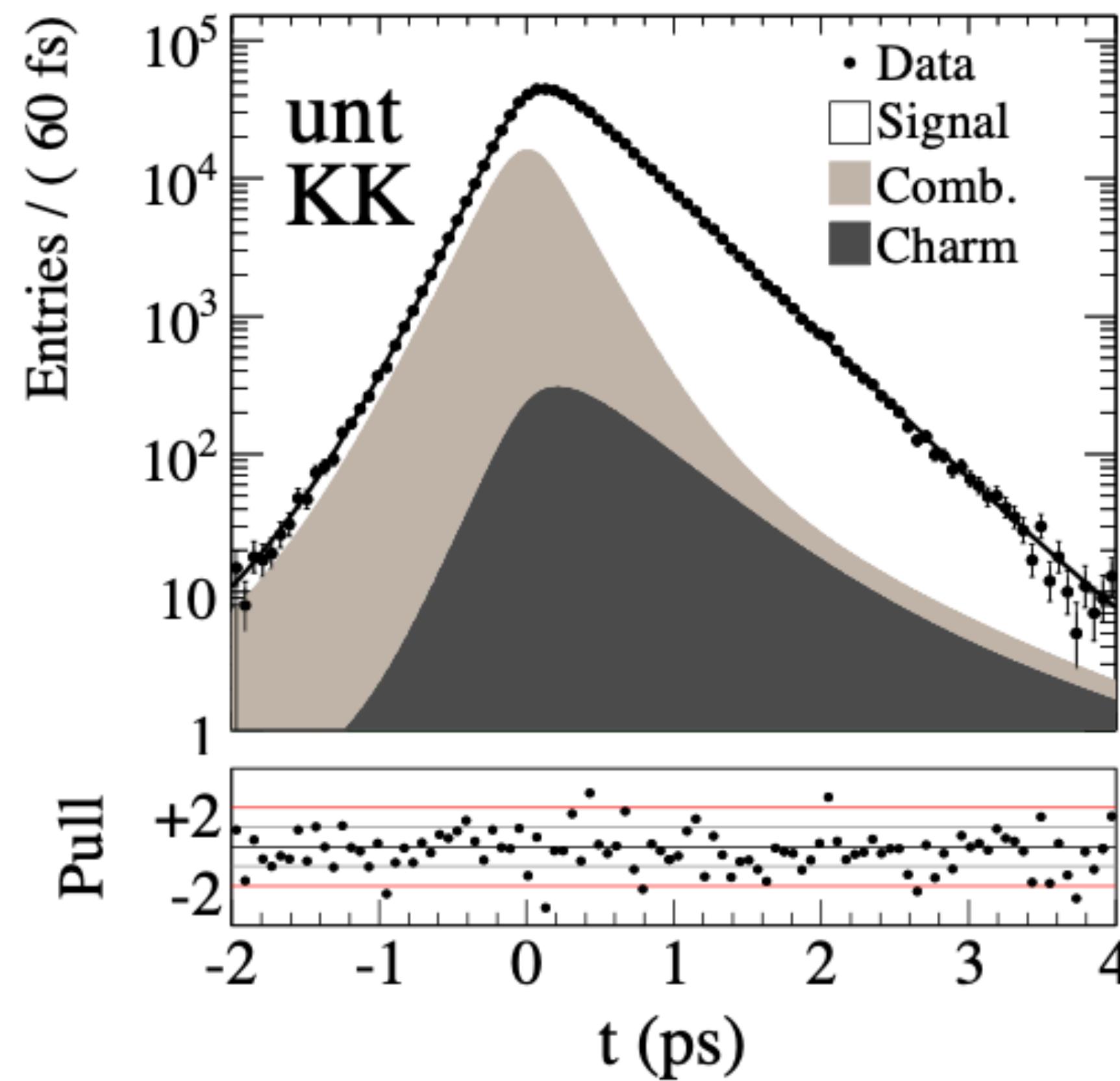
$$\tau_{true} = 0.200$$

$$LHCb, \tau = 203.5 \pm 1.0 \pm 1.3 \pm 1.4 \text{ fs}$$

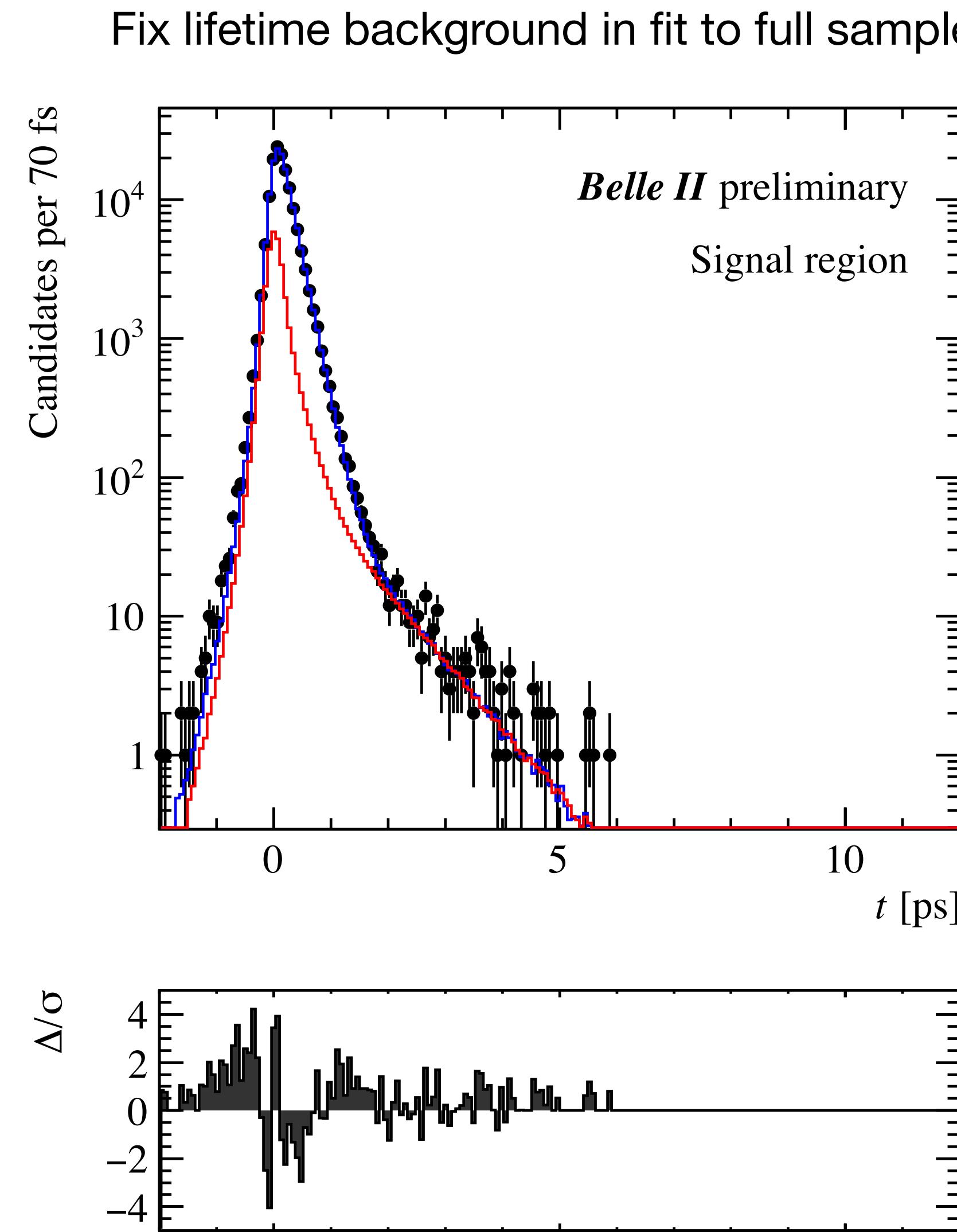
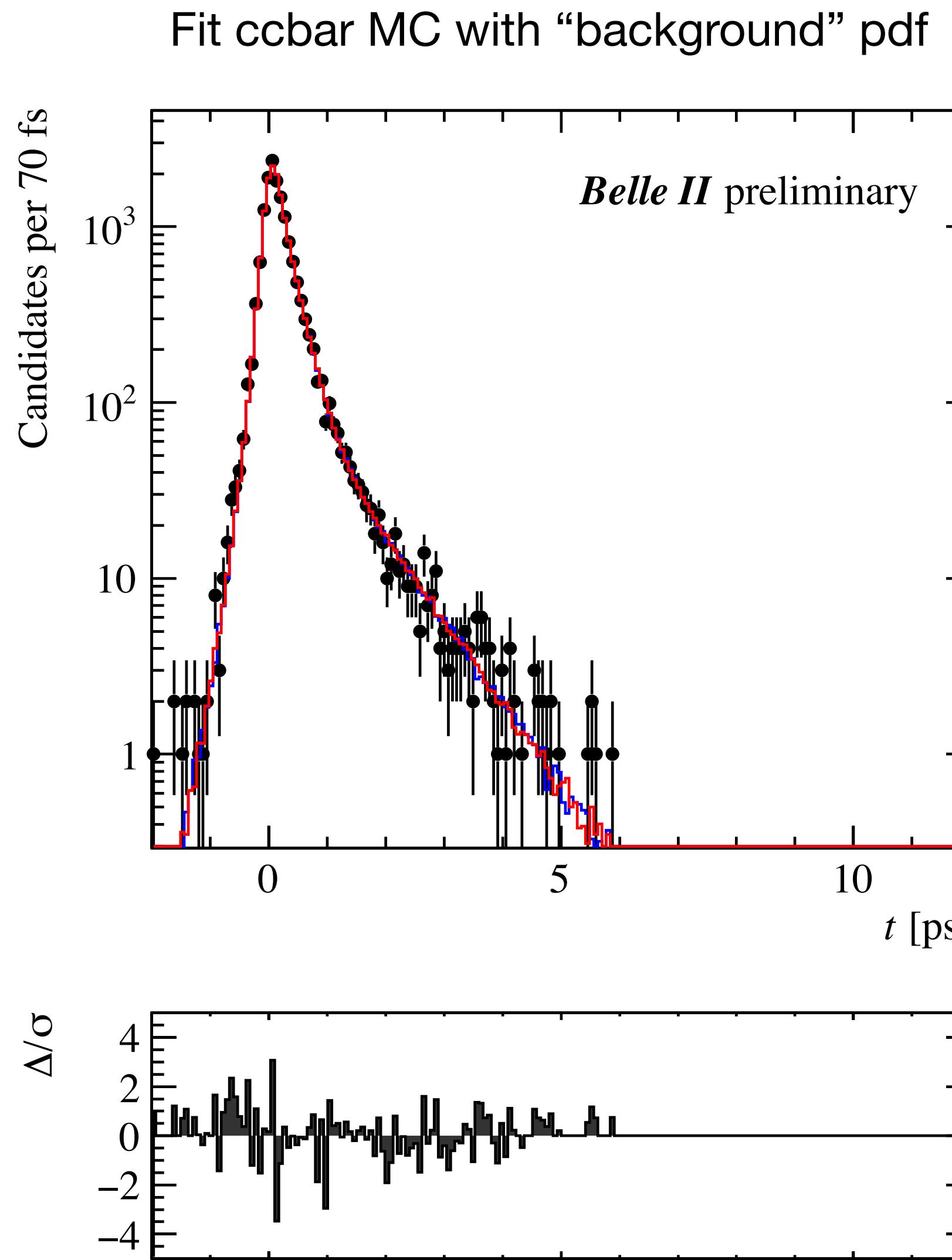
$$CLEO, \tau = 179.6 \pm 6.9 \pm 4.4 \text{ fs}$$

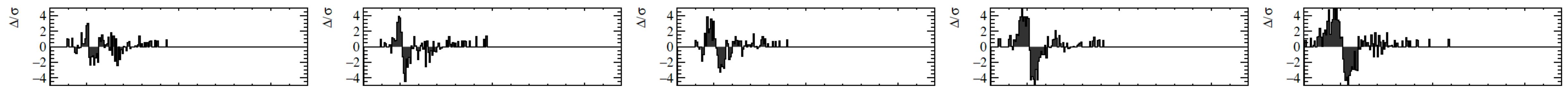
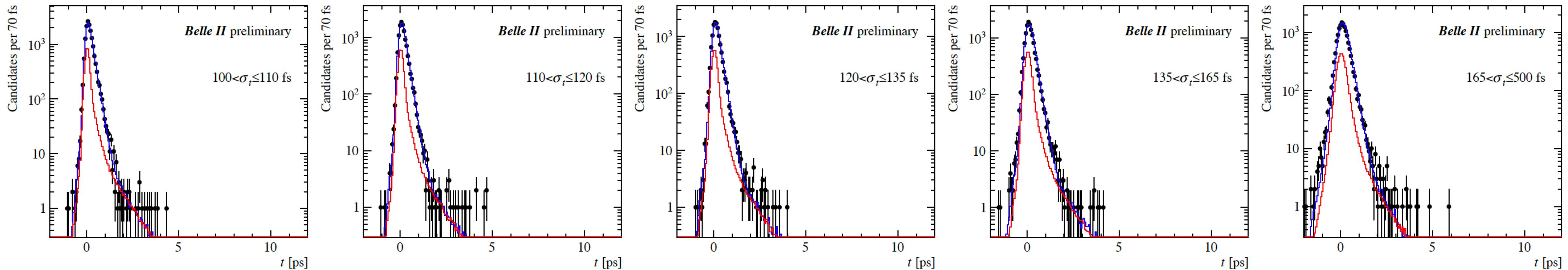
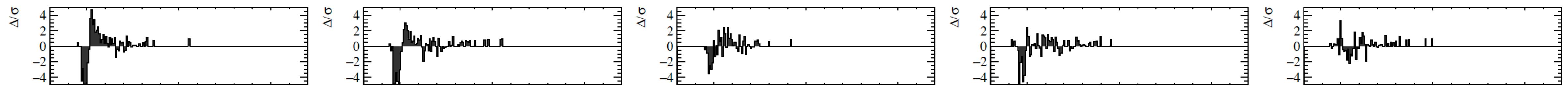
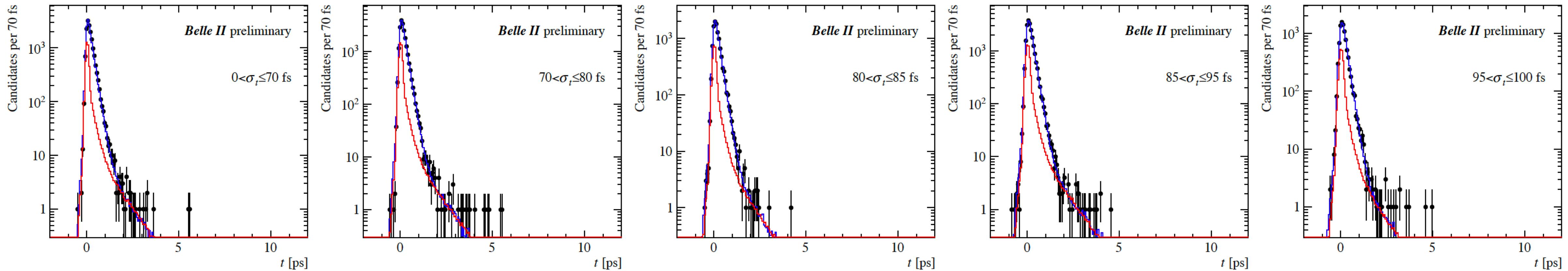
# Next attempt

- Use a similar technique to yCP measurement at BaBar:
  - Fit MC-tagged charm backgrounds
  - Fix charm-related pdf and extract combinatorial backgrounds with weighted average from sideband fits



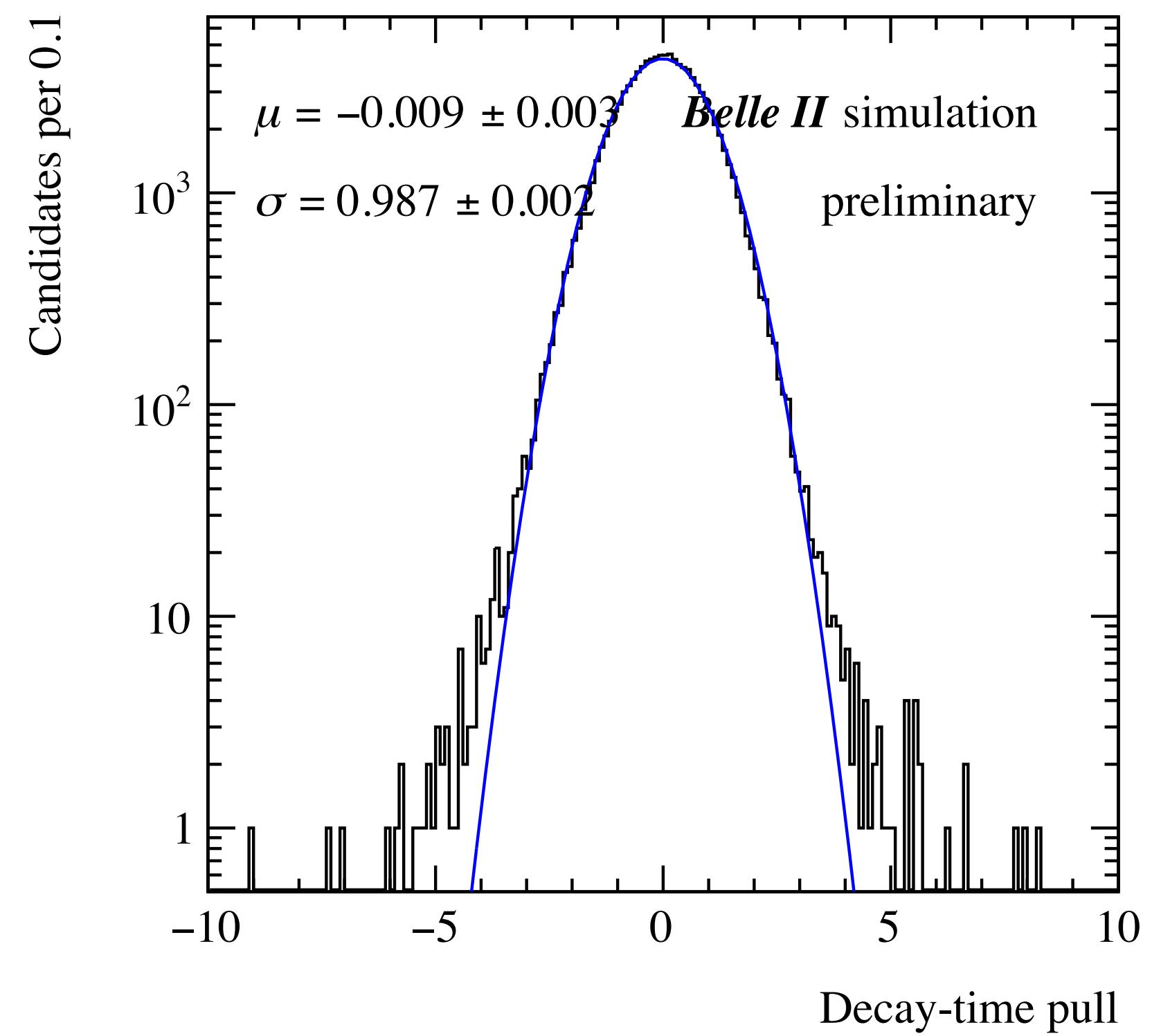
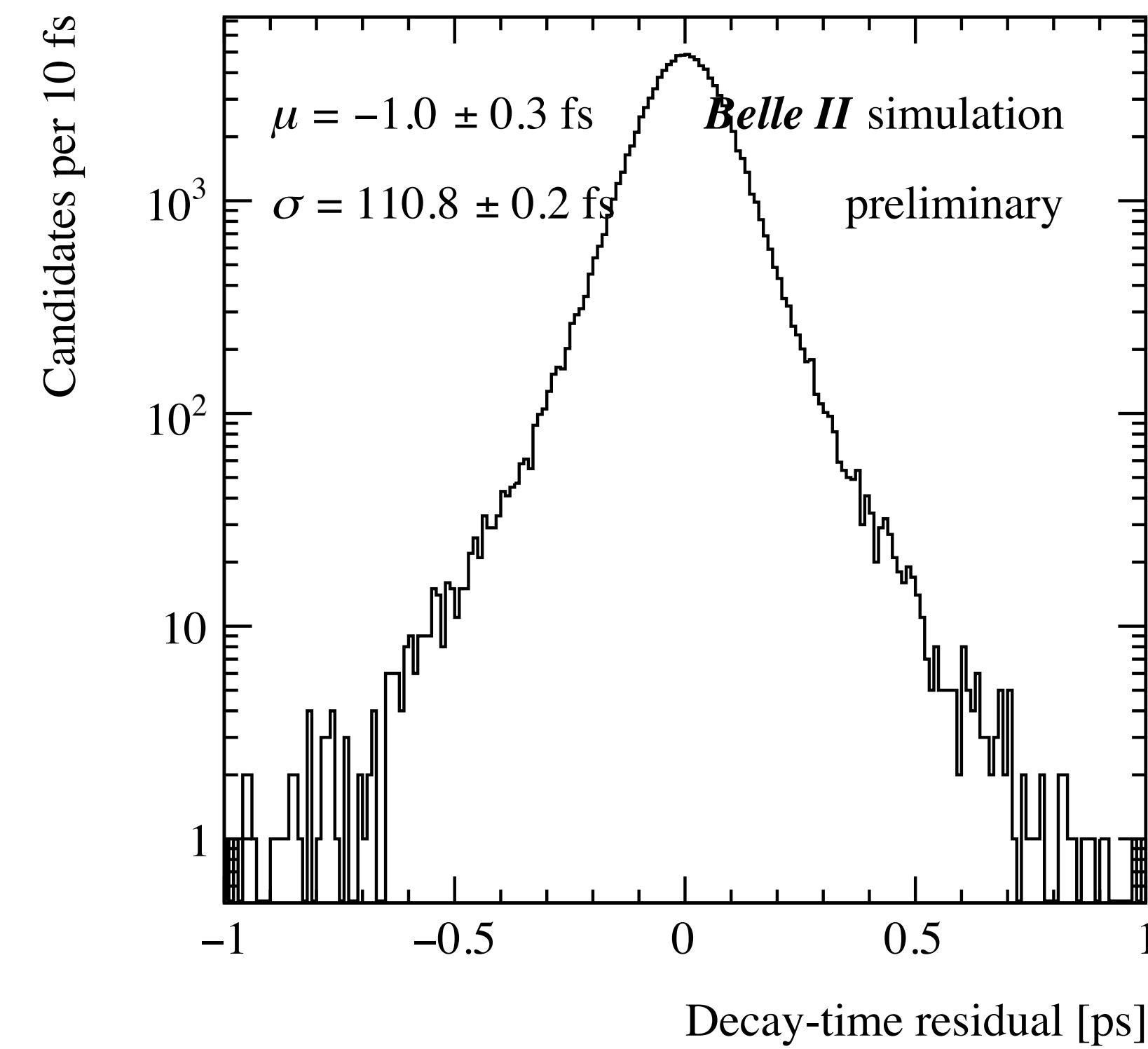
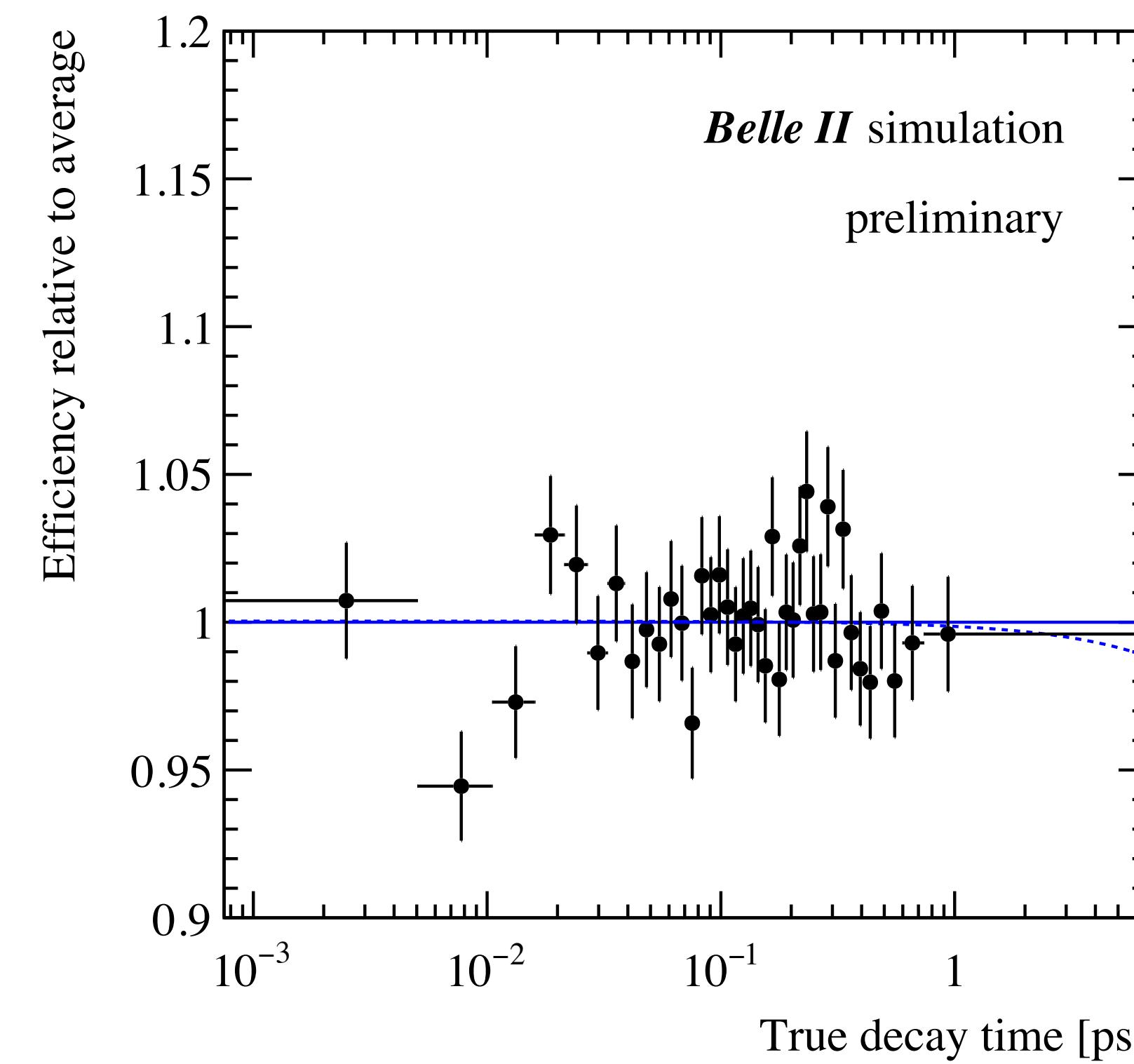
# First attempt


$$\tau = 0.1896 \pm 0.0002$$
$$f_{bkg} = 0.2671 \pm 0.005$$
$$\tau_{bkg1} = 0.235 \text{ (fixed)}$$
$$\tau_{bkg2} = 0.935 \text{ (fixed)}$$
$$\mu = 0.01747 \pm 0.0004$$
$$s = 1.043 \pm 0.005$$
$$s_{wide} = 2.6891 \pm 0.0001$$
$$f_\tau = 0.221 \pm 0.008$$
$$f_{\tau_1} = 0.791 \text{ (fixed)}$$
$$f = 0.966 \pm 0.002$$

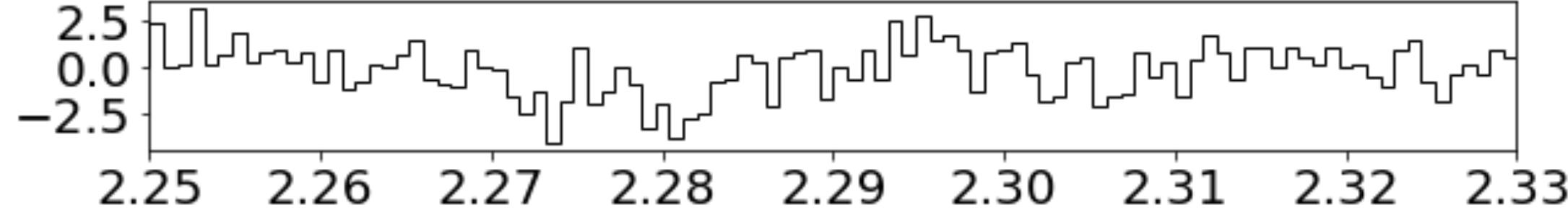
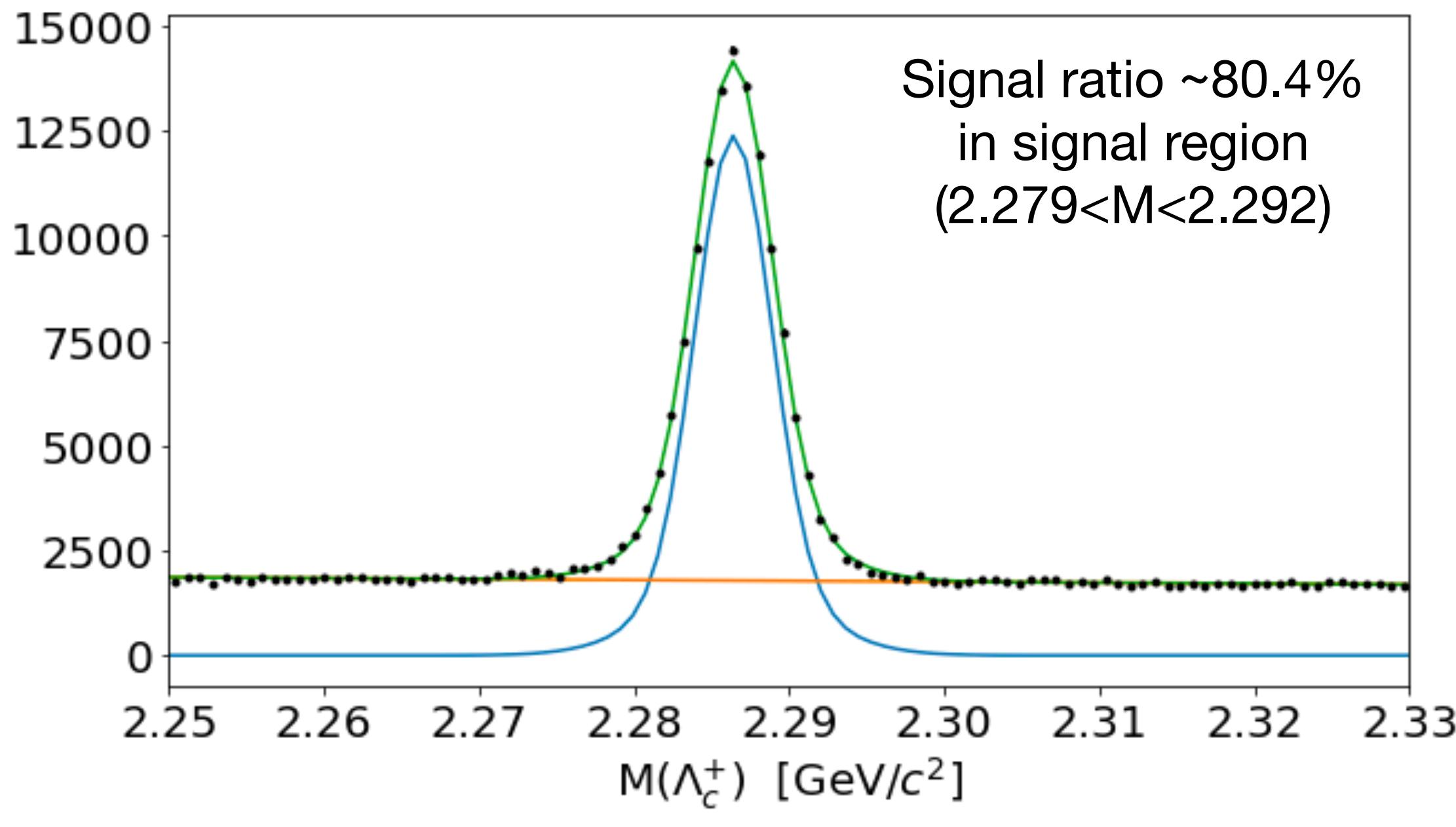


# Reconstruction effects

- No evidence of reconstruction effects that would bias the decay time
- Approximately Gaussian decay-time pull from truth-matched events

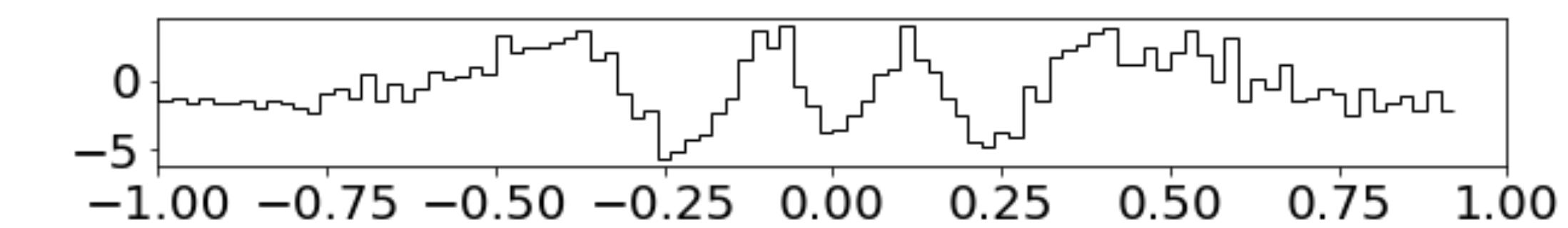
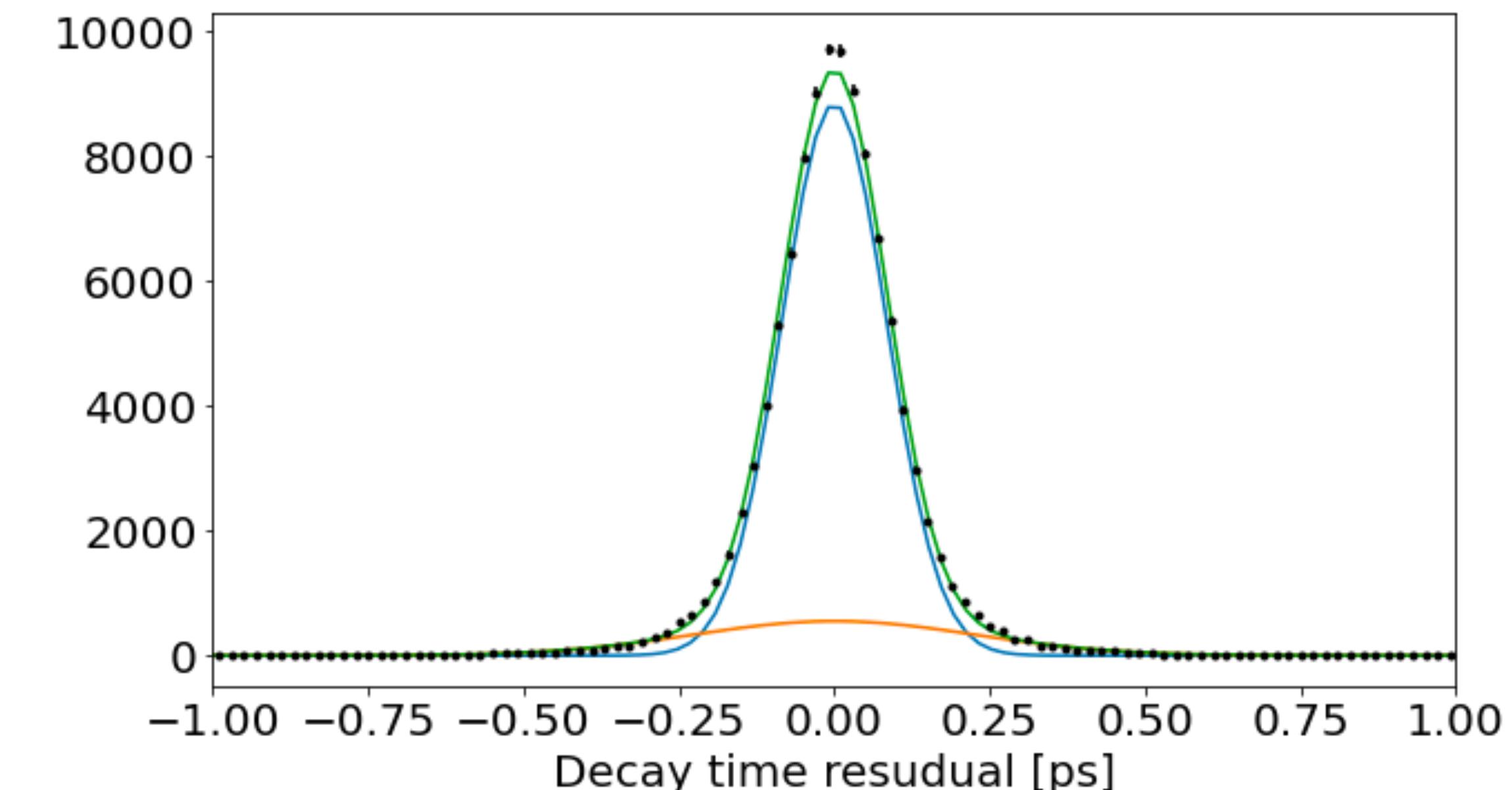


- Fit to  $\Lambda_c^+$  invariant mass
  - Double Gaussian signal
  - 2D polynomial background



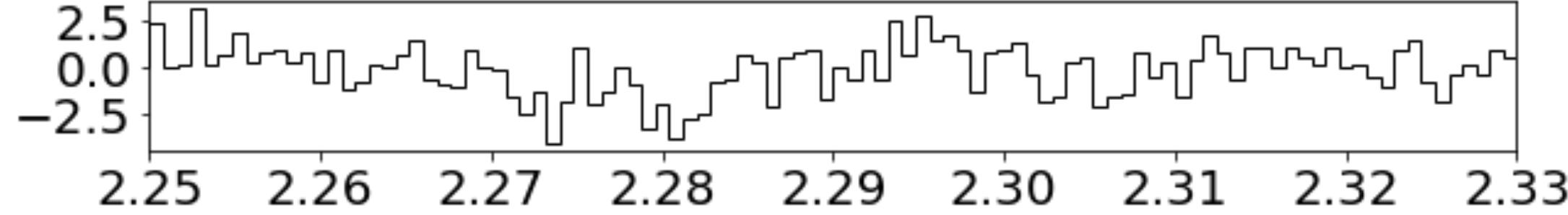
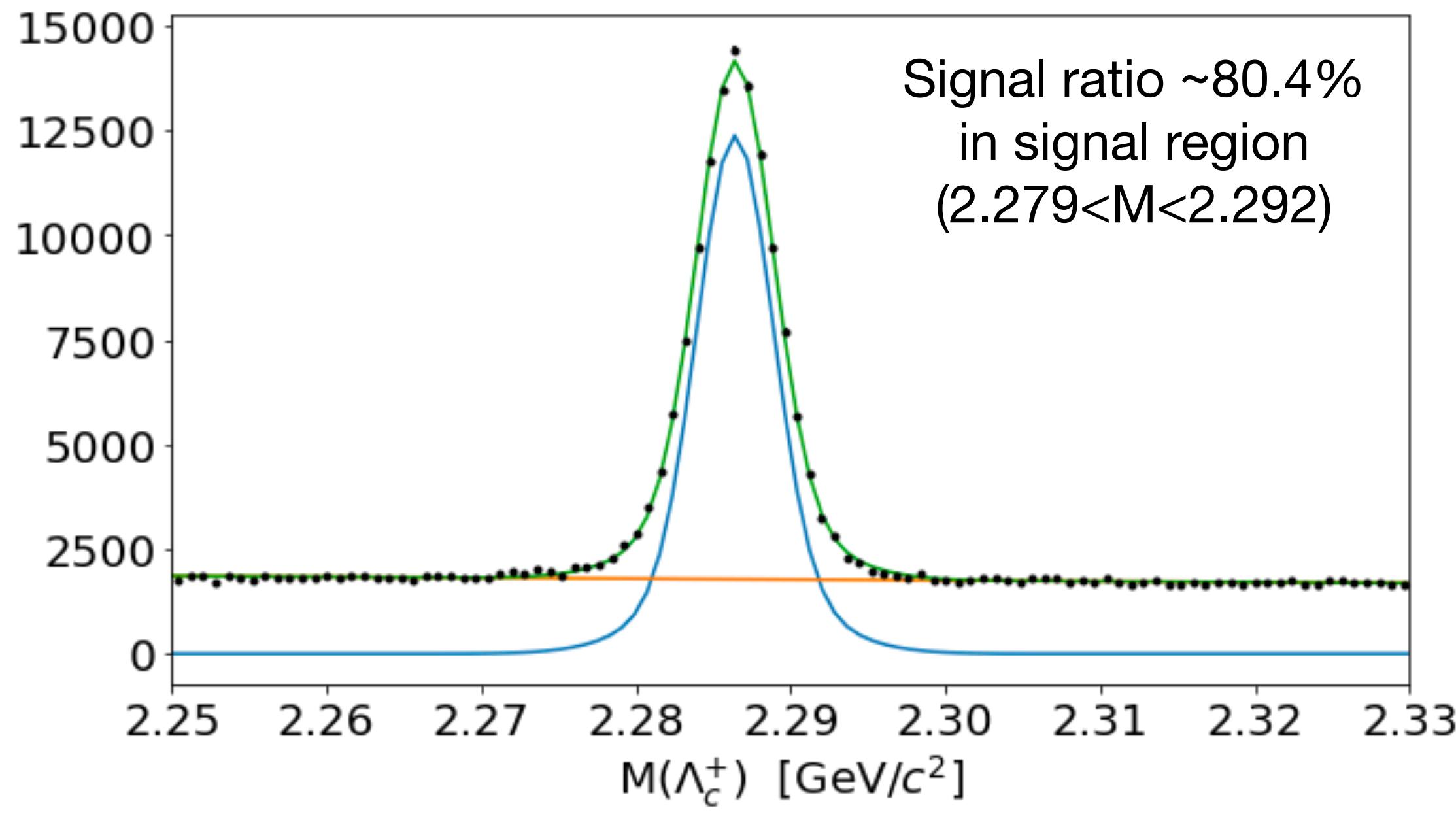
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sig_yield	106100	+/- 4.9e+02	-5.1e+02 +4.9e+02	False
bkg_yield	177600	+/- 5.6e+02	-5.5e+02 +5.7e+02	False
fg1	0.2302	+/- 0.028	- 0.028 + 0.038	False
mul	2.286	+/- 1.1e-05	-1.1e-05 +1.1e-05	False
s1	0.004853	+/- 0.00029	-0.00032 +0.00033	False
s2	0.002419	+/- 3.4e-05	-4.6e-05 +3.4e-05	False
a	-0.04864	+/- 0.0042	- 0.0042 + 0.0041	False

- Double Gaussian fit to decay time residual for true events in  $\Lambda_c^+$  signal region



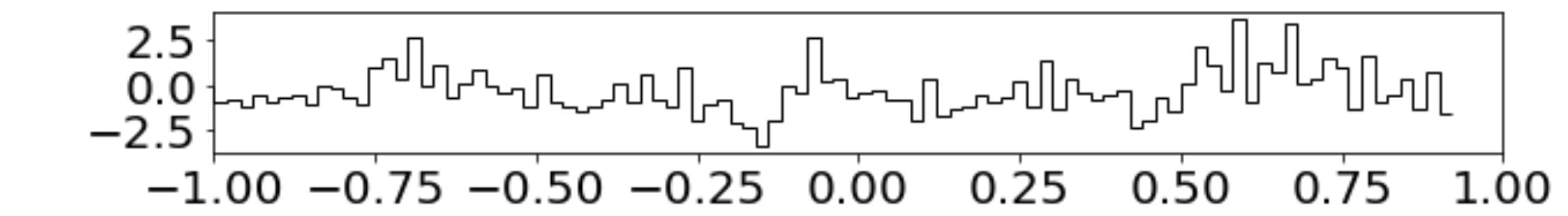
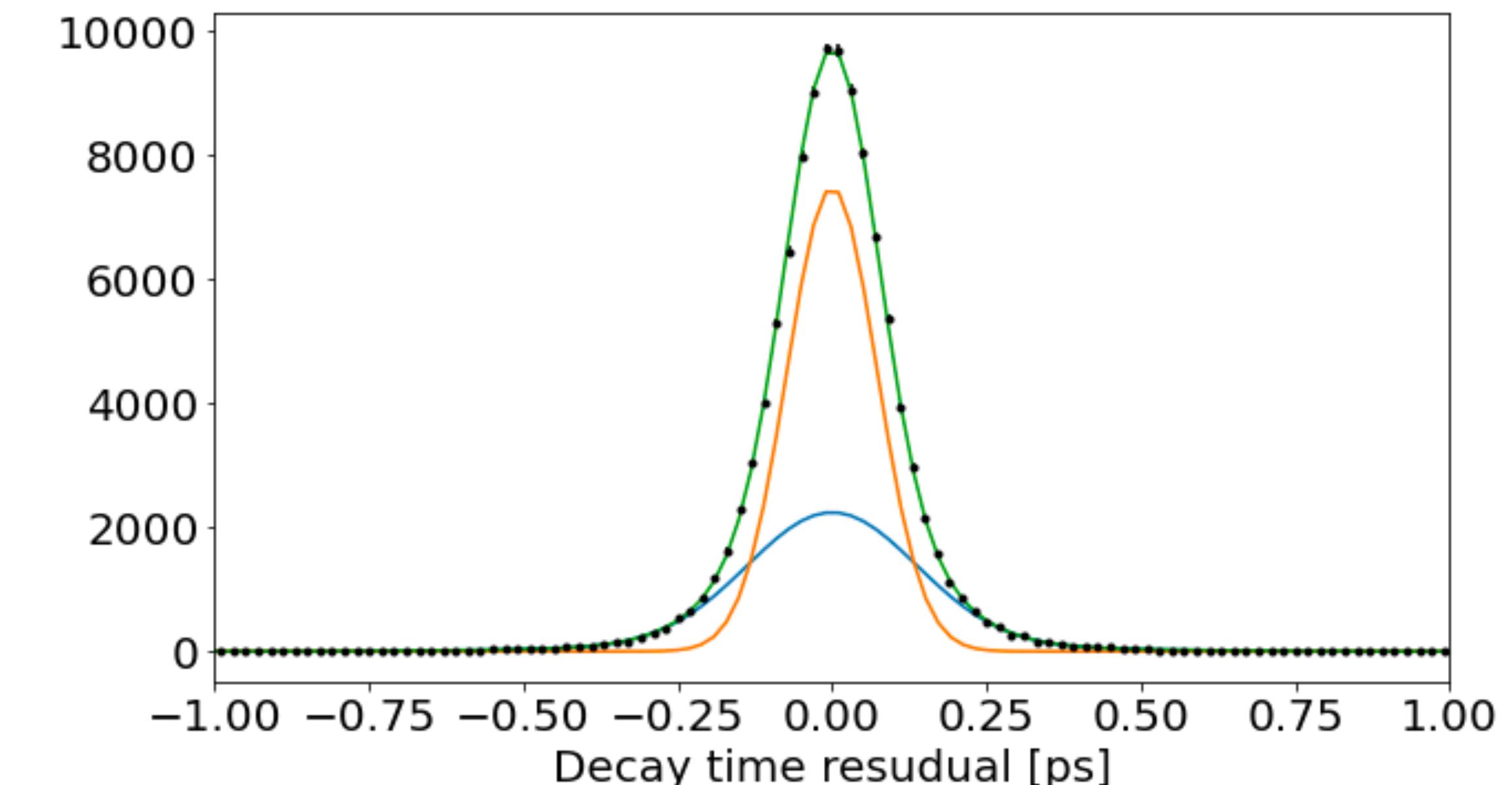
name	value	minuit_hesse	minuit_minos	at limit
sig_yield_mc	109000	+/- 3.3e+02	-3.3e+02 +3.3e+02	False
fg1_mc	0.8569	+/- 0.0039	- 0.004 + 0.0039	False
mul_mc	-0.0004268	+/- 0.0003	- 0.0003 + 0.0003	False
s1_mc	0.08435	+/- 0.00039	-0.00039 +0.00039	False
s2_mc	0.2263	+/- 0.0023	- 0.0023 + 0.0023	False

- Fit to  $\Lambda_c^+$  invariant mass
  - Double Gaussian signal
  - 2D polynomial background



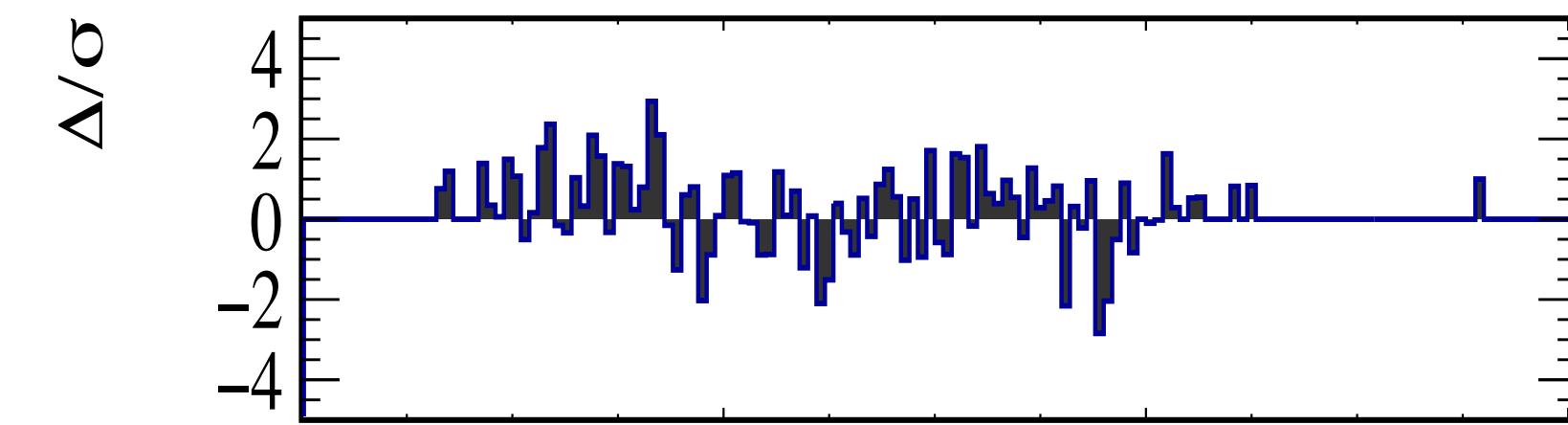
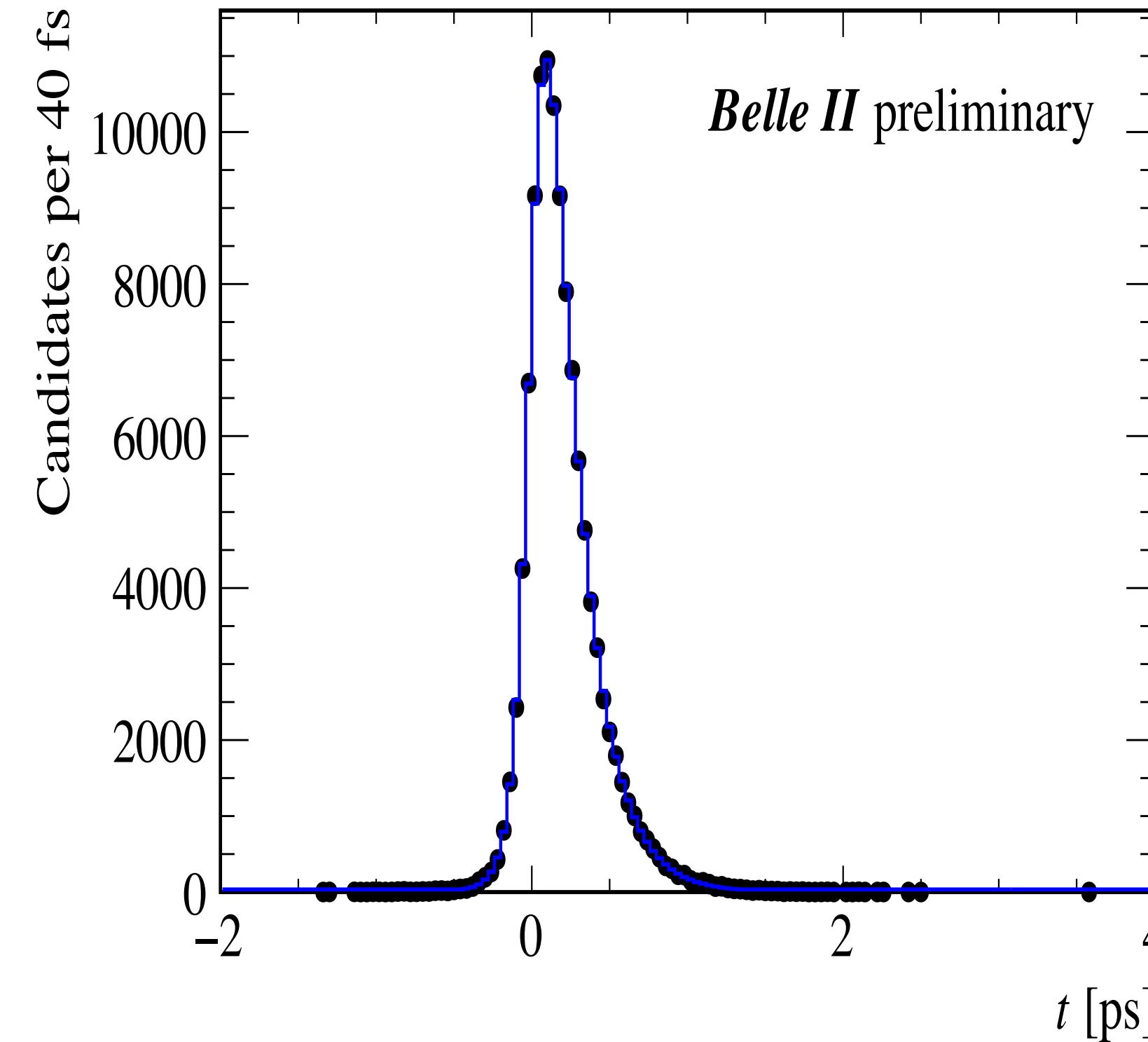
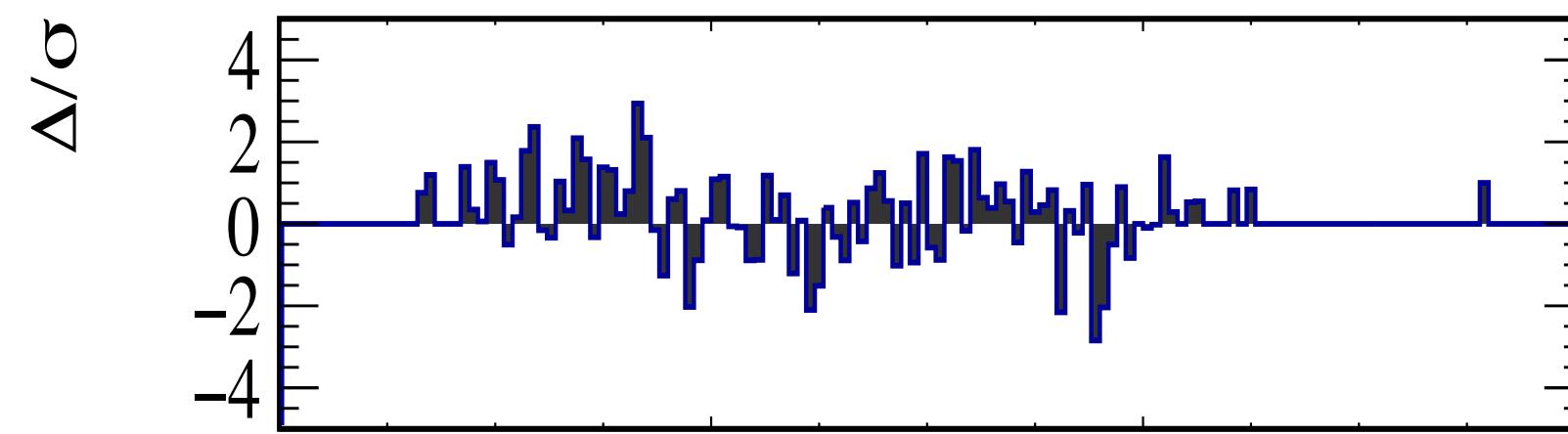
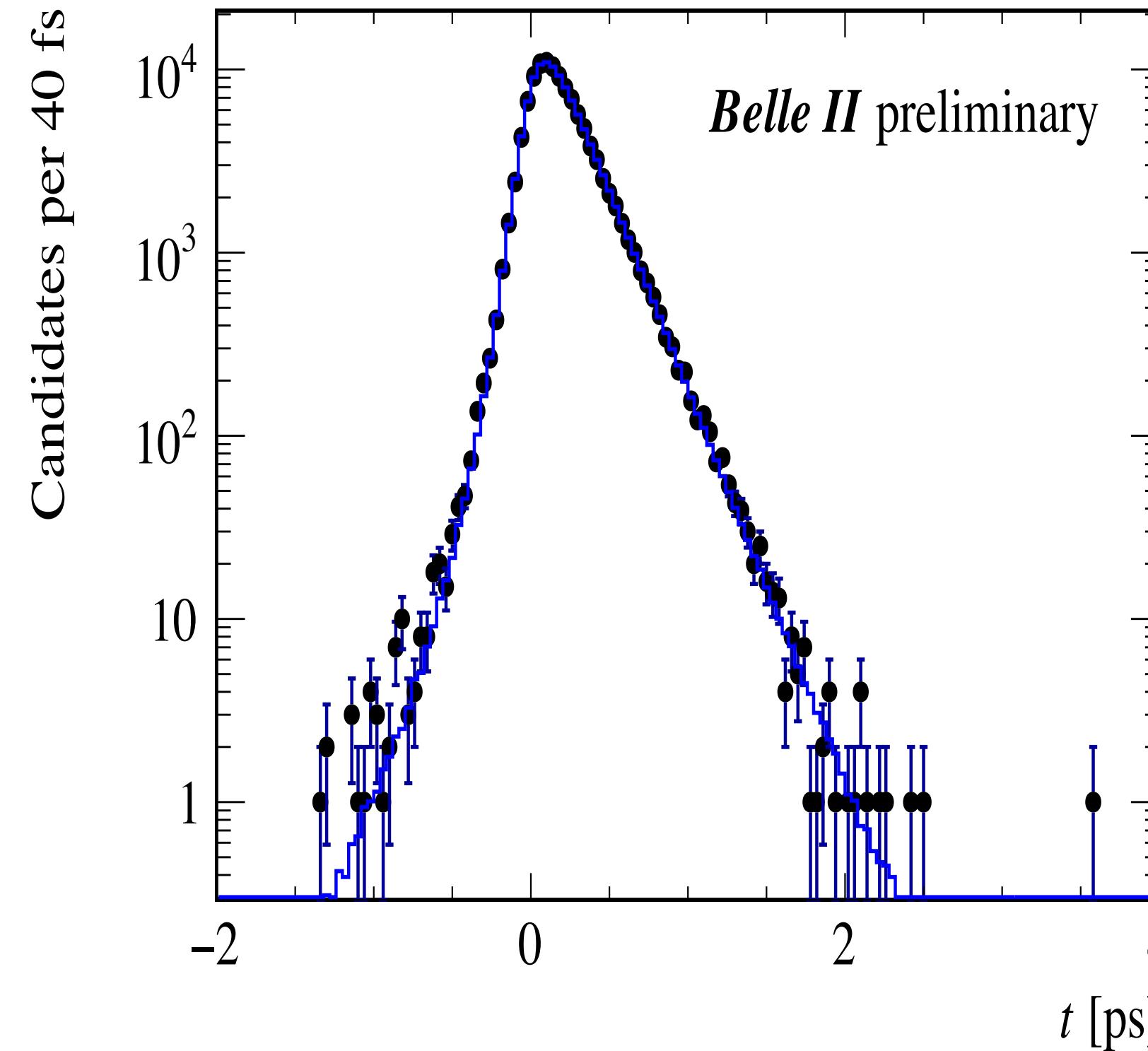
name	value	minuit_hesse	minuit_minos	at limit
sig_yield	106100	+/- 4.9e+02	-5.1e+02 +4.9e+02	False
bkg_yield	177600	+/- 5.6e+02	-5.5e+02 +5.7e+02	False
fg1	0.2302	+/- 0.028	- 0.028 + 0.038	False
mul	2.286	+/- 1.1e-05	-1.1e-05 +1.1e-05	False
s1	0.004853	+/- 0.00029	-0.00032 +0.00033	False
s2	0.002419	+/- 3.4e-05	-4.6e-05 +3.4e-05	False
a	-0.04864	+/- 0.0042	- 0.0042 + 0.0041	False

- Double Gaussian fit to decay time residual for true events in  $\Lambda_c^+$  signal region



name	value	minuit_hesse	minuit_minos	at limit
sig_yield_mc	109000	+/- 3.3e+02	-3.2e+02 +3.4e+02	False
fg12_mc	0.374	+/- 0.023	- 0.023 + 0.026	False
fg1_mc	0.1087	+/- 0.0083	- 0.0084 + 0.0088	False
mul_mc	-0.0003633	+/- 0.0003	-0.00027 +0.00033	False
s1_mc	0.3121	+/- 0.0092	- 0.0095 + 0.01	False
s2_mc	0.1364	+/- 0.0036	- 0.004 + 0.0039	False
s3_mc	0.07285	+/- 0.001	- 0.0011 + 0.001	False

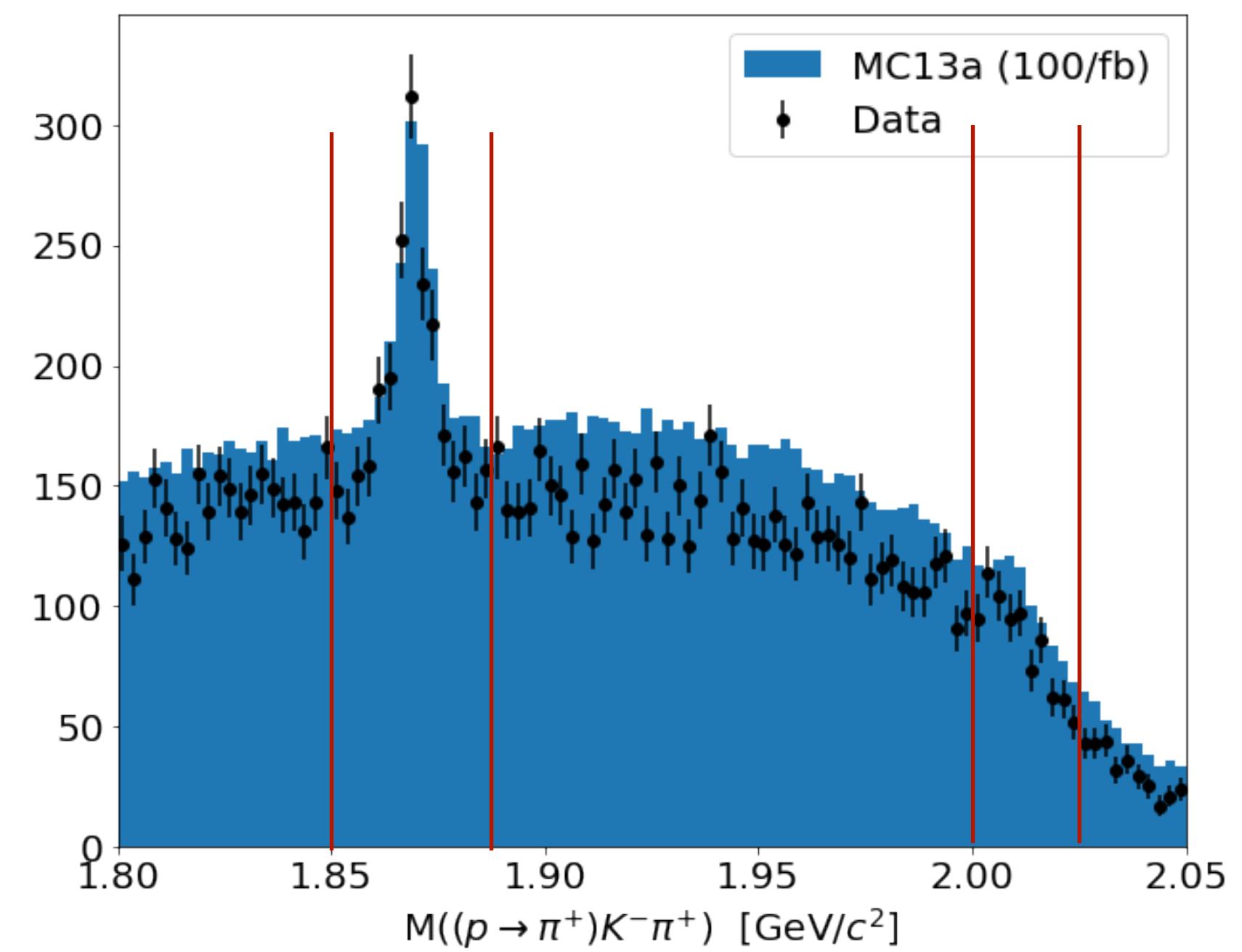
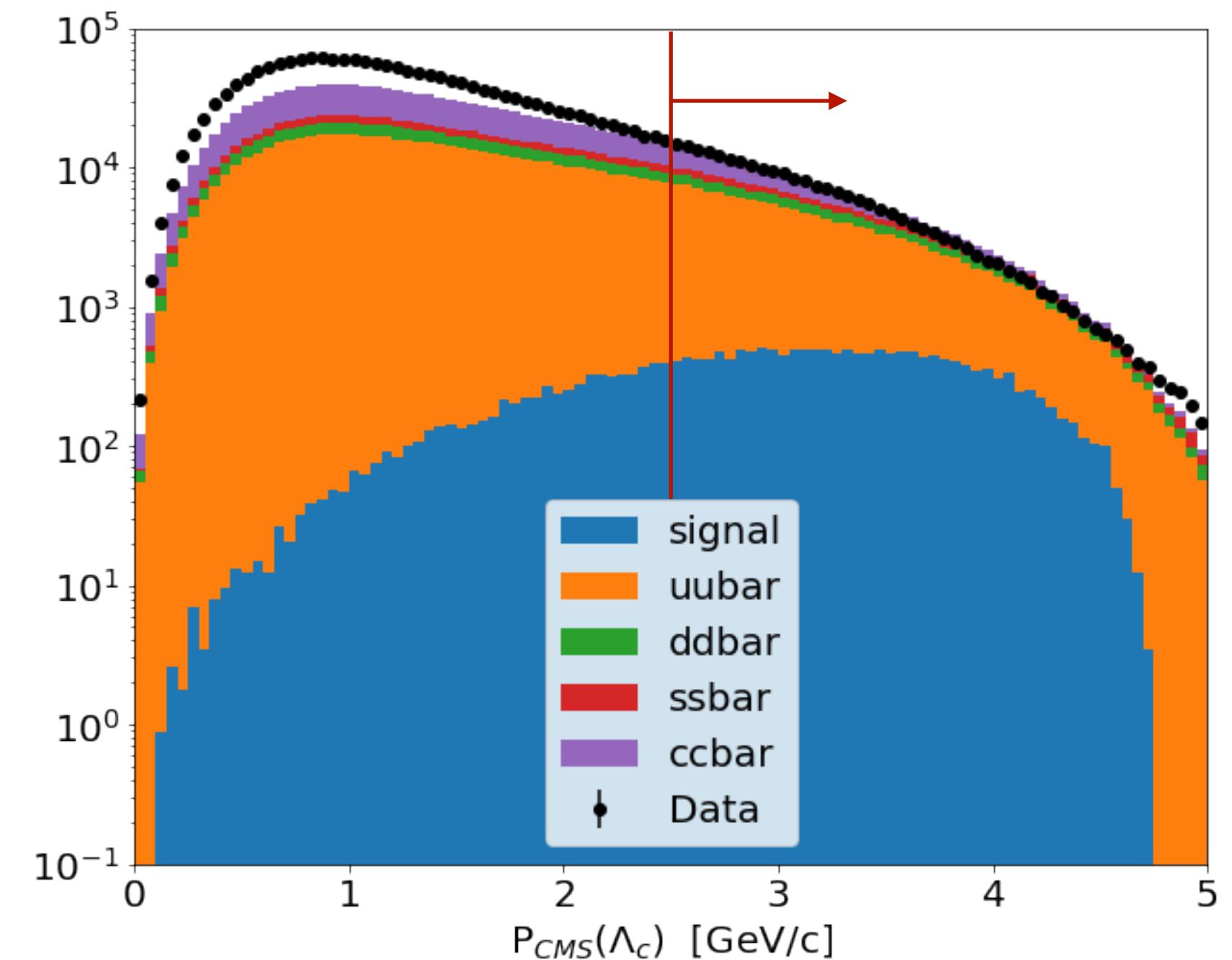
# Lifetime with triple Gaussian



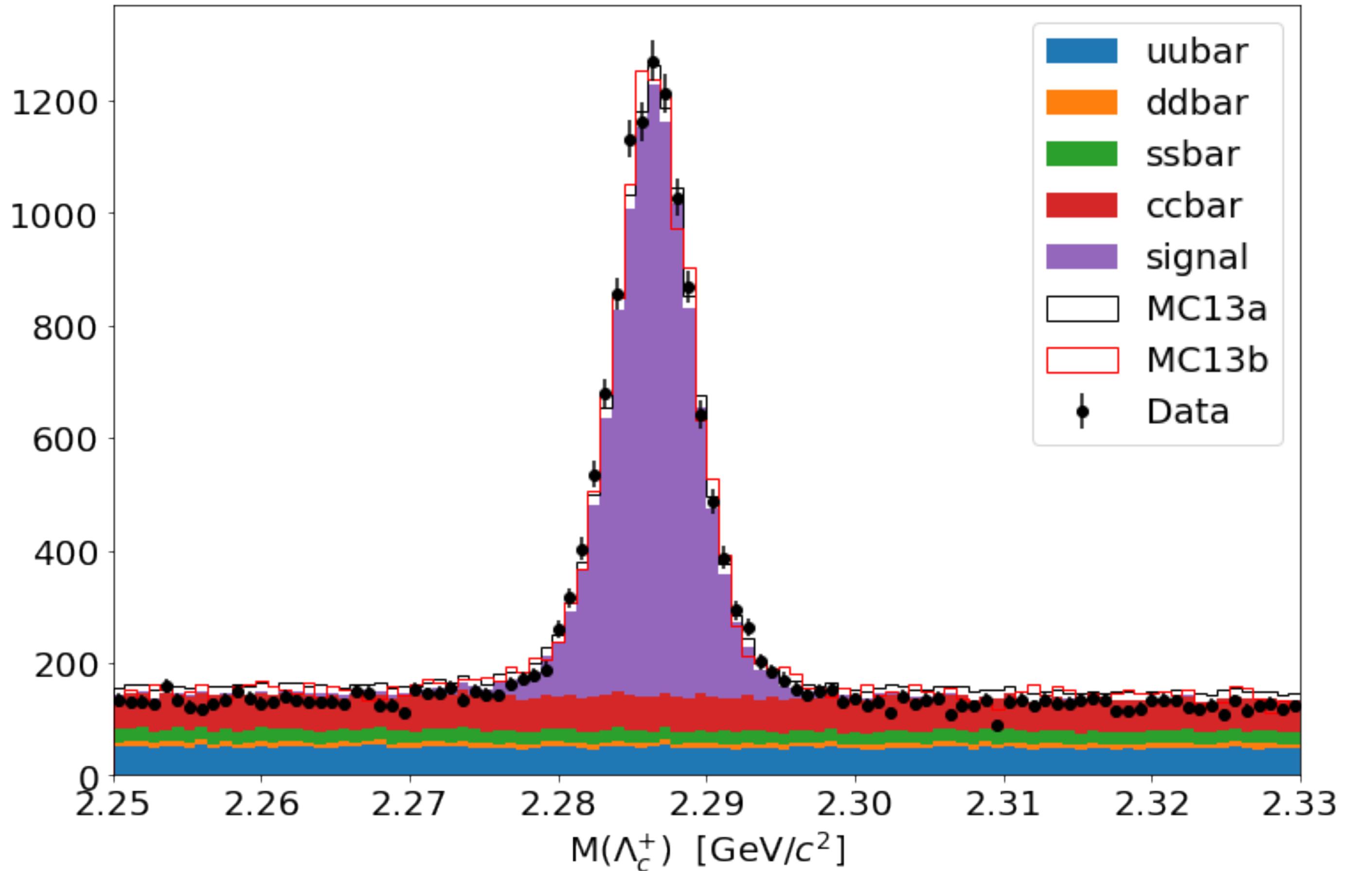


# Event selection

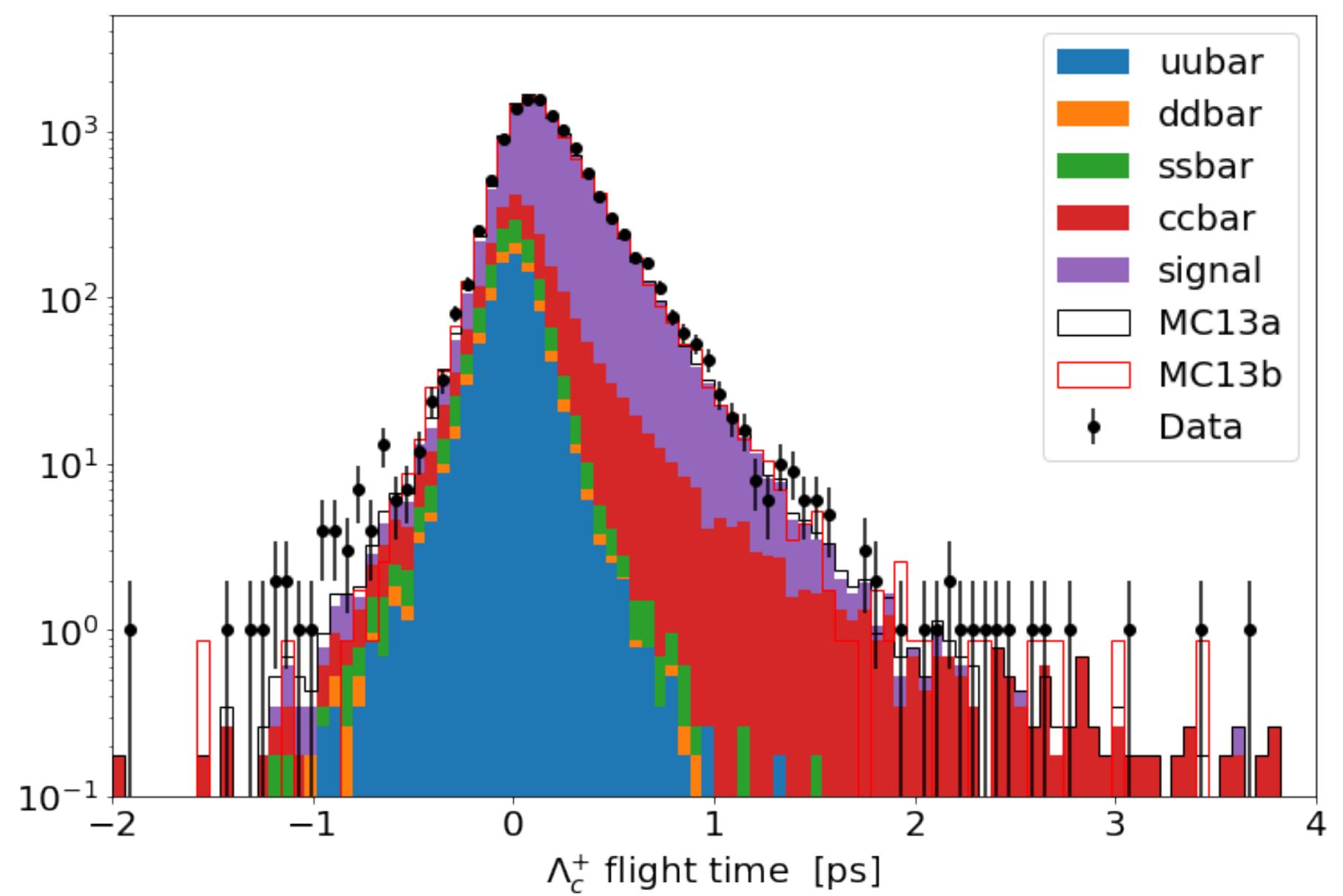
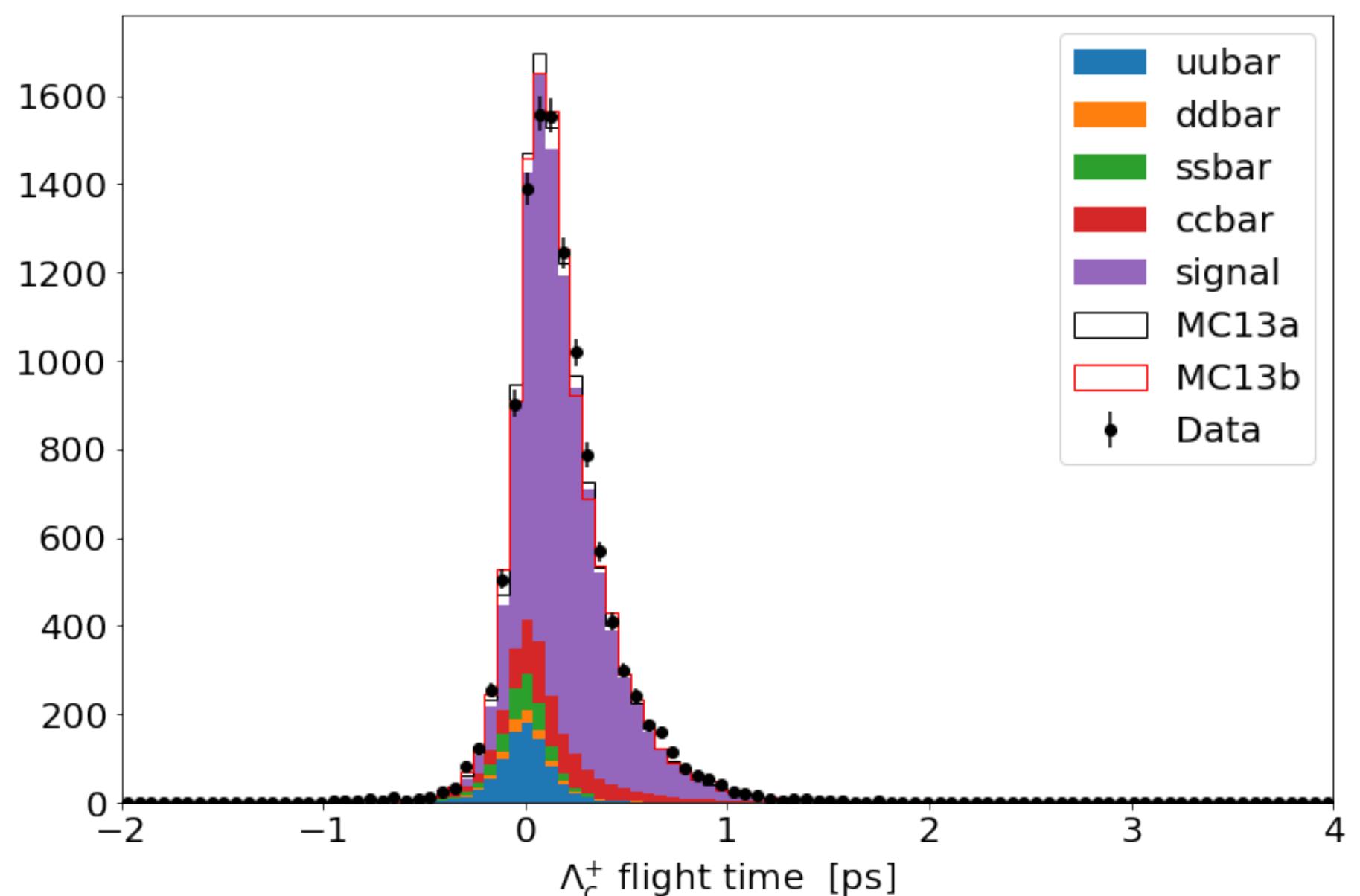
- Selection criteria:
  - Tracks must be in the CDC acceptance and have at least 20 CDC hits, at least one PXD hit, and the first SVD hit layer  $> 2$
  - $d_0 < 0.5 \text{ cm}$ ,  $|z_0| < 2 \text{ cm}$  (standard track cuts)
  - Vertex fit (TreeFitter with IP constraint)  $\text{conf\_level} > 0.001$
  - $\Lambda_c$  CM momentum  $> 2.5 \text{ GeV}$
  - Proton PID (trinary)  $> 0.8$
  - Kaon PID (global)  $> 0.5$
  - Remove charm backgrounds by cutting on  $M(pK\pi)$  with pion hypothesis for proton track
- Samples
  - Data: proc11 (8.764/fb), ~blinded
  - MC: MC13a (100/fb), MC13b\_proc11 (10/fb)



# Invariant mass after all cuts

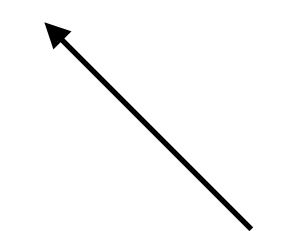
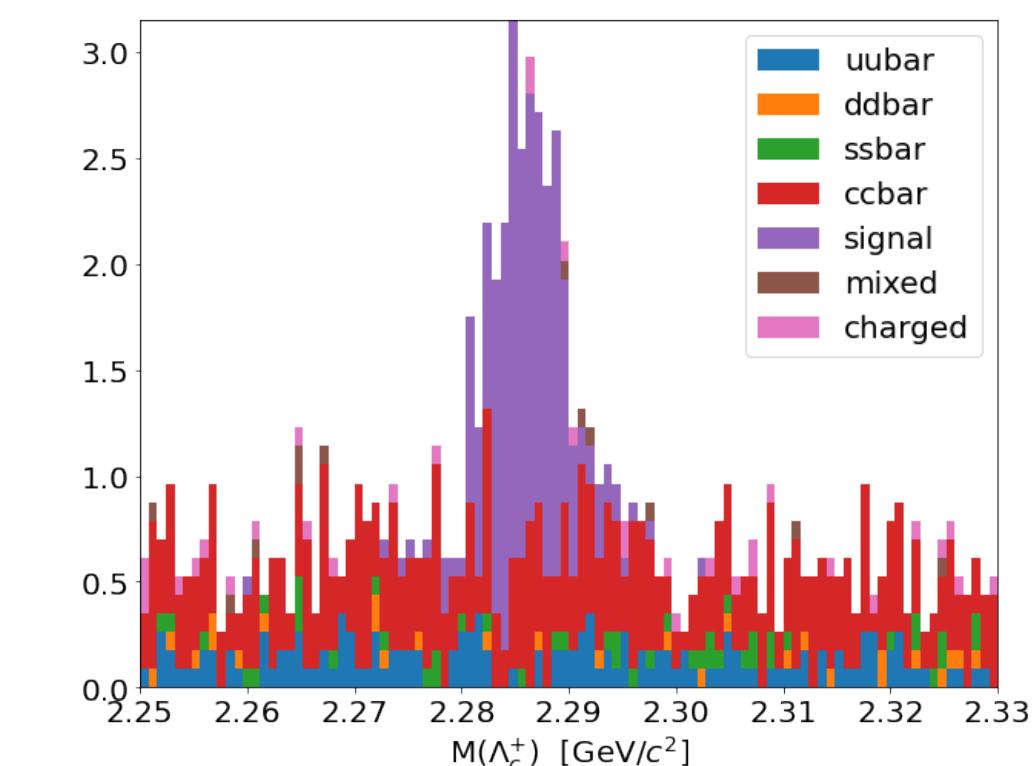


- Sizable remaining backgrounds from long-lived charm decays  
(complicated the lifetime fit)

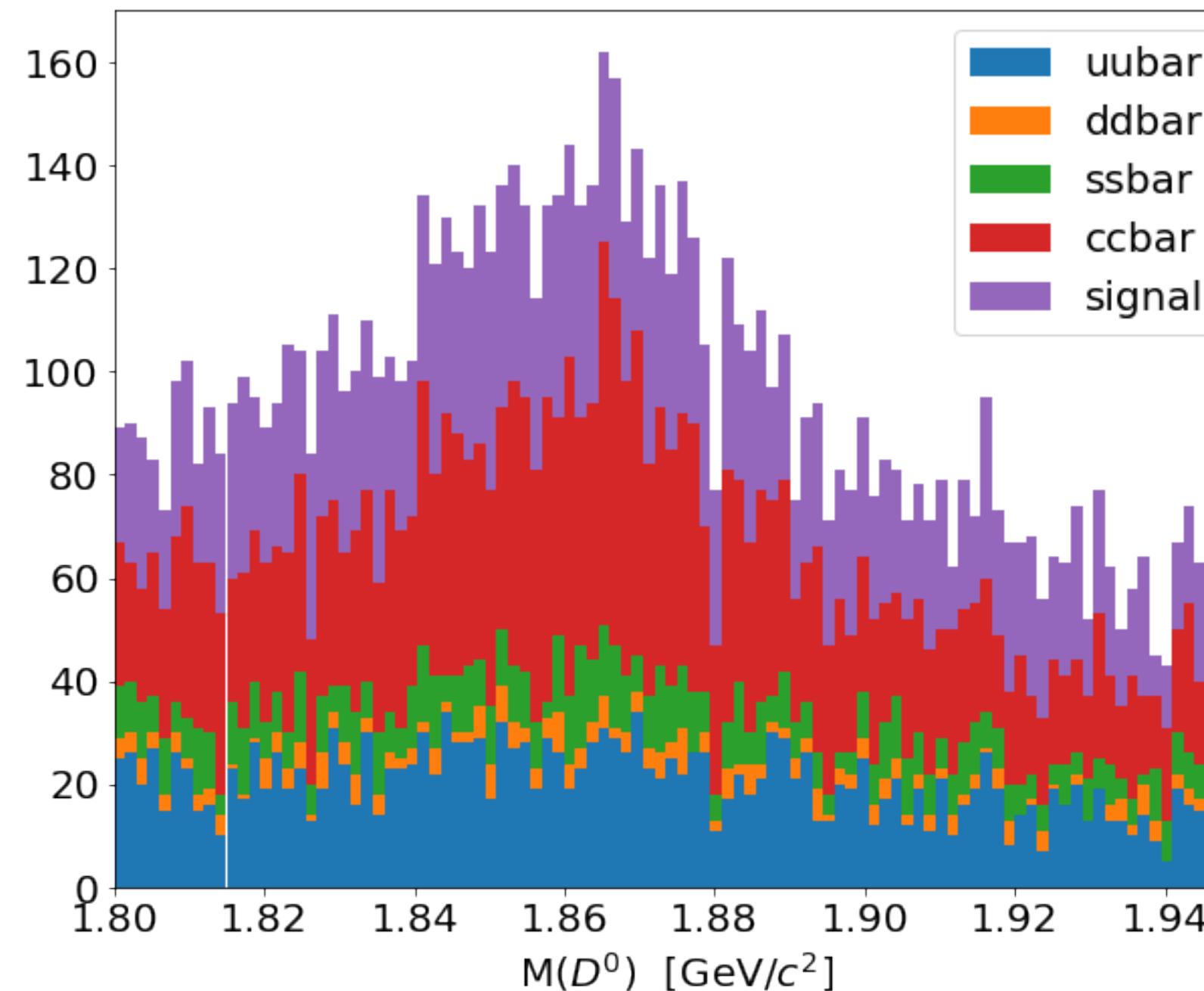


# Remaining backgrounds

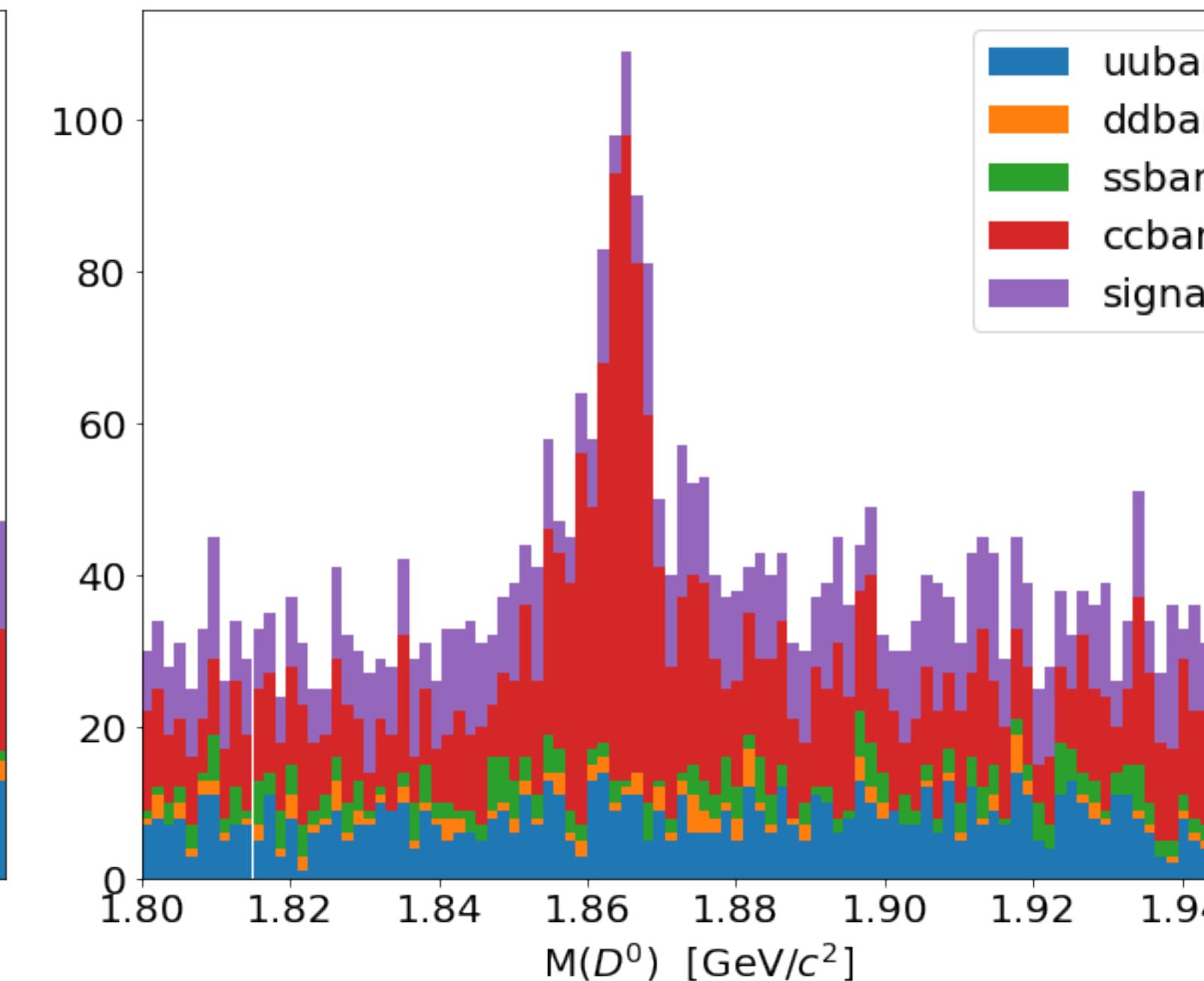
- Kaons from  $D^0$  decays (47.4%)
  - Of those events, 36% also have a pion from a  $D^0$  decay
- Kaons from  $D^+$  decays (8%)
  - Of those events, 77% also have a pion from a  $D^+$  decay
- Smaller backgrounds from  $K^*$ ,  $\phi$ ,  $\rho$ , virtual  $Z^0$



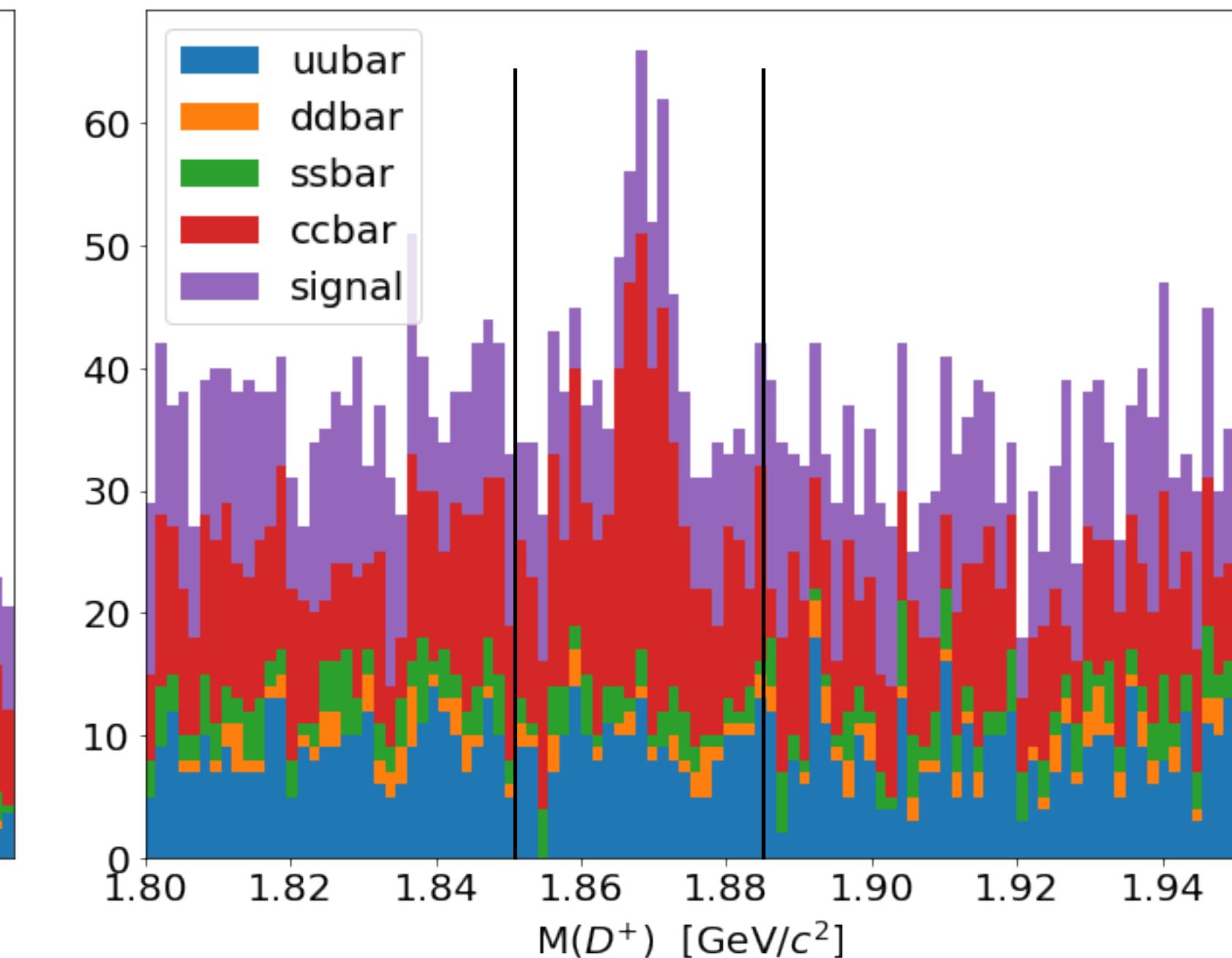
Combine signal  $K\pi^+$  with a  $\pi^0$  from the ROE



Combine signal  $K\pi^+$  with a  $\pi^-\pi^+$  from the ROE

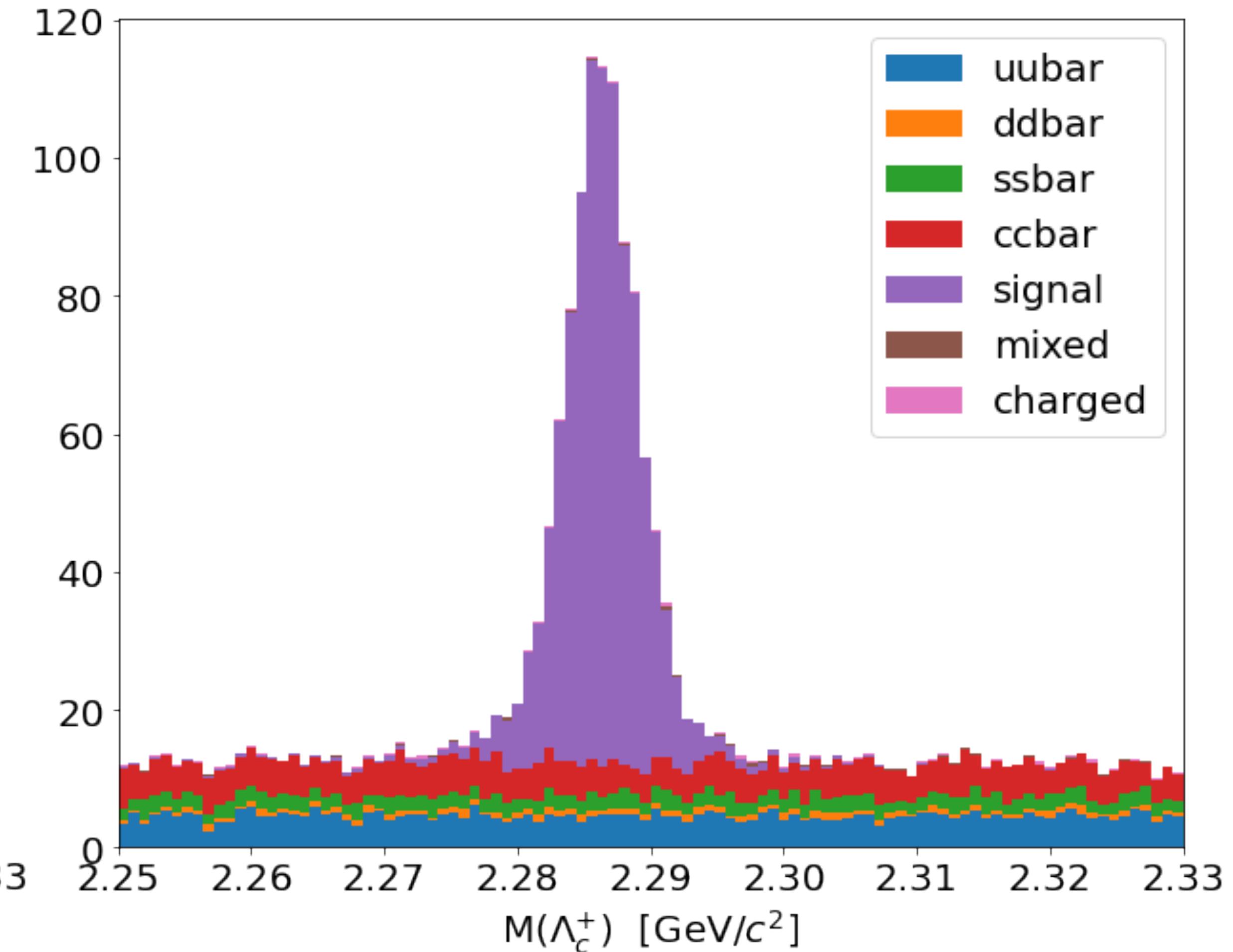
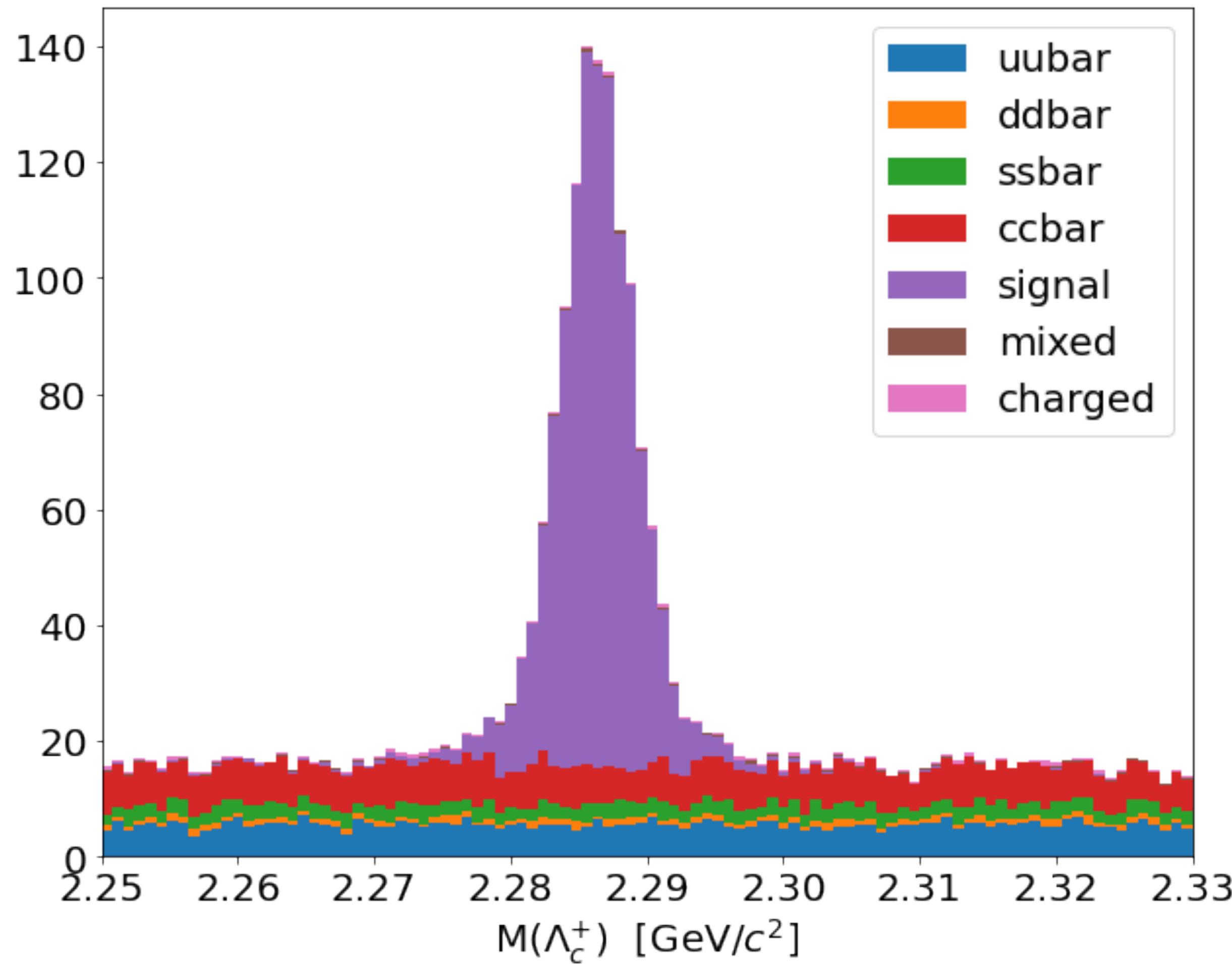


Combine signal  $K\pi^+$  with a  $\pi^+$  from the ROE



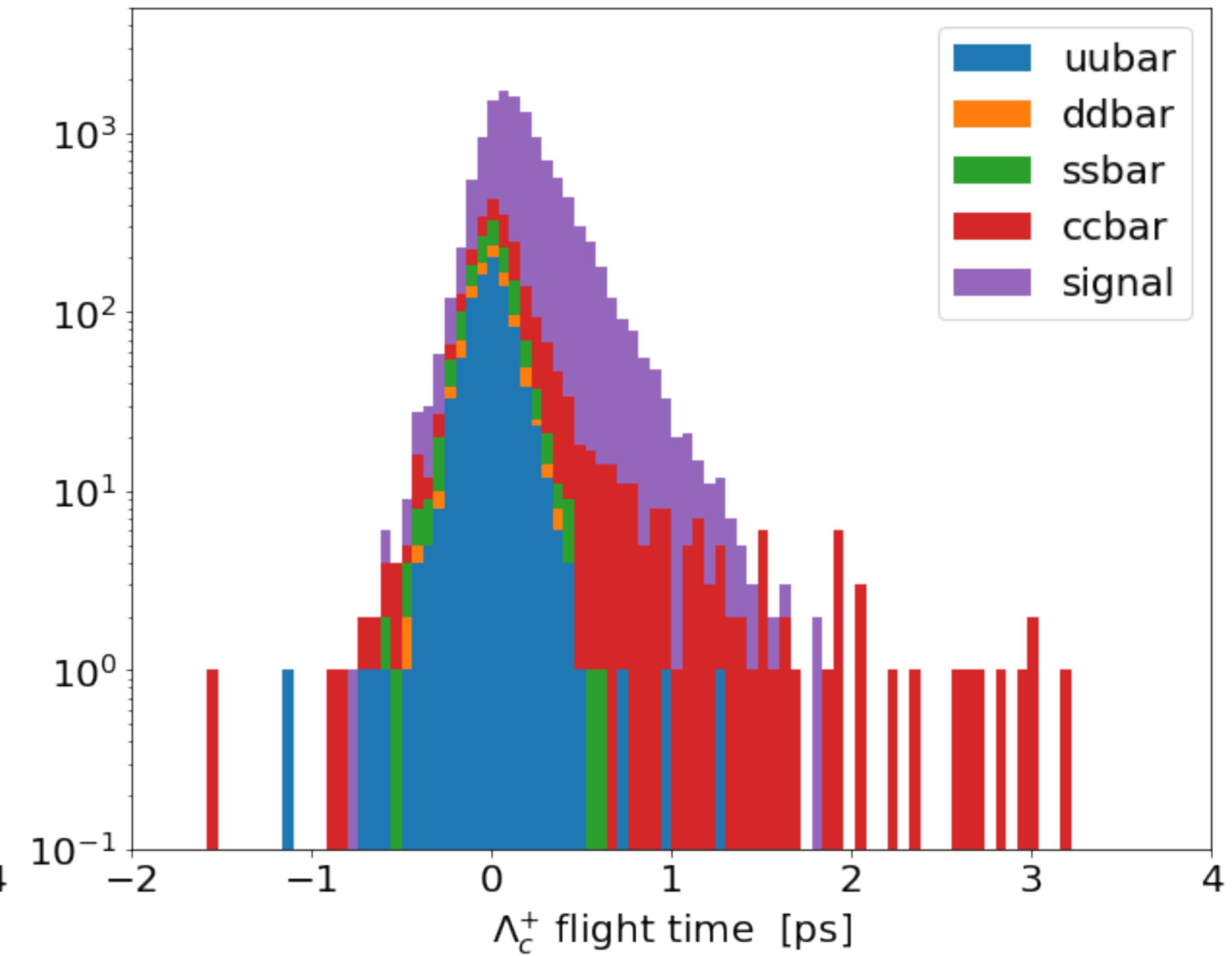
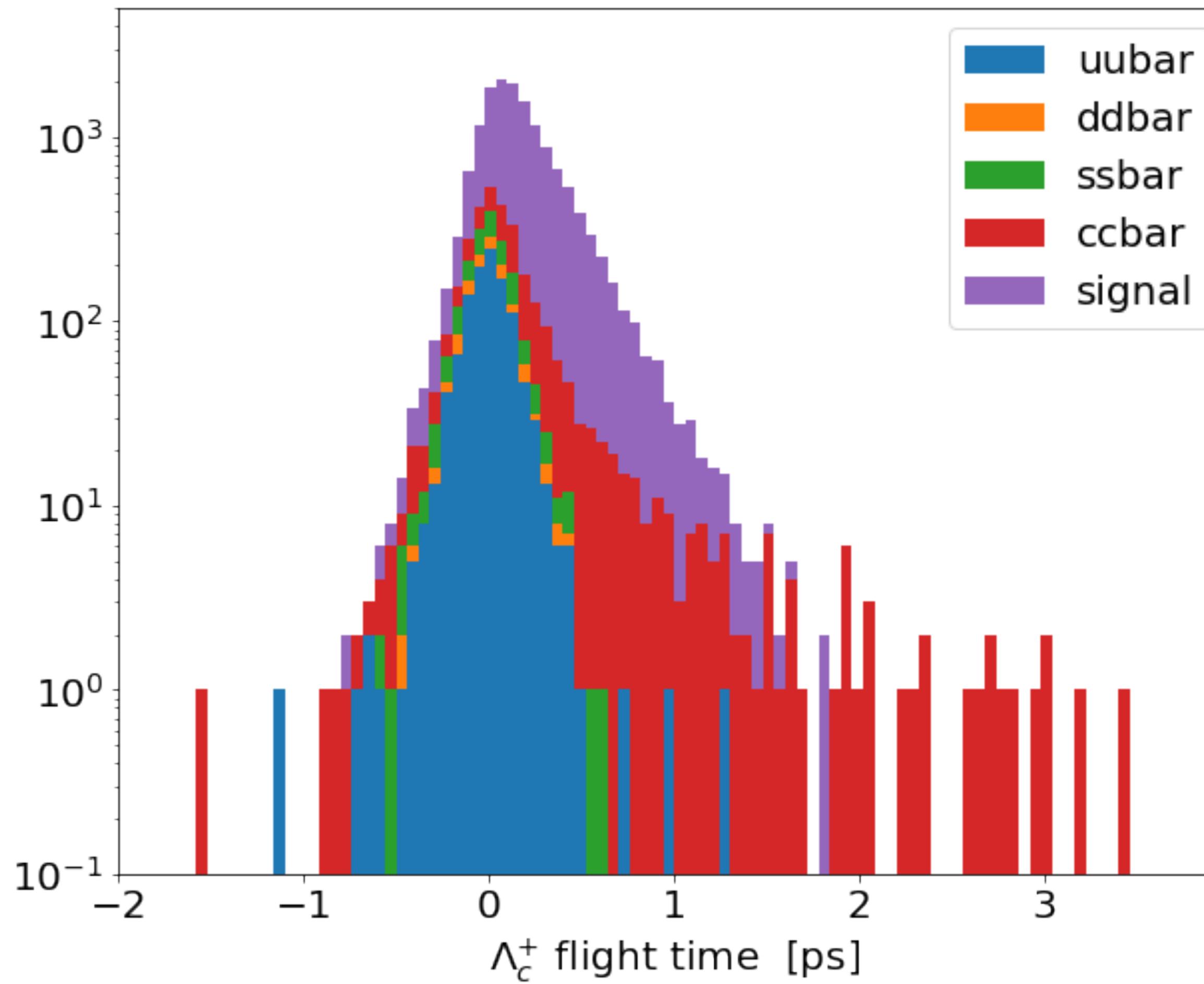
# Applying $D^0$ and $D^+$ vetos (all combinations)

- Relatively small reduction in  $cc\bar{b}$  background - no significant improvement for signal/background

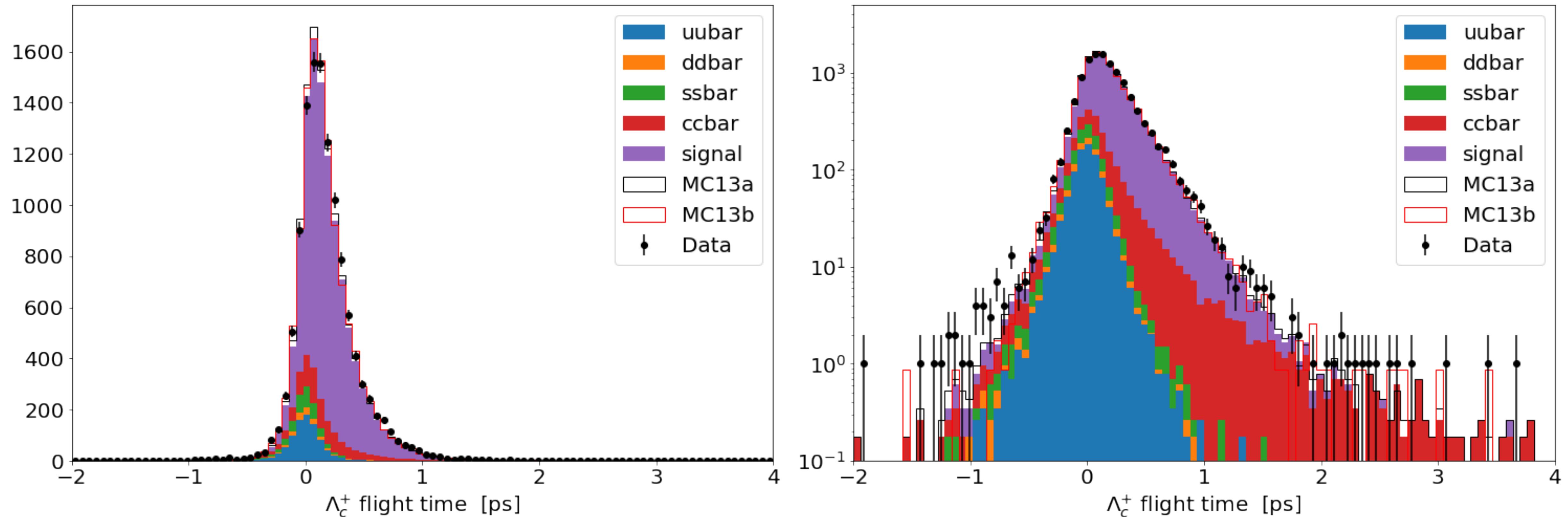


# Applying D<sup>0</sup> and D<sup>+</sup> vetos (all combinations)

- Relatively small reduction in ccbar background (~30%) - similar reduction in signal (~20%)

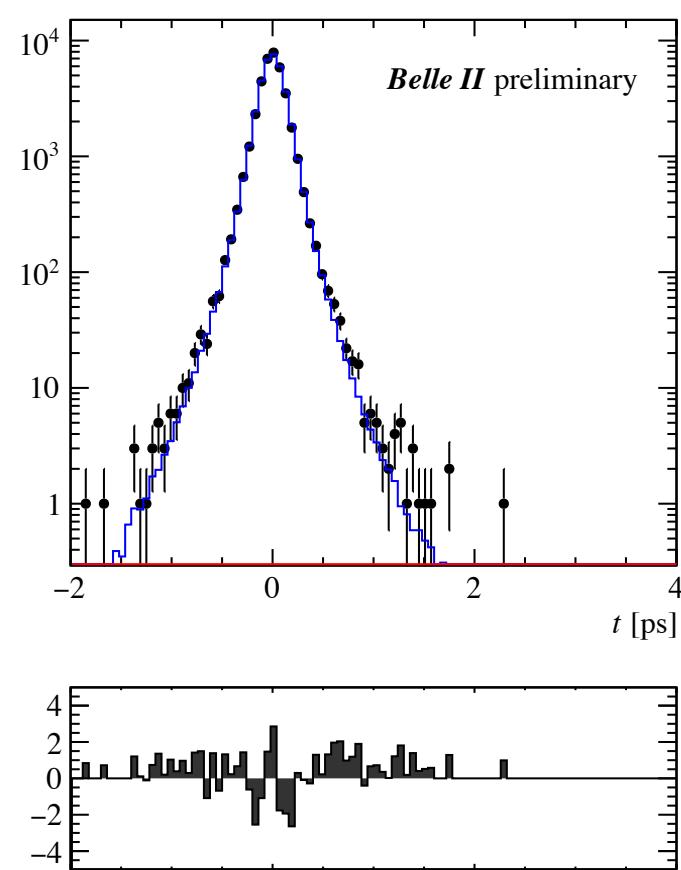
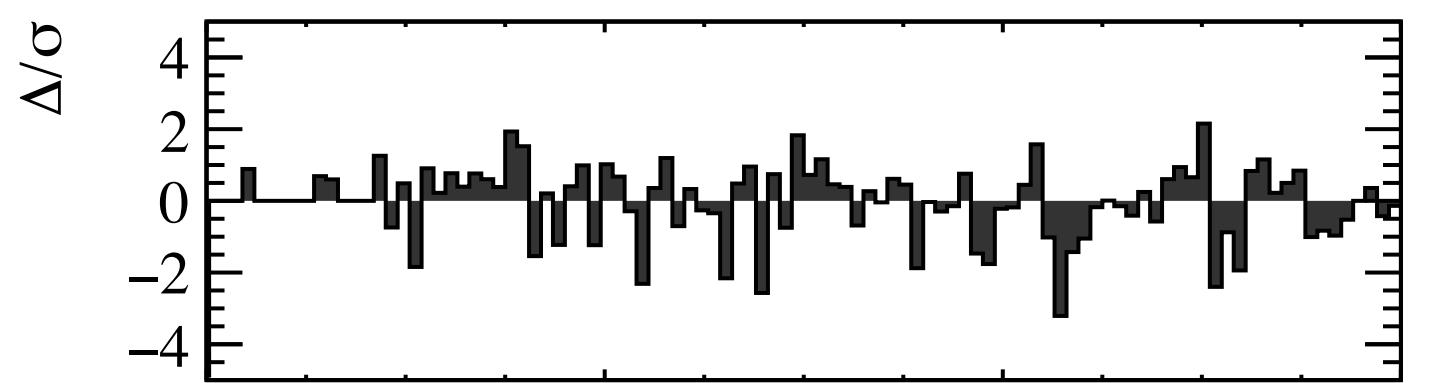
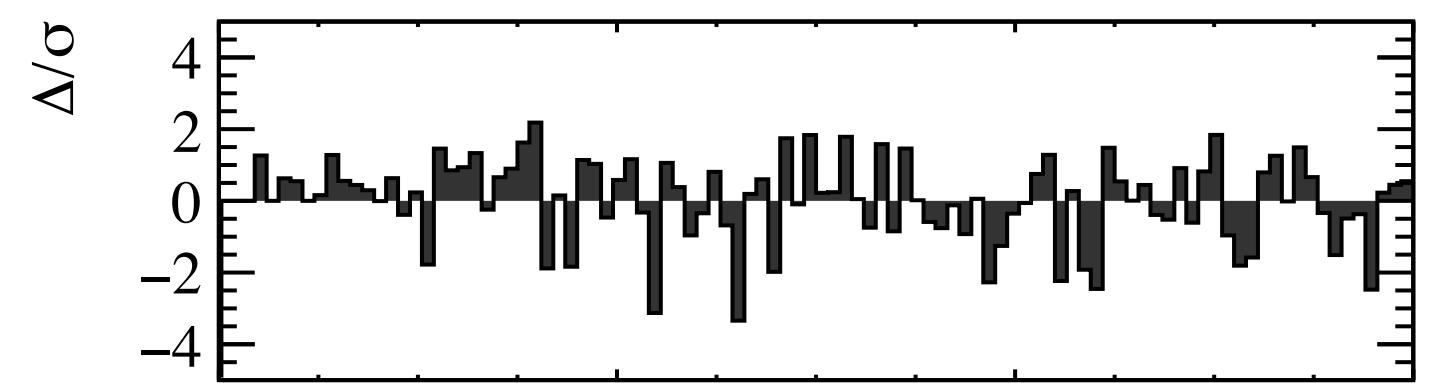
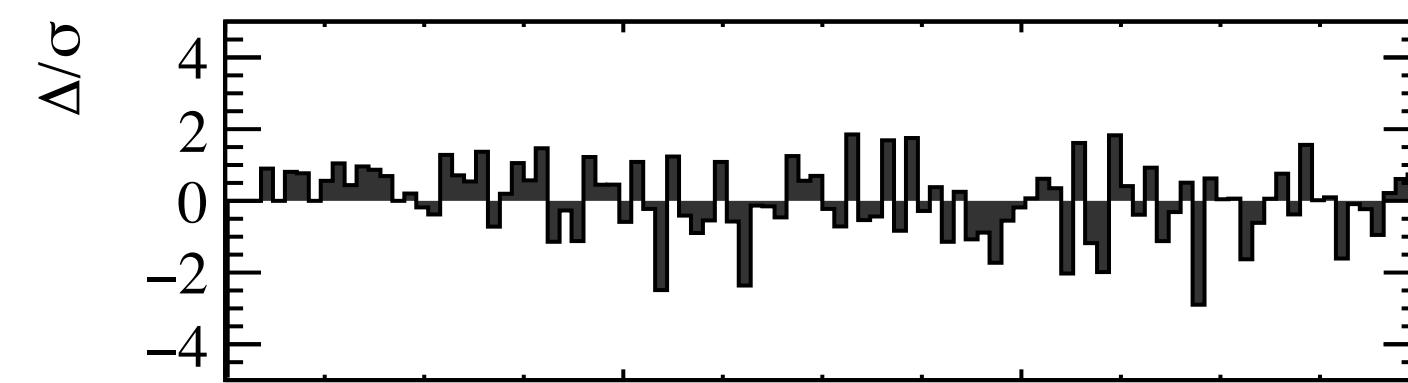
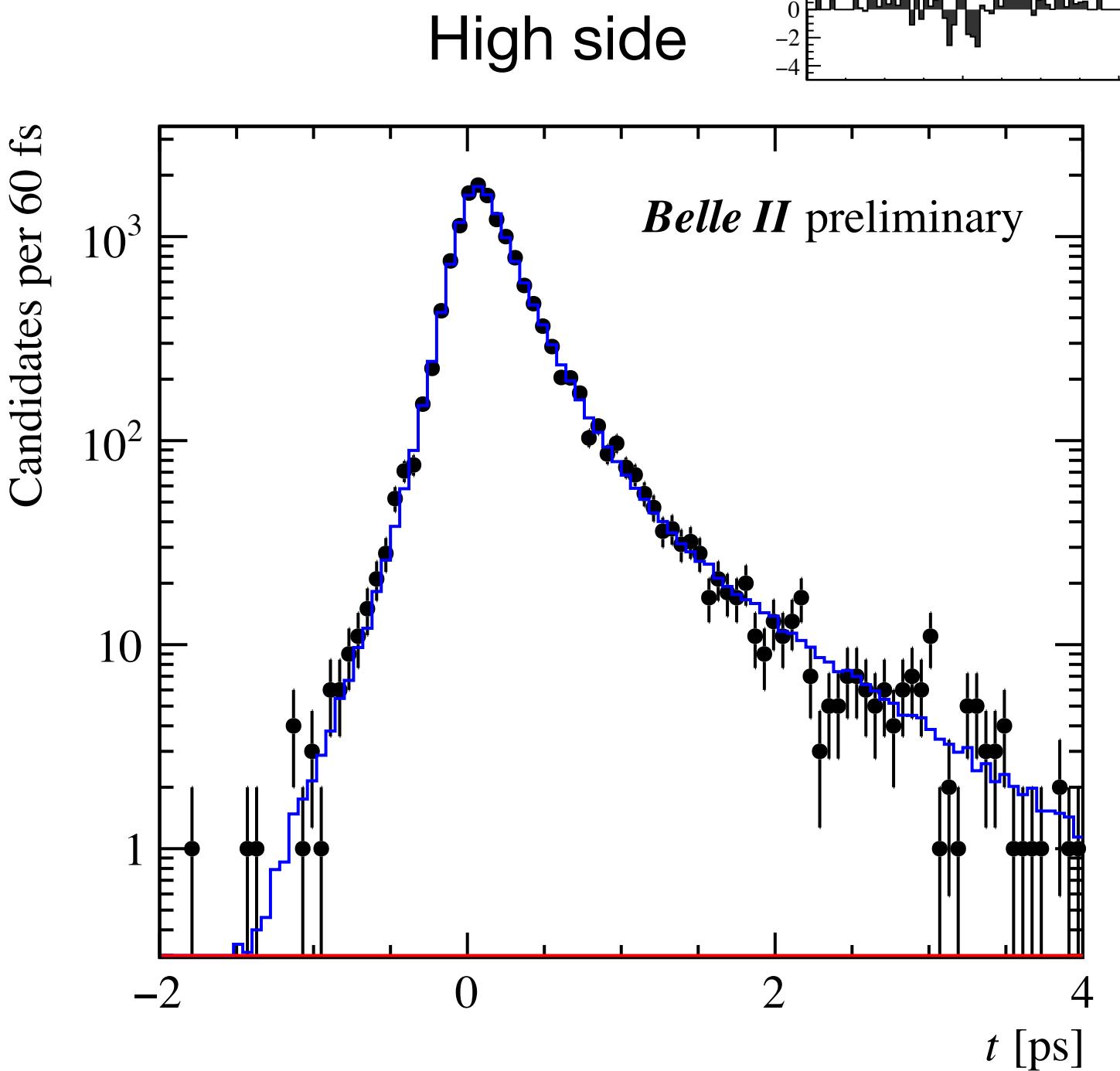
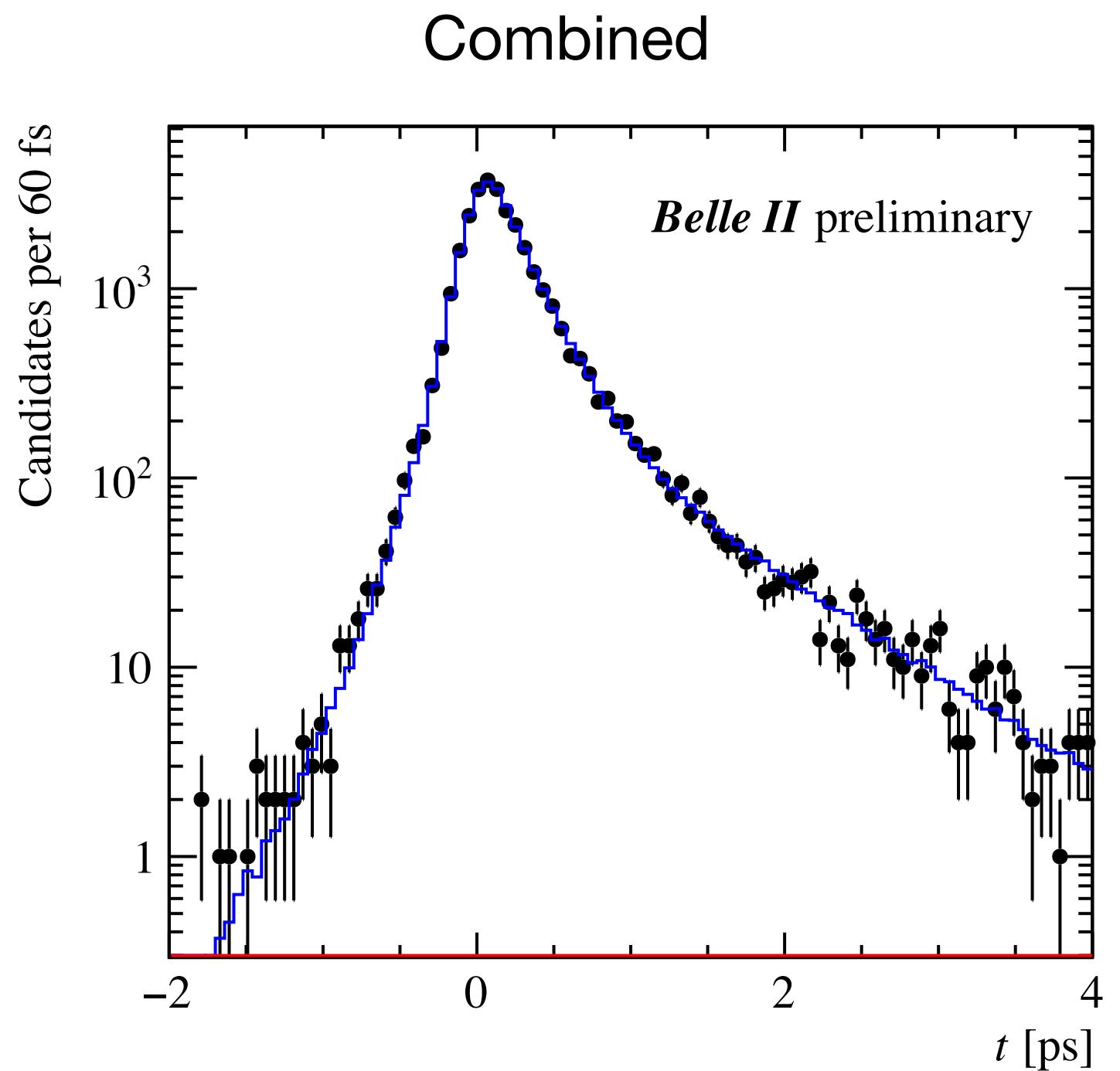
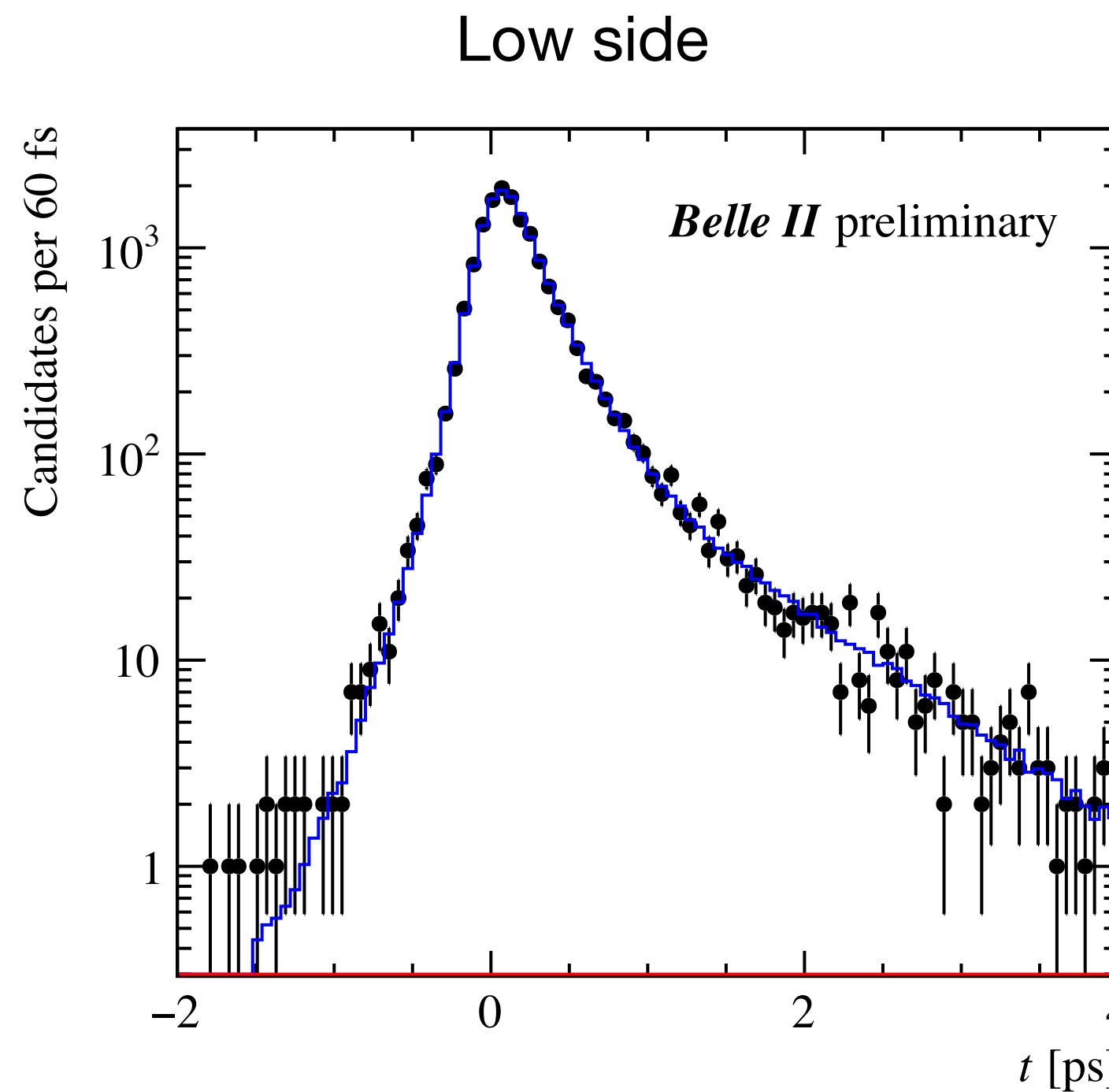


# Decay time after all cuts



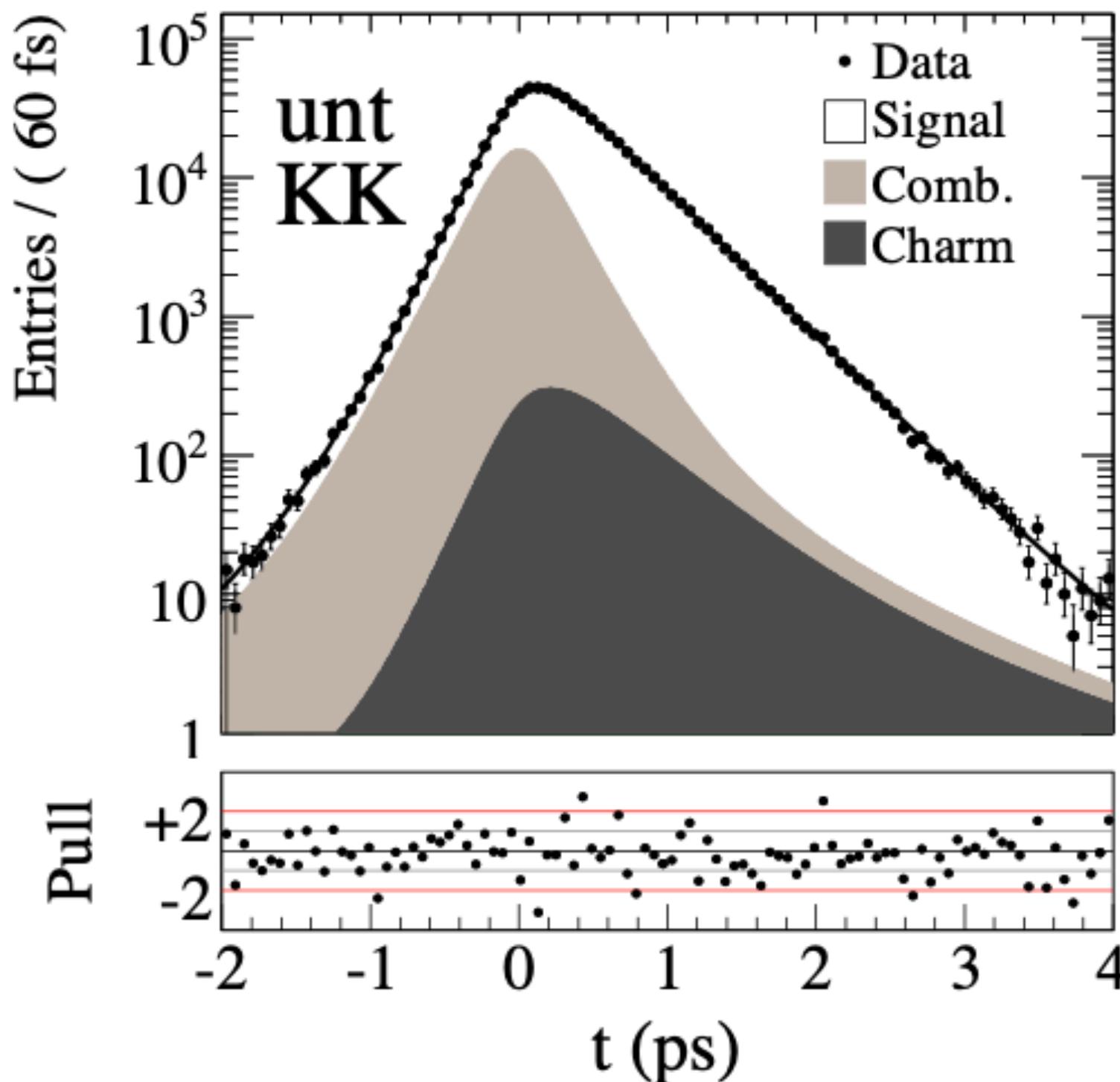
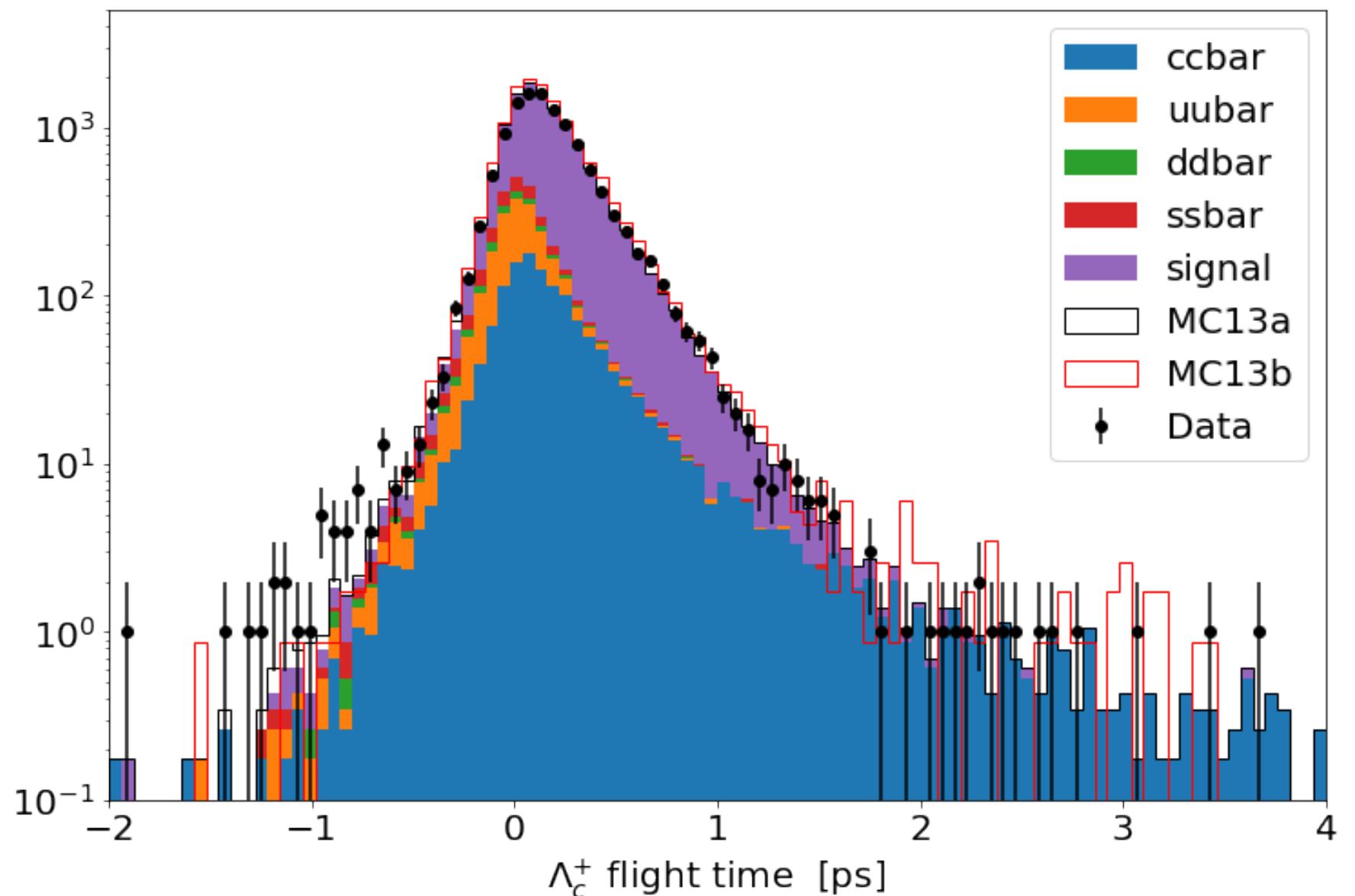
- Good data/MC agreement for both MC13a (run-independent) and MC13b (run-dependent)
- Still a significant background from long-lived particles

# Fit to ccbar sidebands



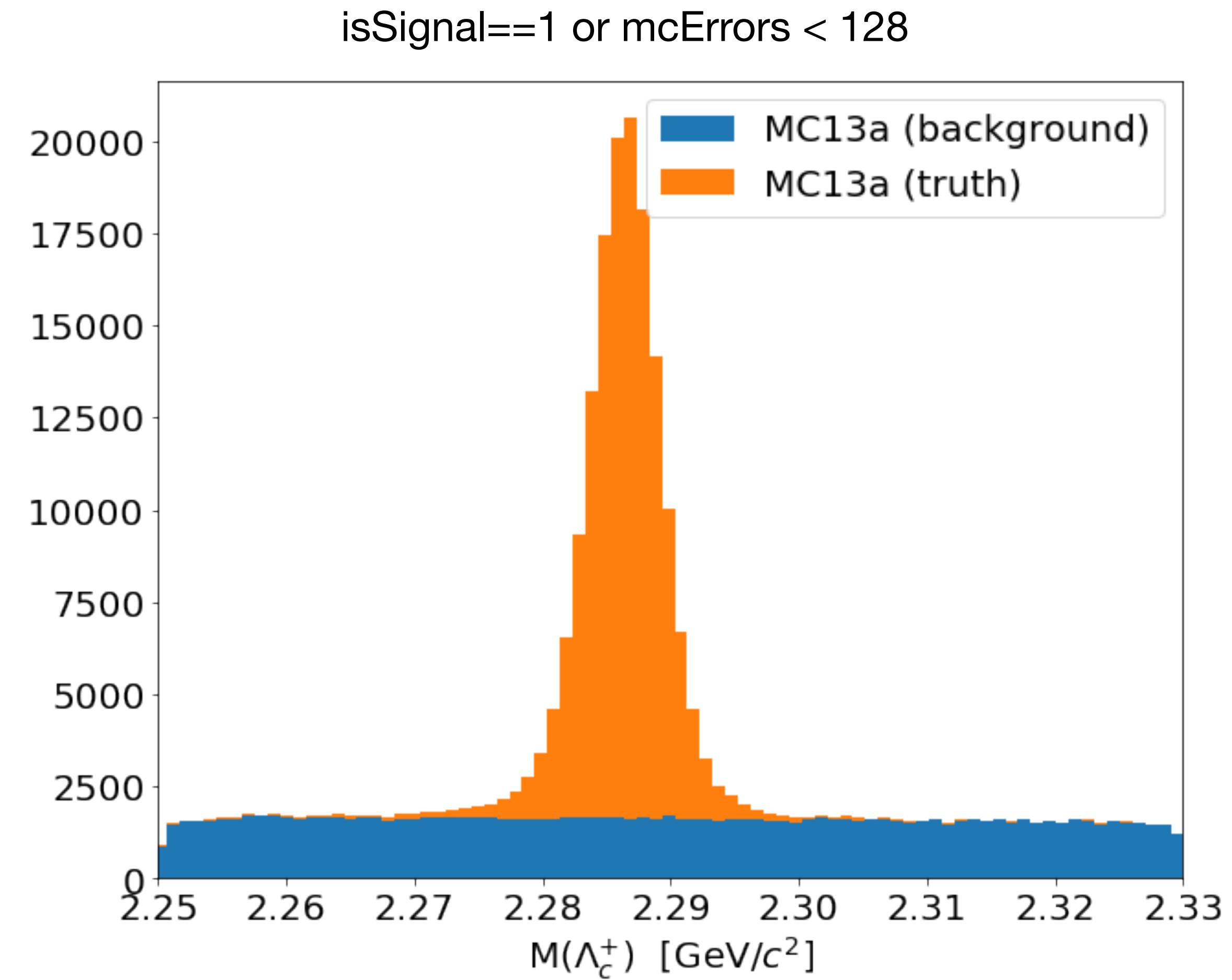
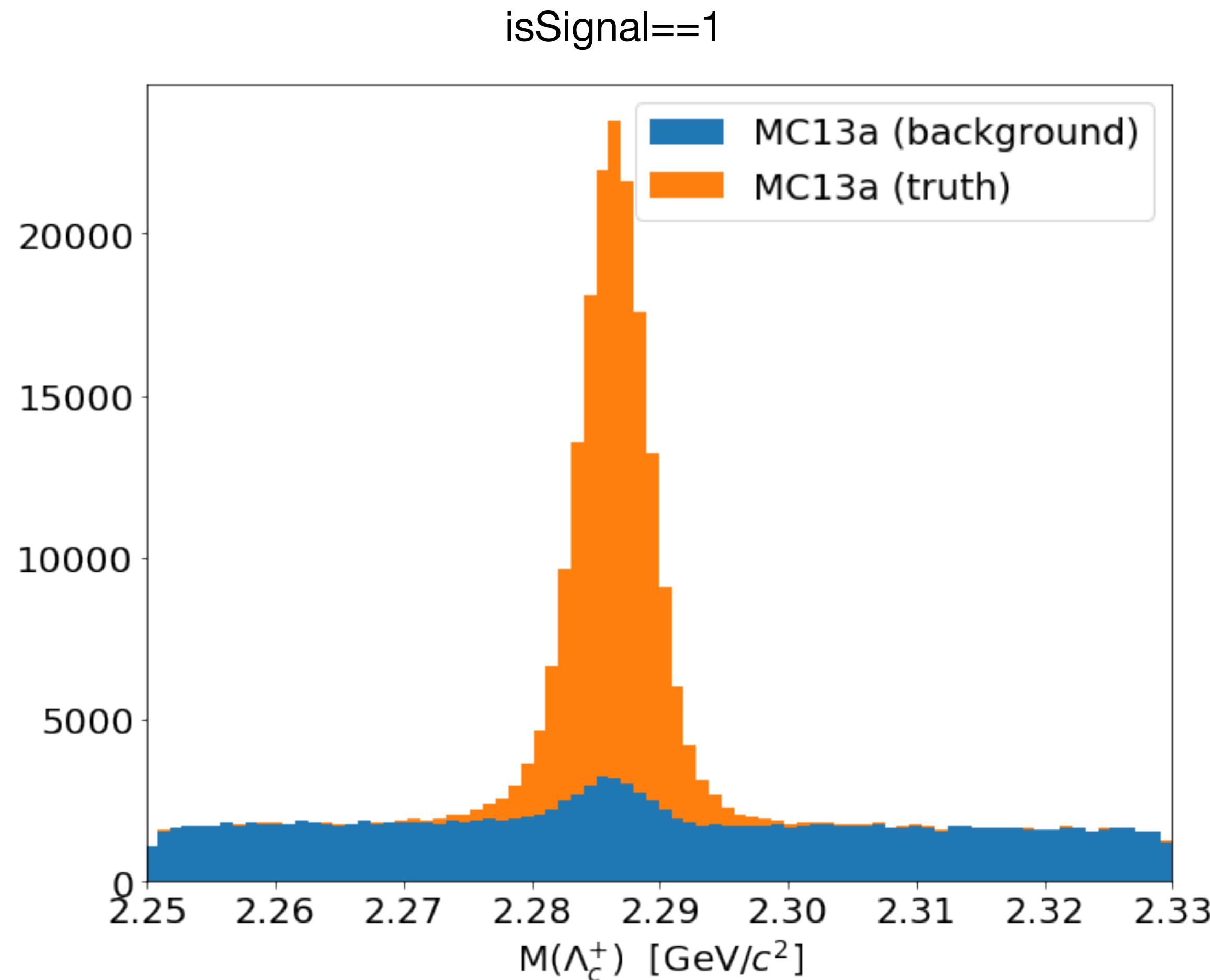
# Next steps

- Continue exploring reduction for charm backgrounds
- Use a similar technique to yCP measurement at BaBar:
  - Fit MC-tagged charm backgrounds with signal pdf
  - Fix charm-related pdf and extract combinatorial backgrounds with weighted average from sideband fits
- Implement 3D fit including invariant mass
- Try a simultaneous fit to signal and background regions

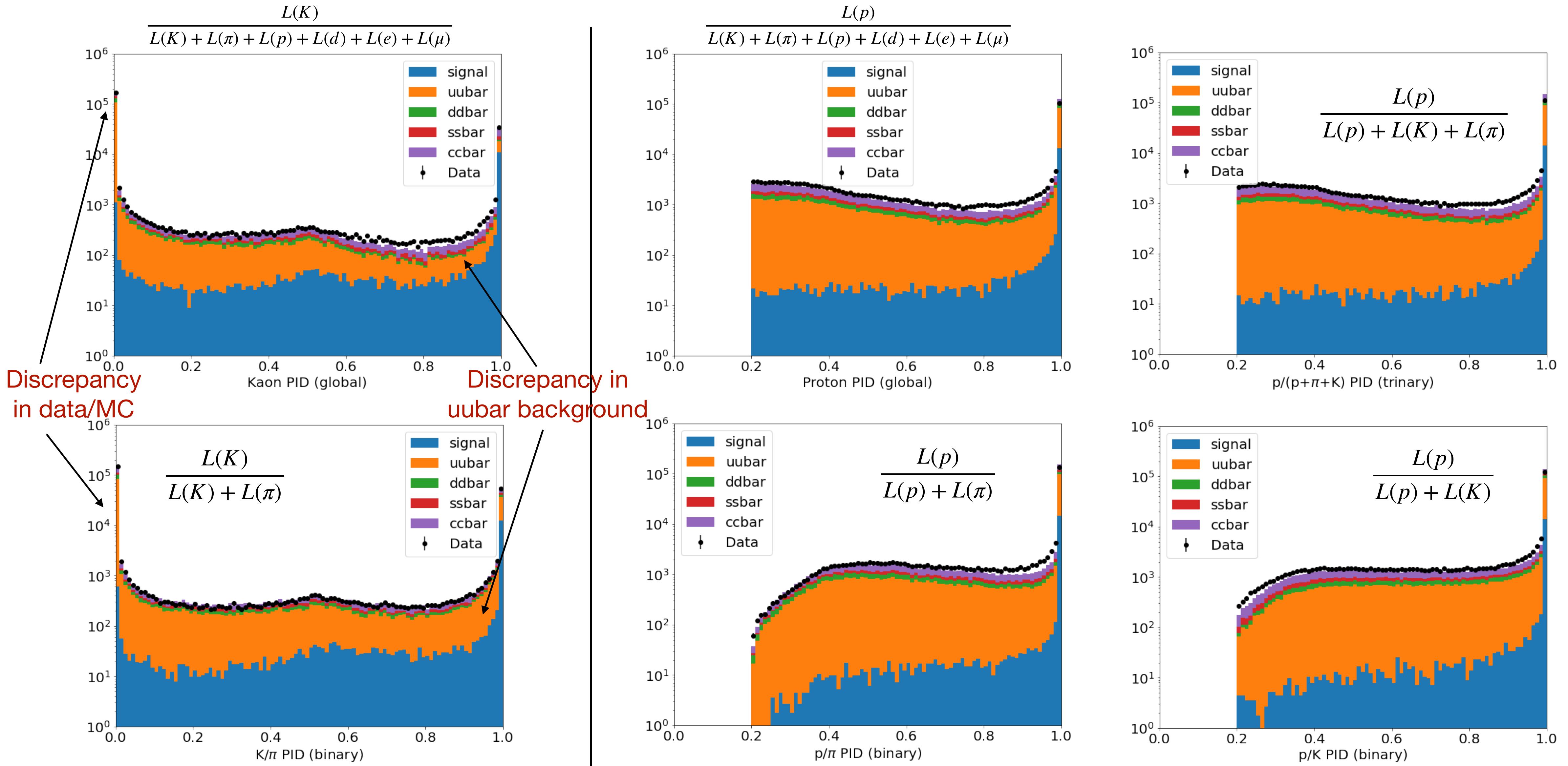


# MC truth matching

- Use mcErrors to allow: missing FSR, missing intermediate resonance, decay in flight, missing neutrino, missing photon, missing final state particle, missing KLID
- Background includes (among others) misidentification, invalid matches, etc.

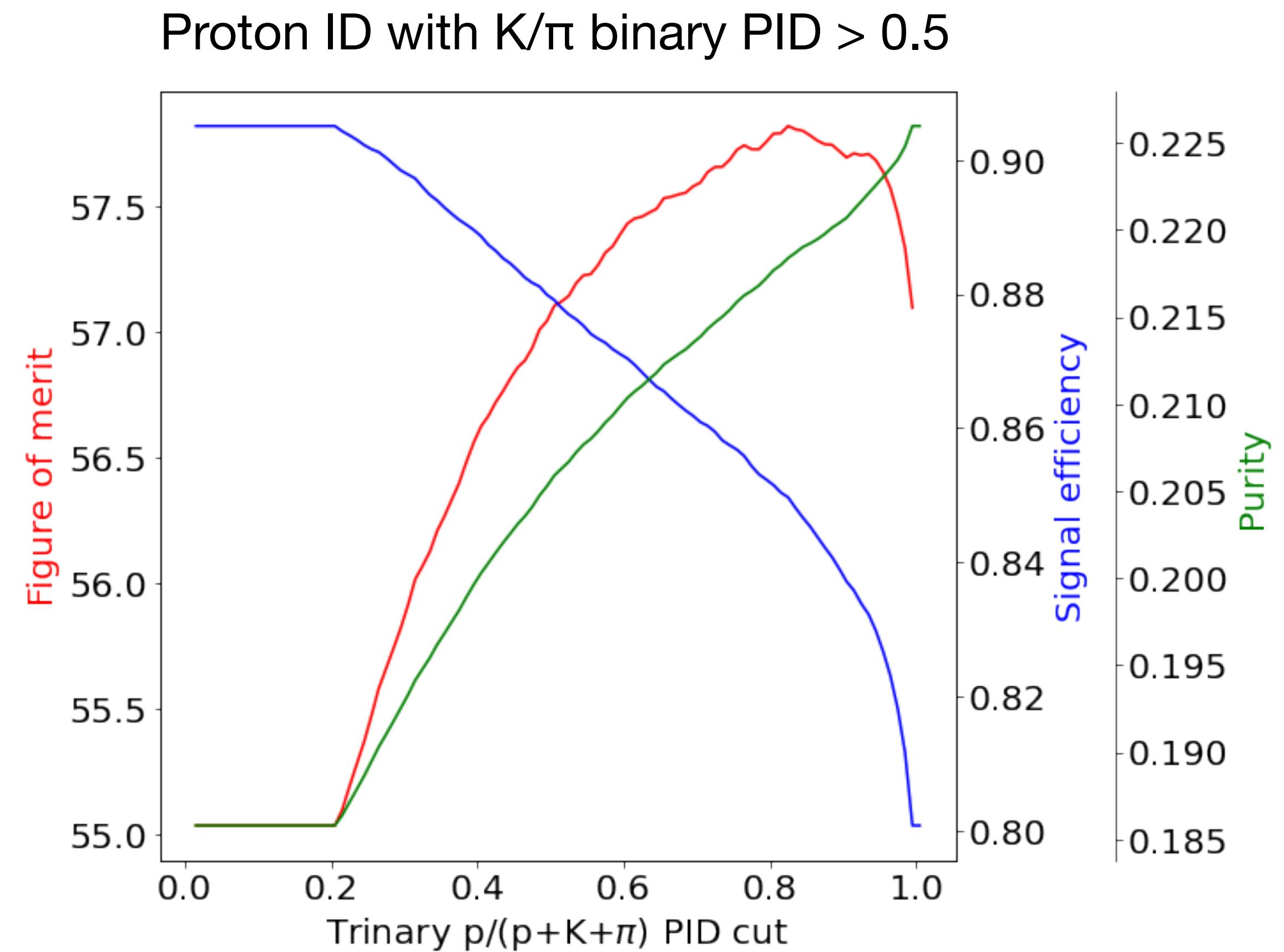
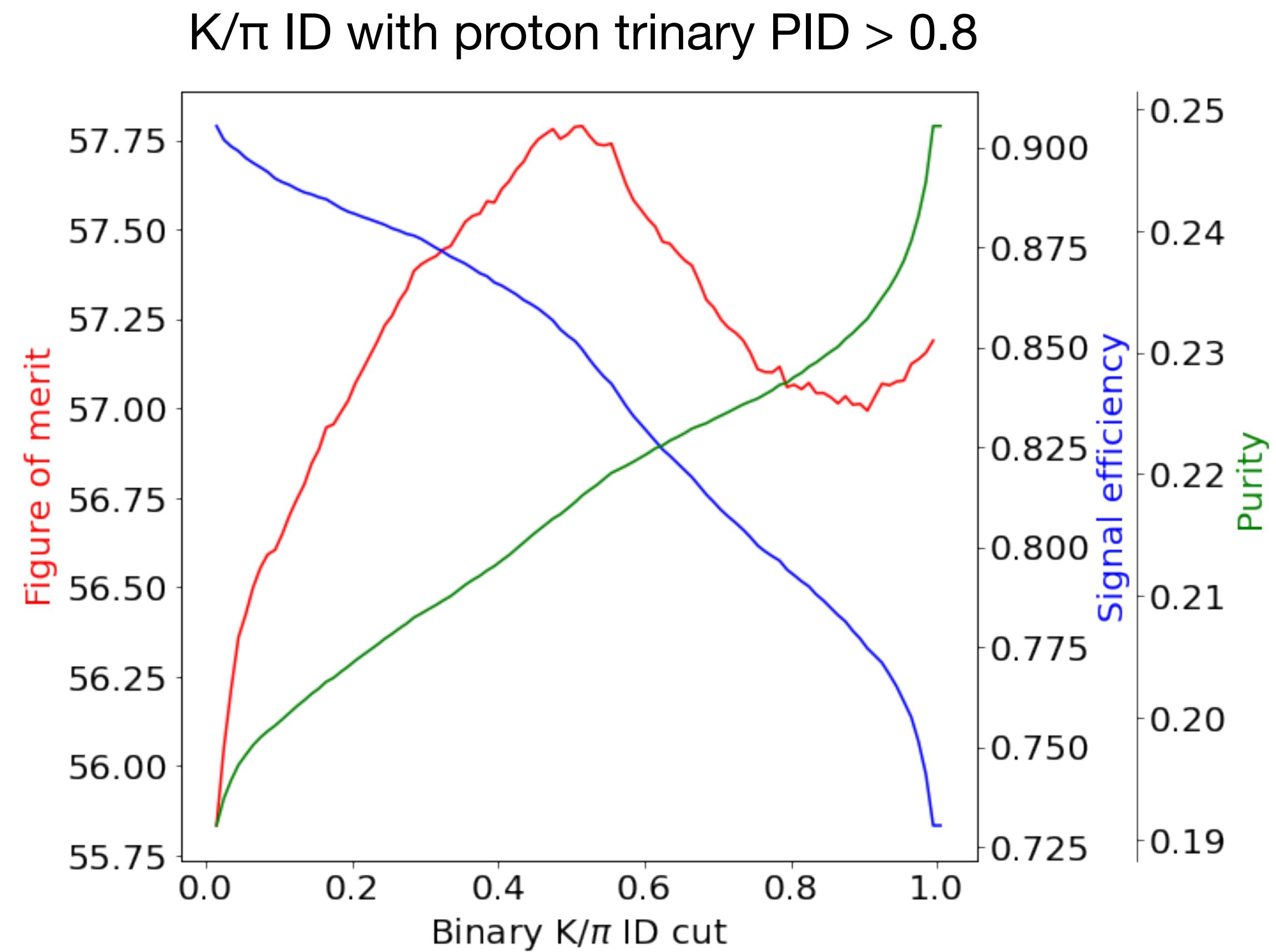


# PID (global versus trinary/binary)



# PID optimization

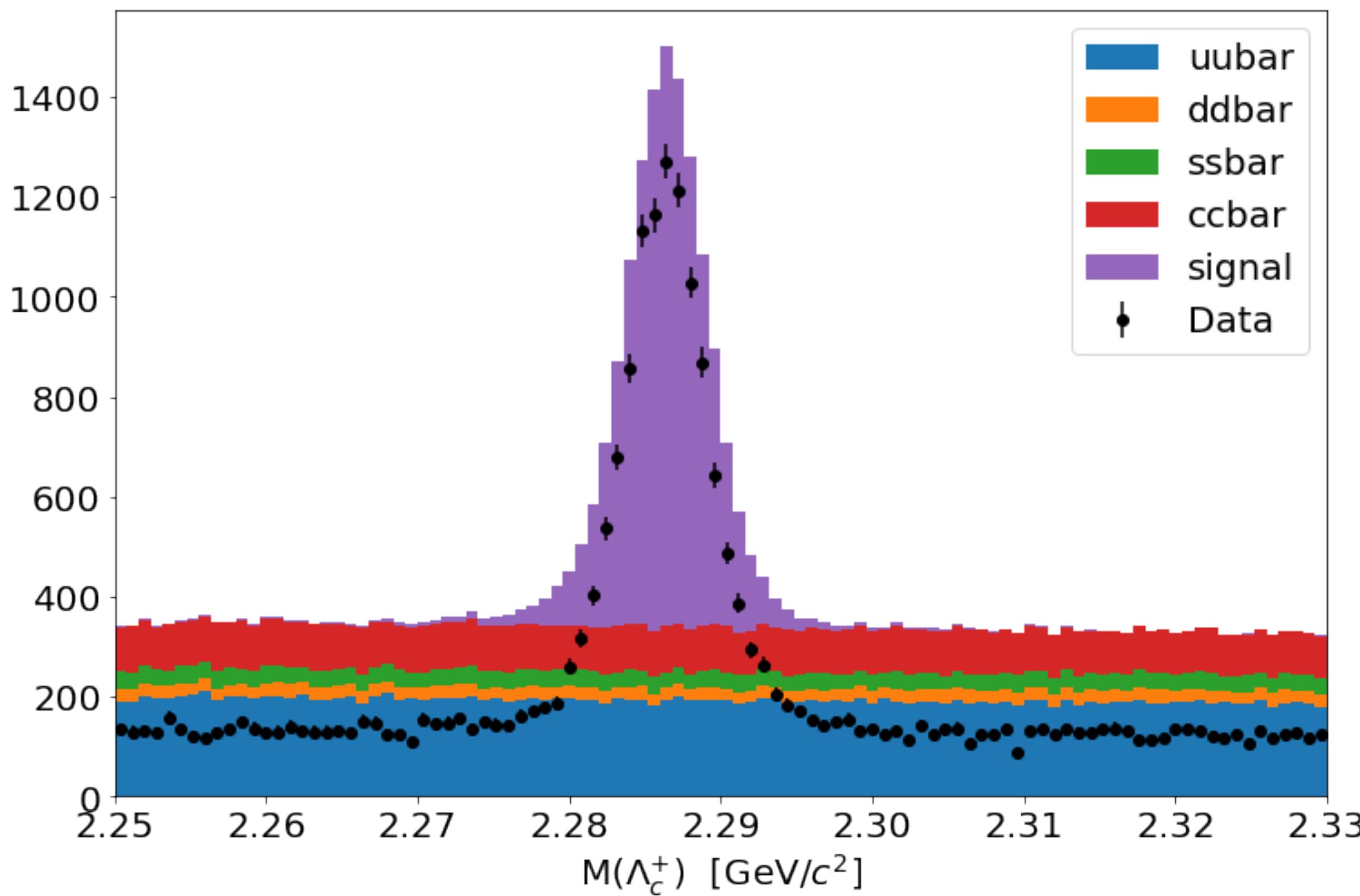
$$FOM = \frac{S}{\sqrt{S + B}}$$



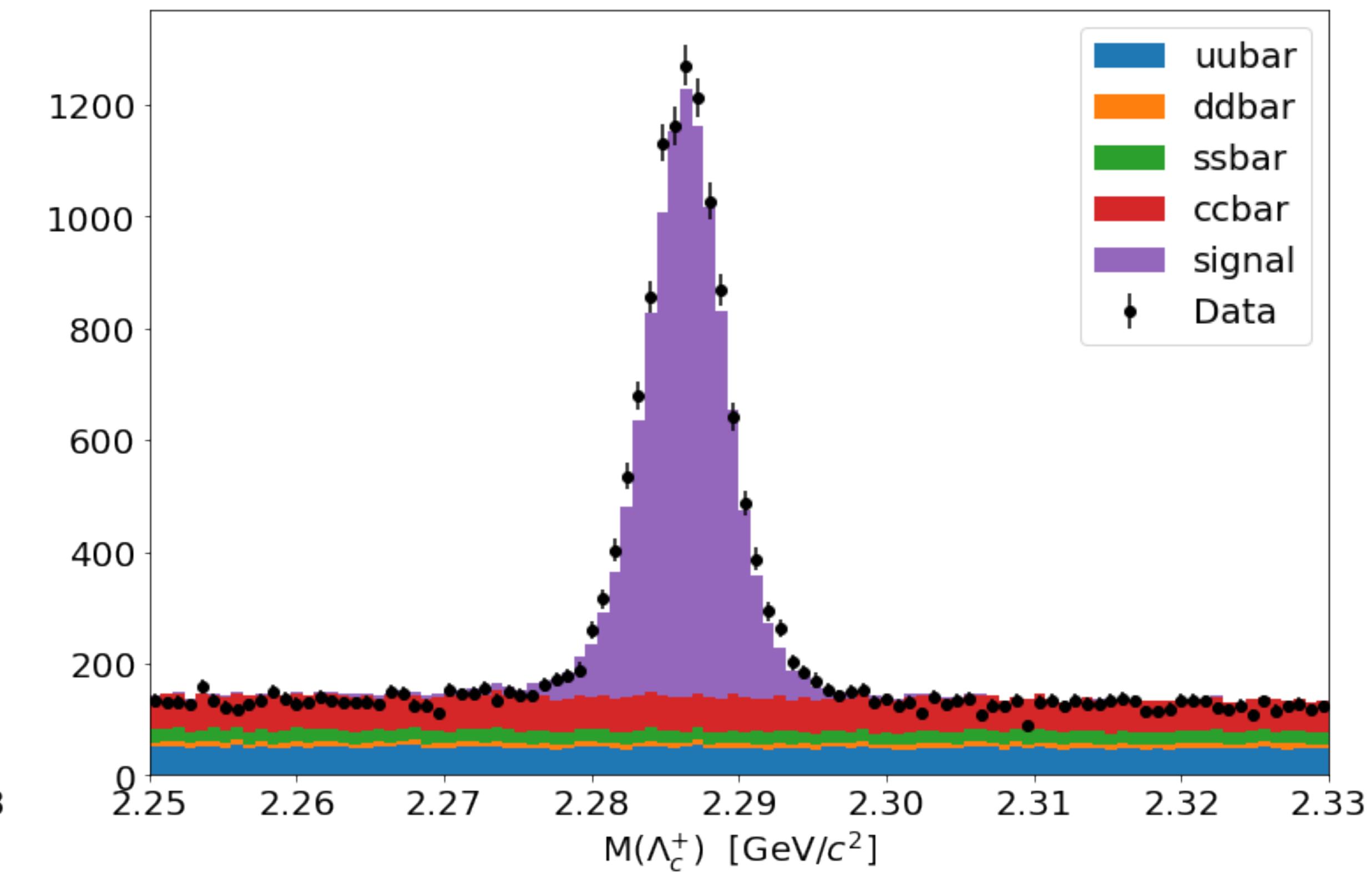
\*Similar distributions/maxima for global PID variables

# Binary/trinary versus global PID

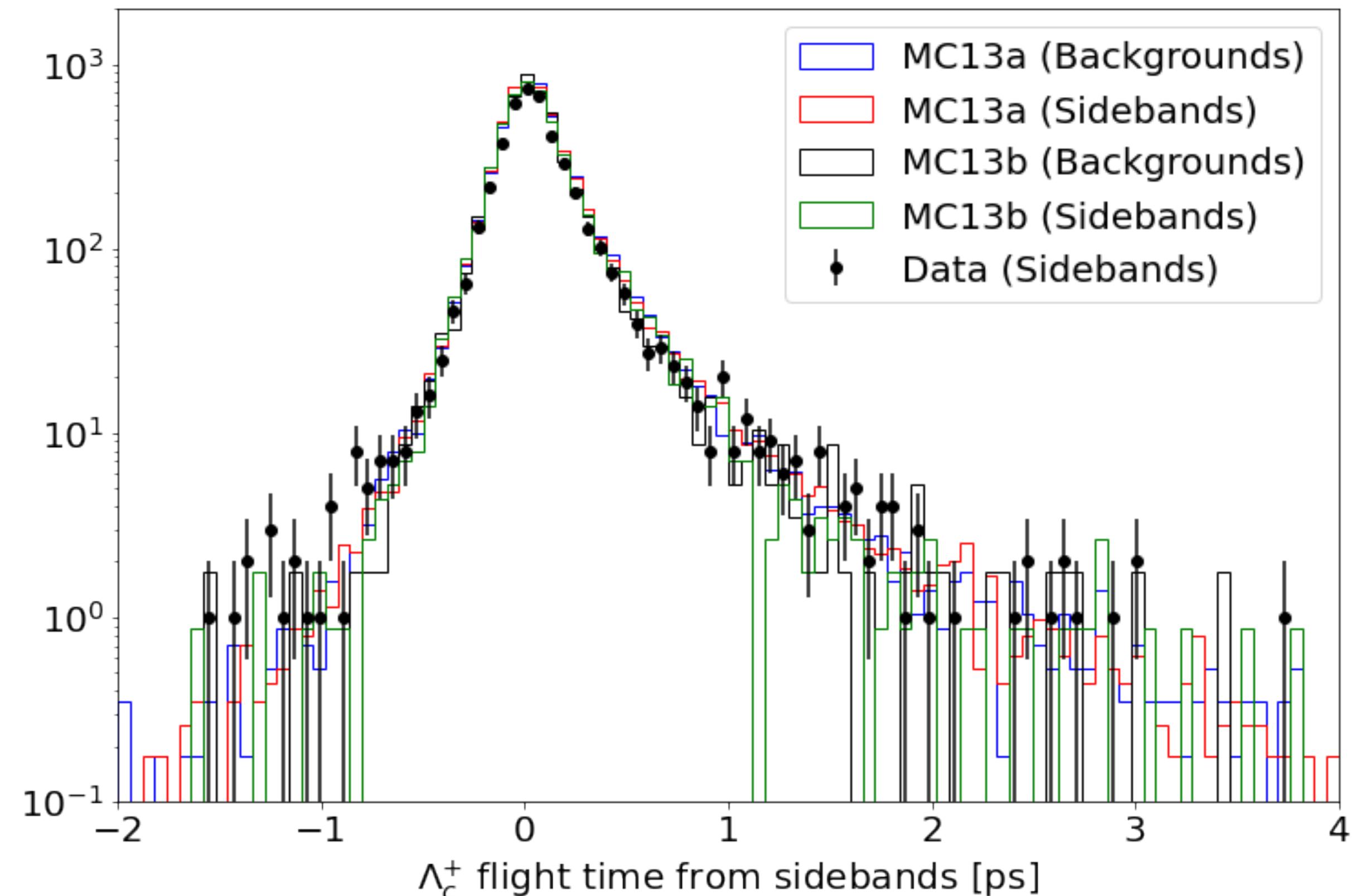
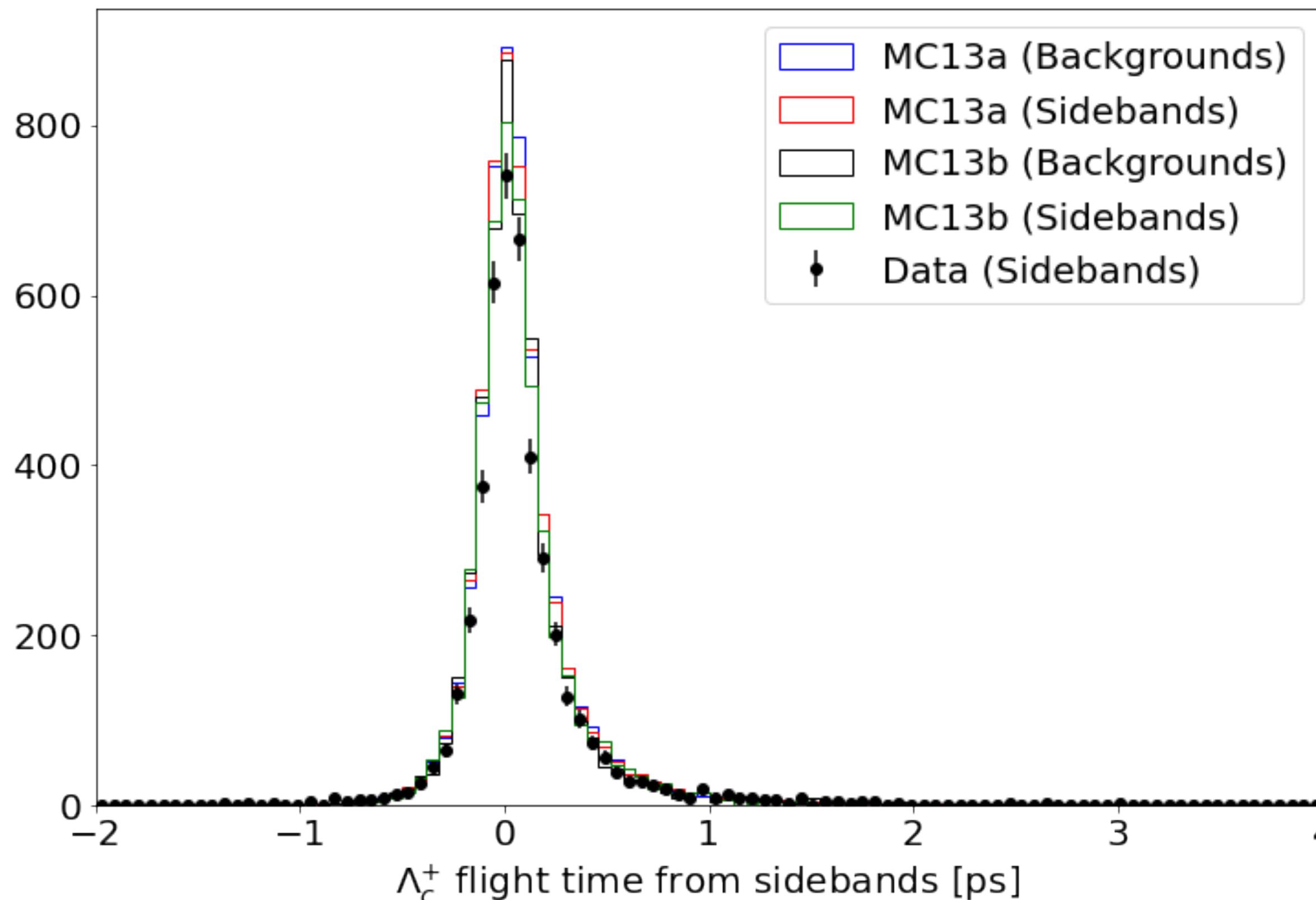
Proton trinary PID > 0.8  
 K/ $\pi$  binary PID > 0.5



Proton trinary PID > 0.8  
 Kaon global PID > 0.5

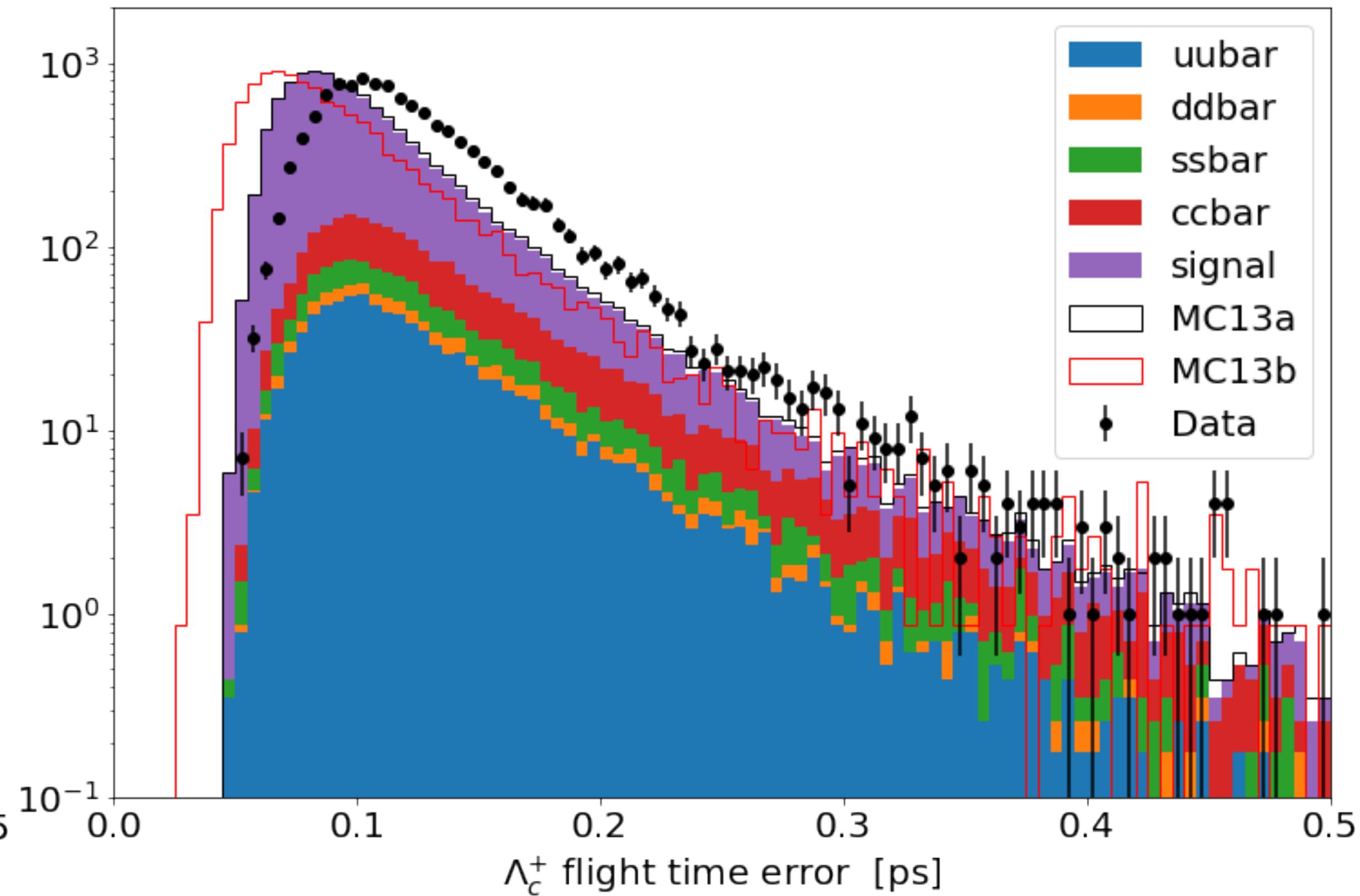
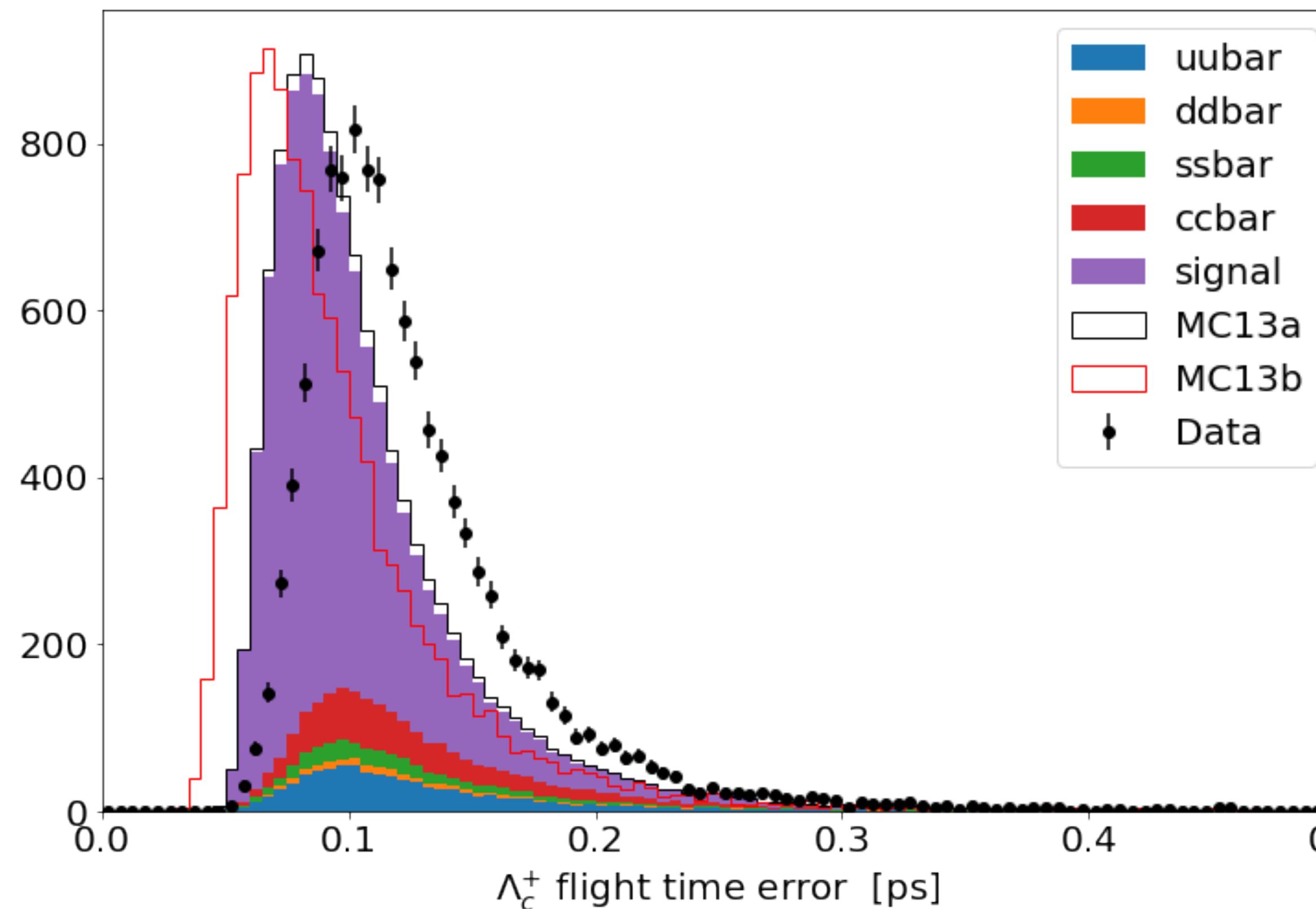


# Compare truth-matching to sidebands



- Good data/MC agreement for both MC13a (run-independent) and MC13b (run-dependent)
- Still a significant background from long-lived particles

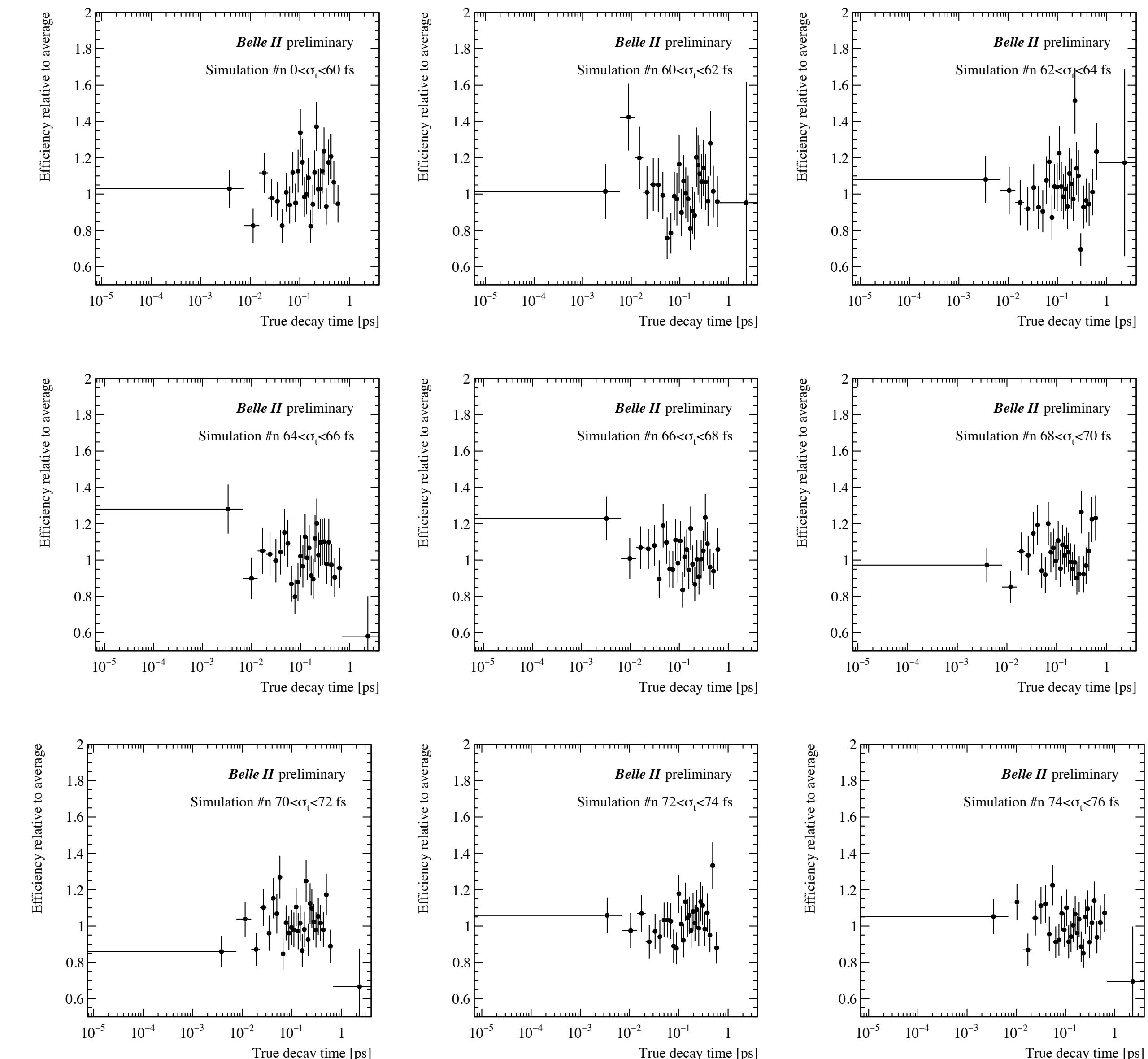
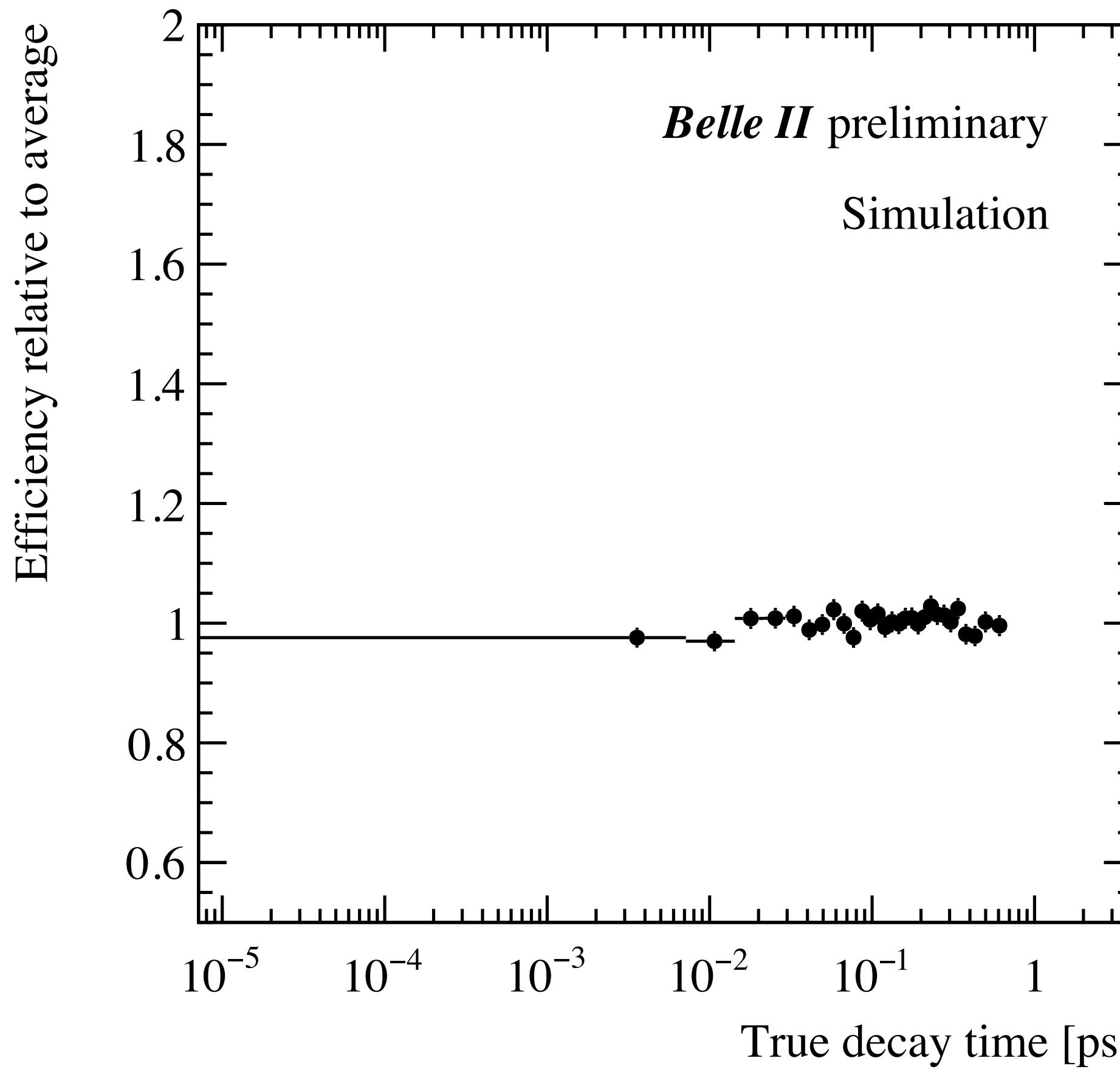
# Decay time uncertainty

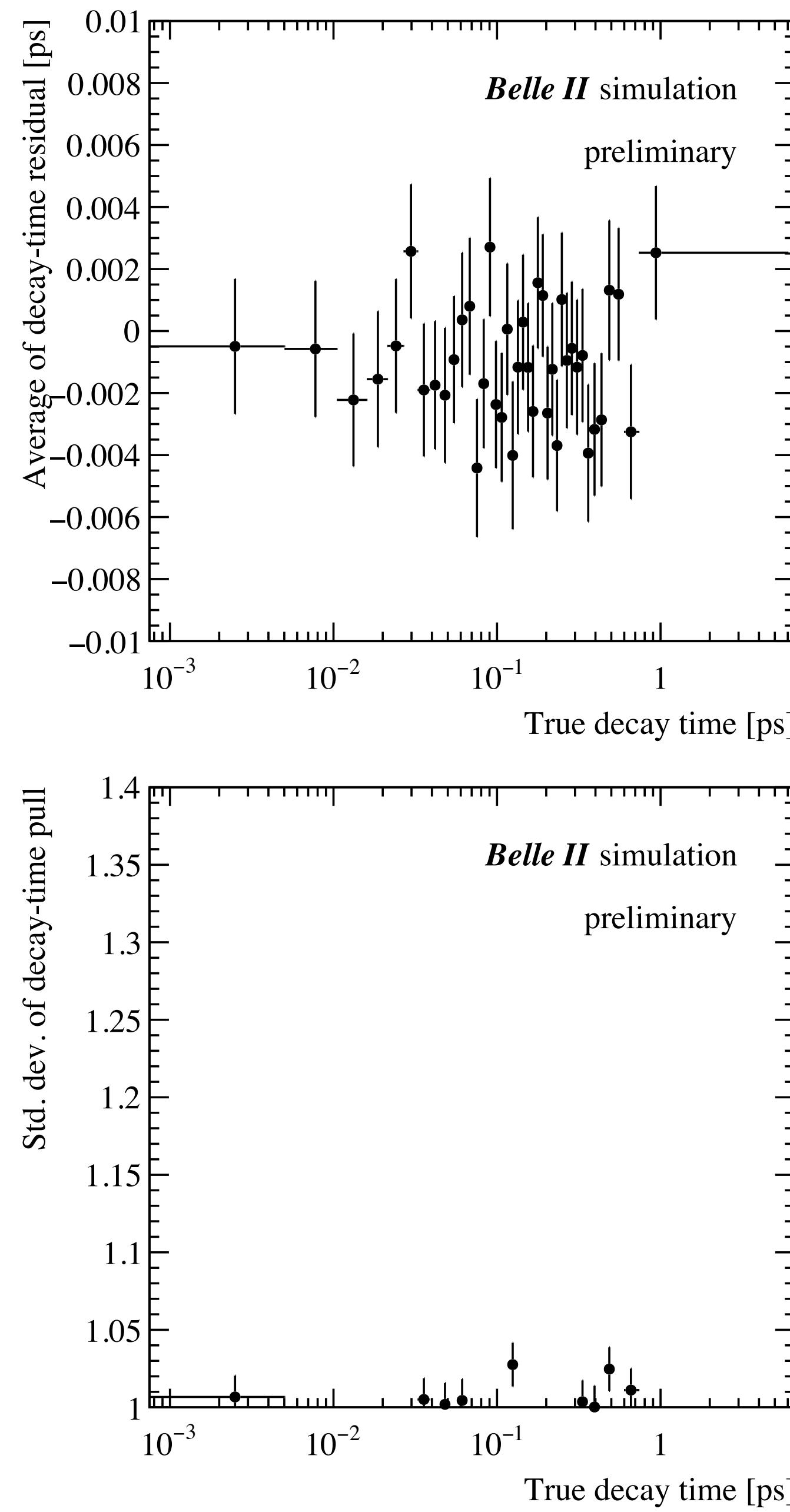


- Discrepancies between data and MC for flight time uncertainty (even between MC13a and MC13b)

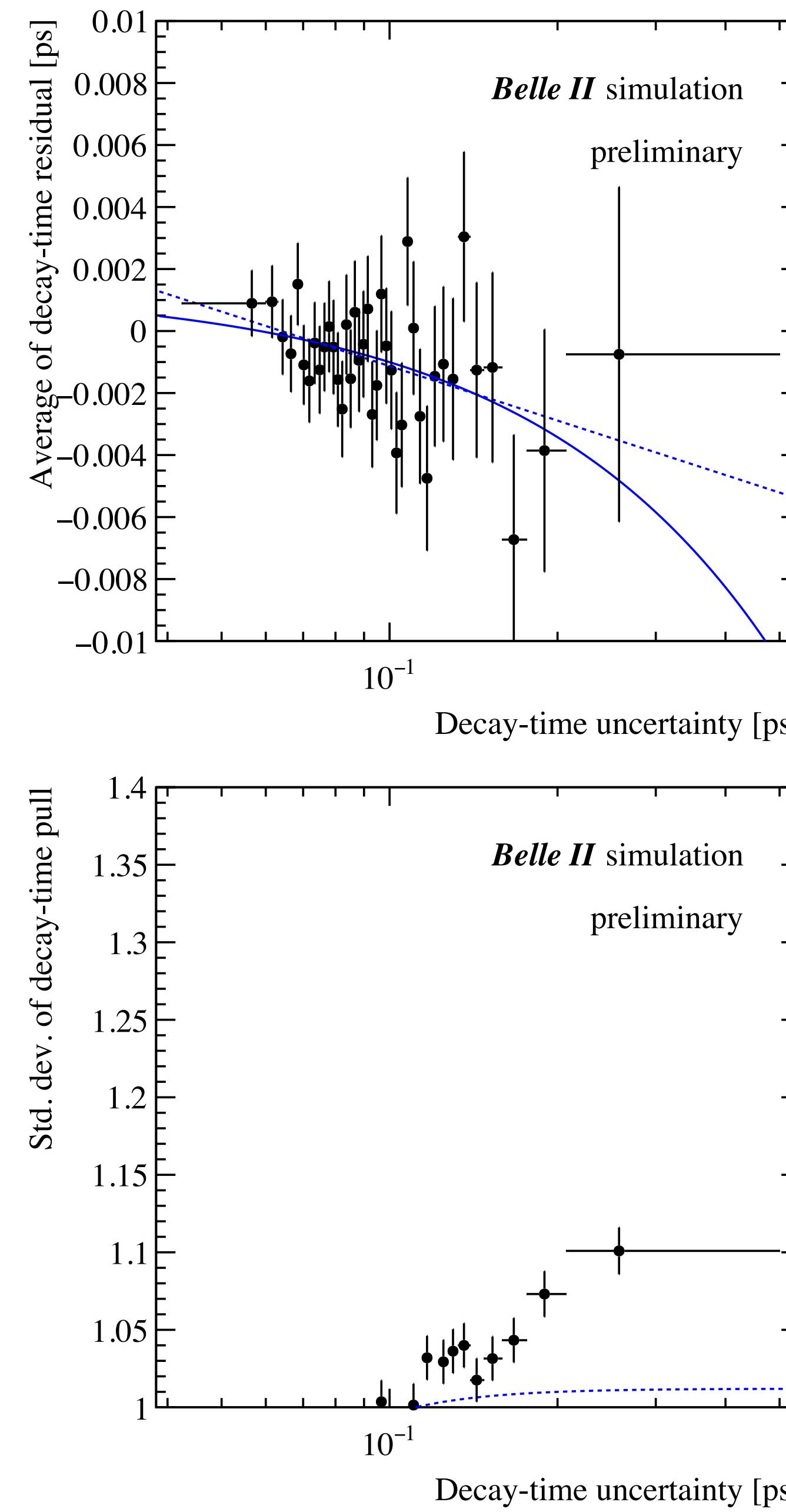
# Efficiency dependence on flight time uncertainty

- No apparent efficiency dependence on  $t, \sigma_t$ 
  - Outside region of apparent shift in  $D$  analyses

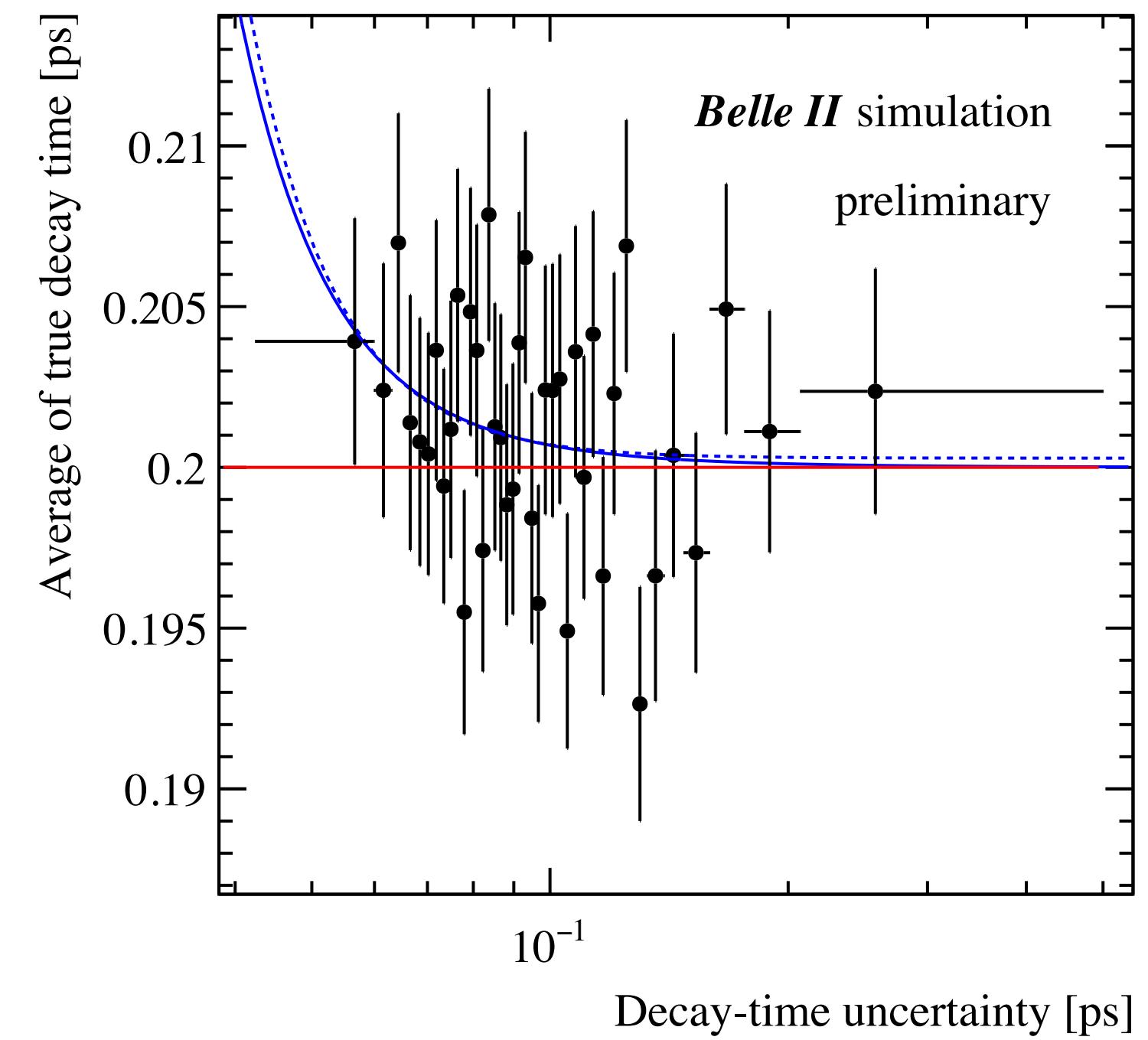




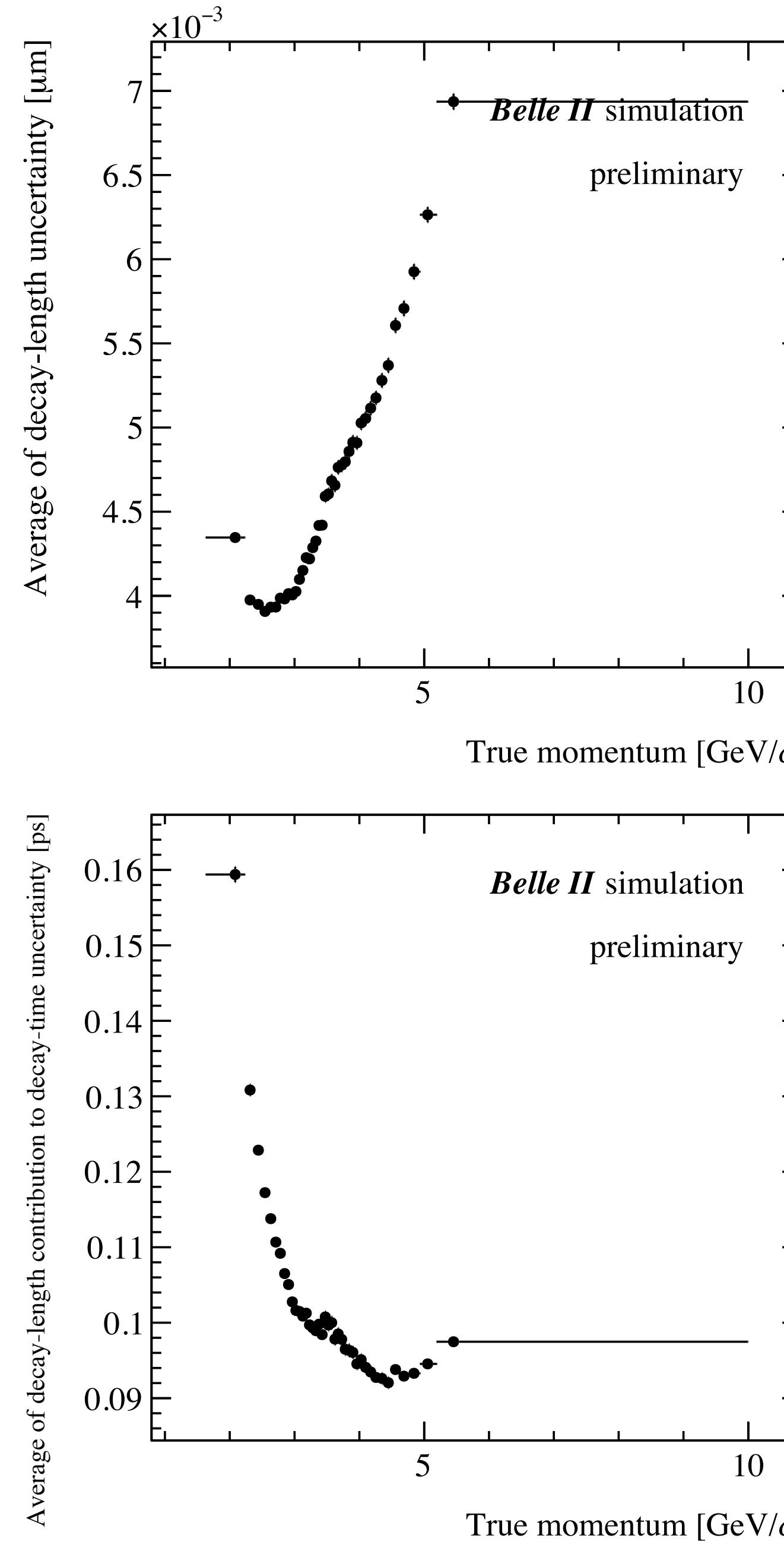
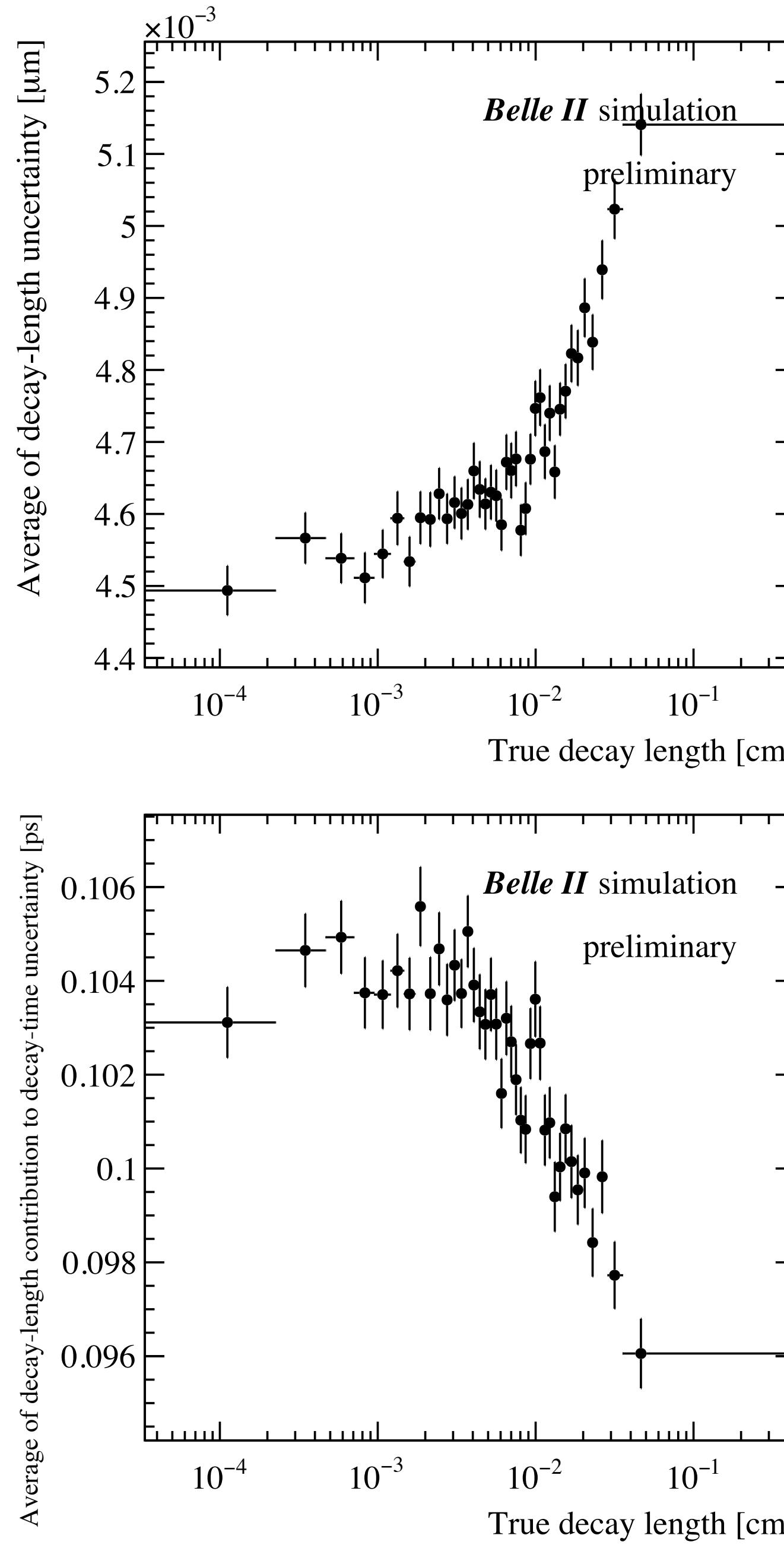
- No dependence of the decay-time residual/pull on true decay time



- Some dependence on decay-time resolution



- No significant variation of true decay-time vs uncertainty



- Expected dependencies on decay-length uncertainty on the true decay time and momentum
  - Neglected in the lifetime fit